WEATHER

Showers Sunday. Monday probably fair, warmer interior.

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RUSSIANS ARE AGAIN ON A DRIVE FORWARD OVER A BROAD FRONT

They Are on the Ascendancy from the Pinsk Marshes South to the Carpathians.

ADVANCING TOWARD KOVEL

General Kaledines' Lines Have Been Pushed Forward Along a Thirty Mile Front.

POUNDING BOTHMER'S ARMY

British Are Paying Dearly for Their Gains in France.

A halt in the Entente Allied offensive in northern France because of bad weather causes interest to center momentarily upon the campaign in the East, where Russian arms are again in the ascendency from the Pinsk Marshes south to the Carpathians.

The Russian drive for Kovel is again in full swing along both sides of the railway from Sarny to this important junction point in Volhynia. General Kaledines reported further important progress in this movement yesterday. His lines now have been pushed forward along a front of more than thirty miles in this sector until they extend from Letchnievka on the north to Gruziatyn on the south, the present front lying approximately 35 miles from Kovel.

Teutonic Resistance Weakens.

The Teutonic resistance, which a week ago had not only stopped but was driving back the Russians along this front, apparently has been notably weakened. Berlin and Vienna have reported an orderly retirement here, but Petrograd claims the capture of more than 2,000 prisoners, with numerous guns and stores, and mentions the sabering of numbers of Austrians in a pursuit after a cavalry charge.

The pounding of General Von Bothmer's army in Galicia also is being continued by the Russians who report the capture of another village and of more than 1,000 additional prisoners.

Berlin Claims Successes.

The German official statement has little to say of the fighting in the Volhynian and Galician fields of operation. It reports, however, the repression of Russian attacks on Field Marshal von Hindenburg's lines south of Dvinsk and the mowing down of masses of Russians in their futile efforts to break through the German lines north of Baranovichi, along the front from Zirin to below Gorodische. The battle in this latter sector is still in progress.

Berlin does not concede the gains claimed by the British in their efforts to reduce the German salient centering upon Contalmaison, and declares that enormous numbers of British dead were left on the ground before the German positions in this sector after the fire from the Teutonic artillery and machine guns had torn into the masses of troops advancing to the attack.

Similar heavy losses were suffered by the French in attacks along the Biaches-Soyecourt front of their offensive movement, according to the German report.

Heavy fighting continues north of Verdun, where the French are declared by Berlin to have suffered heavily in fruitless attempts to carry German positions on Froide Terre Ridge.

Undeterred by rain and fog, the Franco-British offensive continues fiercely north of the Somme. The British in conjunction with the French are reported to have advanced a half mile on Saturday against the Germans. General Haig's forces also have made considerable progress at Contalmaison, where their position now is considered "satisfactory."

The French in an attack on Hardecourt and Mamelon gained the desired positions in a little more than half an hour. The Germans counter attacked twice against the Mamelon positions, but were repulsed. The French inflicted heavy losses and took 260 prisoners. Artillery bombardments continue around Verdun.

A fierce preliminary bombardment by the British was followed by an infantry attack, which gained them lodgement in a strongly defended German position known as the Bois De Trones. The Germans attempted a strong counter attack to regain this position, but according to the British official statement, it broke down under the British fire.

OVER 2,000 GERMANS TAKEN PRISONER BY THE RUSSIANS

Petrograd, via London, July 8.— The Russians have pressed back the Germans further in the sector west of Czartorysk, occupying several more towns. More than 2,000 men were captured yesterday.

Washington, July 8.—President Wilson, accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, will leave here on a special train tomorrow night for Detroit, to address the world's salesmanship congress Monday morning. He will return Tuesday.

ALLIES CONTINUE TO DRIVE ONWARD

French Capture Two Important Villages—British Gain Half a Mile Over Long Front.

RUSSIANS CLAIM SUCCESS

Apparently Their Artillery is Plentiful All Along the Line in the East — British Public Pleased With Success.

London, July 5.—In fierce fighting today on both the eastern and western fronts, the entente allied troops made steady progress north of the Somme river in France, the French troops, cooperating with the British, captured the important villages of Hardecourt and Mamelon, and the British gained a half mile along a considerable front. The Russians claim that their three important offensives—toward the railway junction at Baranovichi, north of the center of their long line; toward the even more important railway center of Kovel, further south as well as in Bukowina—are gaining steadily.

Russians Repulsed.

The Austrian official statement claims that the Austro-German forces repulsed the Russians, who made repeated attacks in great masses northeast of Baranovichi, but says significantly that the defence was conducted in completely demolished trenches, which appears to show that the Russian artillery is plentiful in the north, as well as in the south. The Austrian official says that the Austrian forces were withdrawn from the Styr salient to positions allotted north of Kolki and that the enemy pressed them at a few points.

Important Station Occupied.

The Russian version is that cavalry, closely followed by infantry, were pressing the retreating enemy forces, and occupied the important station of Maneuvitchie on the Kovel-Sarny railway, after taking towns both north and south of the railway, and are also astride the Pinsk-Kolki Highway, thus gaining two strong strategical footholds.

Hard fighting before Kovel may be expected, as the Russians estimate that five army corps of Germans and Tusrians are defending the Southeastern approaches to that town.

The Russians claim to have taken an additional four thousand prisoners in the recent fighting and to have captured a number of guns.

British Public Calm.

The remarkable calmness and stoicism the British have maintained throughout the war has been preserved during the week in which the new British army emerged from the strain and monotony of trench warfare to engage in a violent battle. If the newspapers and the demeanor of the peo-

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

CITY OF PENSACOLA IS YET TO BE HEARD FROM

Efforts to Get in Communication by Wireless Fail.

Grave Fears Felt for Seven Schooners With Crews Totalling Thirty-Nine Men—Martial Law Along Mobile Water Front.

New Orleans, July 8.—Persistent efforts were being made here tonight to get in communication with Pensacola, Fla., by wireless but no direct word has been received from there regarding storm damage, except a wireless message picked up here today stating that no lives had been lost in Wednesday's hurricane, though the property damage had been heavy.

Grave fears are felt here for the seven schools, with crews totalling 39 men, which Biloxi, Miss., reported had not been heard from since the storm.

Dispatches from Meridian, Miss., today stated that passengers arriving there from Mobile declared that the extent of the storm at the latter place had been greatly minimized. According to stories credited to two prominent Meridian citizens the water front at Mobile had been placed until martial law, ehere had been looting and looters had been shot. They also declared the water front was badly wrecked and that great damage was done to building.

Wadesboro, N. C., July 8.—Fire of unknown origin destroyed the Methodist parsonage in Lilesville last night. When discovered, the flames were bursting through the roof and before assistance could arrive, the entire building and most of the contents were consumed. Rev. B. M. Jackson, who occupied the parsonage, lost the most of his personal effects.

DEMOCRATS AGREE ON SHIPPING BILL

Caucus of Senators Ends One of Most Serious Divisions of Wilson Administration.

PASSAGE TO BE PRESSED

Senators Who Have Fought Each Other Shake Hands and Resolve to Put Measure Through, Even if It Delays Adjournment.

Washington, July 8.—Democratic senators in caucus late today reached an agreement on the government shipping bill to upbuild the American merchant marine, ending one of the most serious party divisions that has occurred during the Wilson administration. Differences which led to a Democratic revolt at the last session of Congress and resulted in failure of the ship purchase bill, had threatened the pending measure, earnestly advocated by President Wilson, with a like fate.

Amendments submitted today, however, ironed out all serious differences and senators who had been fighting each other on the issue shook hands, resolving to press the bill for passage at this session no matter how long it may delay adjournment.

Changes agreed to by the caucus do not alter the principle of the bill which already has passed the House. The amendments include the following provisions:

The government shall not purchase any ship which flies the flag of an European nation at war nor any ship already engaged in American trade unless it is about to be withdrawn from that trade.

No ship shall be acquired by the government which is below 75 per cent of its original efficiency.

The government shall not undertake to operate merchant ships unless all efforts fail to negotiate satisfactory leases or sales to private corporations for that purpose, the government reserving the right, however, to prescribe conditions under which ships shall be operated and in what service they shall engage.

Among Democratic senators whose support has been won over by today's action are Clark, leader of the opposition; Bankhead, Vardaman, Hitchcock, O'Gorman and Hardwick. The closing incident of the caucus was a demonstration of applause when Senator Clarke shook hands with Senator Stone, signalling the end of the party struggle.

A. C. L. FREIGHT TRAIN HITS AUTOMOBILE, KILLING THREE

Dr. O .C. Wright and Two Neighbors' Children Meet Tragic End.

Jarret, Va., July 8.—Dr. O. C. Wright, Clifford Brown and John Partridge, children, were killed instantly late this afternoon when their automobile was struck by an Atlantic Coast Line freight train at a crossing four miles north of here.

Dr. Wright was returning to his home after making a professional call o nwhich he had taken the two neighbors' children with him for a ride, when the accident occurred. The physician did not see the train until too late to stop his car and after it was on the tracks he had presence of mind to deah it down the rails to avoid a collision, but wa sovertaken.

LYNCHING CASE GOES TO DUPLIN FOR TRIAL

Sam Stocks, of Greene County, is Held in $10,000 Bond.

Signed by Wealthy Lenoir Citizen Without Asking—Only Stocks Thus Far Caught in Net—Further Probe Later.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Kinston, N. C., July 8.—The investigation into the lynching of Joseph Black was adjourned sine die today, after Judge Bond had ordered Samuel Stocks, the only alleged lyncher now under indictment, tried in Duplin county, adjoining Lenoir county, instead of in Onslow, as ordered Friday. A question of jurisdiction was the cause for this action. Onslow does not adjoin Lenoir.

Stocks was ordered held for trial by jury because probable cause had been shown in the court's opinion. His bail was fixed at $10,000.

Lovit Hines, a wealthy lumber manufacturer, offered to stand Stocks' bond without other signers. Nearly a score of other prominent men, worth property aggregating half or three quarters of a million dollars in value, insisted upon signing the bond of the Greene county farm tenant. The bondsmen declared no Greene county man should have to sign Stocks' bond, nor would any be allowed to. Stocks walked out of jail and returned to his home on a plantation some miles from Snow Hill.

When Stocks will be arraigned is not certain. The next term of court in Duplin is to start on July 24, but the State may not have its case ready by then.

No idea is had of the time the investigation will be resumed and it is uncertain if the next session will be held here or in Snow Hill. Additional war-

(Continued on Page Eight).

NINE PERSONS ARE KNOWN DEAD AND 40 MORE MISSING

Result of Wednesday's Hurricane Along Gulf Coast and Storms in the Interior.

NEWS STILL INCOMPLETE

Score of Persons Reported Killed in Isolated Villages in Vicinity of Mobile.

Nine persons are known to have been killed and at least 40 are reported missing as a result of Wednesday's tropical hurricane on the Gulf coast and a series of storms, tornadoes and floods that followed in the interior of Alabama and Georgia. In addition unconfirmed reports say that near a score of other persons were killed in isolated villages near Mobile. Several days will be required to determine the complete correct number of casualties, owing to prostrated wire and rail communication throughout the storm swept region. Property damage probably will reach five million dollars, crops and timber suffering seriously.

The Dead and Missing.

The dead: Farmer killed near Cairo, Ga., when his home was demolished by tornado; white engineer and negro fireman killed Friday at Bond, Miss., in wreck due to washout. Three negroes drowned in flood near Birmingham. Two negroes drowned in gale on Warrior river near Tuscaloosa. Negro drowned in flood at Hawkinsville, Ga.

The missing: Forty men, the crews of seven schooners, reported missing from Biloxi, Miss. The vessels are known to have been in the gulf when the hurricane broke Wednesday and marine men fear they were swamped.

Saw Thirteen Bodies.

A railroad man brought to Jackson, Tenn., today a story that he saw 13 bodies at Coden, Ala., near Mobile, after the storm Thursday.

The rainfall throughout Central Alabama since Thursday has been almost without precedent, and has been accompanied by small destructive tornadoes at various places, notably at Montgomery and Lowndesboro, Ala. Today the disturbance moved over southwest Georgia with strong force, demolishing farm houses, flooding small streams, and causing heavy damage to railroad property by washed out tracks and trestles. At Columbia, Ala., rescuers worked all day bringing persons from trees along the flooded Omusse creek.

Birmingham today was recovering from a rainfall of more than 12 inches since Wednesday night. Industrial plants in the vicinity were closed because of flooded boiler rooms and street car traffic was badly crippled. Eufaula, Ala., experienced three distinct cloud bursts during the last 24 hours, the rainfall for the last 12 hours being 10 inches. Several Central of Georgia railroad trestles were destroyed. A large general store at Clayton, Ala., near Eufaula, was washedaway. The Alabama, Warrior, Tallapoosa and Coosa rivers, are reported at flood stage.

None Killed at Pensacola.

First reports from Pensacola, Fla., since Wednesday morning today brought the news that the city passed through the hurricane without loss of life, though heavy damage was done to property along the water front, and to shipping. The message came by wireless to New Orleans. The high tide was said to have been blown far inland, inundating railroads, destroying telegraph lines and blocking highways with uprooted trees and debris. Small shipping undoubtedly suffered severely, though no details have been obtainable.

Late reports from all along the gulf coast from New Orleans to Pensacola tell of scores of small craft washed ashore.

OVER TWELVE INCHES OF RAINFALL WITHIN 72 HOURS

Birmingham, Ala., July 8. — After a rainfall of 12 34 inches, within 72 hours, the skies showed signs of clearing here late today and flood conditions began to improve. With the exception of a thirty minute respite yesterday morning and a few minutes this morning, rain has been falling here continuously since Wednesday night.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 9. — "Bud" Fisher, the cartoonist, was pinned beneath his automobile when it overturned on the state road, north of this city, tonight, but escaped with a broken rib and severe bruises.

THE DAY IN CONGRESS

SENATE

Met at 11 A. M.

Resumed consideration of Agricultural appropriation bill.

Foreign Affairs committee decided not to recommend passage of resolution asking the President to seek stay of execution for Sir Roger Casement.

Democratic caucus on shipping bill arranged for 2 P. M.

Recessed at 1:46 P. M. until 11 A. M. Monday.

HOUSE

Met at 11 A. M.

Mines committee favorably reported Carter bill authorizing collection and publication of statistics on crude petroleum production, manufacture and marketing.

Passed joint resolution permitting use of hospital facilities at Ellis Island Immigration station for New York victims of infantile paralysis.

General debate, and reading of Revenue bill concluded and amendments deferred until Monday.

Adjourned at 3:30 P. M. until 10 A. M. Monday.

FRENCH AND BRITISH USE NEW TACTICS IN WRECKING STRONG GERMAN POSITIONS

German Editor Tells How Positions Regarded Virtually Indestructible and Impregnable Were Shattered With High Explosives of the Allies — Aerial Mines of Unheard of Calibres Used — Fire Balls Destroy Observation Balloons.

Berlin, (via London), July 7.—An eye-witness account of the Anglo-French offensive is given in dispatches from Lieutenant Dambitsch, one of the editors of the Zeitung Am Mittag, whose company was stationed in the trenches near the Somme river.

The lieutenant was wounded during the preparatory bombardment, but was there long enough to witness the almost indescribable destruction wrought in the front line trenches by the artillery. He says that the massively built positions had been regarded as virtually indestructible and impregnable, but the event proved that the progress in the development of offensive tactics since the September offensive had not been realized.

"Right at the beginning of the artillery preparation," says the lieutenant," the enemy showed the Germans a new thing in the destruction of observation balloons. An aviator swooped down on one of these and shot fire balls from above, a burst of flame marking the end of the balloon."

The second day's bombardment, June 26, brought another surprise in the shape of aerial mines of unheard of calibres, which were thrown in incredible numbers. The explosion of the first air torpedo shattered by its tremendous tonation the windows of the bomb proofs and threw up a massive pillar of black earth, perhaps a hundred yards. This showered the whole neighborhood with bricks and earth. This was a regular Vesuvius eruption.

The destructive effects of this uninterrupted throwing of the heaviest mines were almost immediately visible. The entrances to two bomb proofs were buried and the inmates had to be removed.

A few minutes later, an orderly sent with a message to the left of a company, returned, reporting that the trench had been completely leveled. Lieutenant Dambitsch, going to observe, saw as far as the eye could reach crater after crater six feet deep, the earth between being torn up in a wild, high chaos of trench timbers and wire entanglements.

"The work of day and night for nine months," says the Chronicler, "was destroyed in a few minutes. Report after report arrived of bomb proofs demolished by aerial torpedoes burying the inmates. The trenches became rapidly levelled; communications between the sections were extremely difficult. The third lines were so heavily shelled that it was impossible to traverse them. An order sent to a captain was hours under way. On the left flank the company trench was so obliterated that it was difficult to trace it. The only means of progress was to dash from crater to crater fully exposed to the enemy fire while crossing the intervening ridges. Finally, he arrived after a period of intense danger and found the left platoon of the company in the same condition as the right platoon. A number of men were still buried in the demolished bomb proofs. Their comrades worked for hours extricating them.

"During this work an intrepid battalion surgeon arrived with an oxygen apparatus and stood for hours under a heavy artillery fire ministering to the half buried and attempting to revive those asphyxiated.

"The bombardment continued without cessation, aerial torpedoes being hurled from ranges such as was never before known for mine throwers, and the French artillery pounded every yard of ground with an intense fire of big shells."

The lieutenant describes how welcome reinforcements were sent that night "quite as much to assist in digging out those buried as to the contribute to the defense." He was leading them to positions among the demoralized trenches when he and his orderly were wounded by an exploding torpedo.

LESSONS LEARNED FROM MOBILIZATION

Army Officials Profiting by Militia Movements and the Summoning of Reserves.

MARK TIME AS TO MEXICO

Ninety Per Cent. of the 4,000 to 5,000 Reserves Expected to Promptly Rally to Colors—Call is Far-Reaching.

Washington, July 8.—Pending new developments in the diplomatic situation between the United States and the defacto government of Mexico, army officials are learning military lessons by watching the working out of the National Guard mobilization and the summoning of regular army reservists to the colors.

No further intimations have been received from Mexico as to the course of procedure General Carranza will suggest for systematic conferences to settle border questions. Officials at the State Department are hopeful that definite progress toward framing a satisfactory agreement will be made next week.

At the War Department the belief is expressed that more than 90 per cent. of the 4,000 to 5,000 regular army reservists called for active duty will report promptly. Publication of the fact that a call has been made, it is thought will bring most of the men to the front without the delay necessary for each to receive formal notification. To make certain that other men passing into the reserve at later time realize the seriousness of their obligation to return to the colors when called, prompt military trials will await any who fail to present themselves.

The call for reserves is much more far reaching than the reserve list indicates, because in addition to summoning back to duty the men who have been out of the active service for some time, it probably will operate to suspend all discharges into the reserve for the time being, except for specific causes.

Much attention is being given just now to the effect of the order directing that members of the National Guard who have dependent families be discharged. Under the terms of the order it is optional whether department commanders issue only a release from federal service or a formal discharge, which would nullify the soldier's enlistment contract with the state from which he came as well, and strike him off the National Guard rolls altogether. No statement has been issued by the War Department as to the course to be followed.

MAY DECIDE UPON PLAN IN NEXT FORTY-EIGHT HOURS

Mexico City, July 8. — Several prominent leaders of the de facto government met at the National palace today and it is understood preliminary con-

(Continued on Page Sixteen.)

OVER 200 MEXICANS KILLED BY YAQUIS

Large Number Carranza Soldiers and Camp Followers Massacred in Lower Sonora.

SOME SHOT, OTHERS BURNED

Reports Place the Number of Dead at Three Hundred, While More Constructive Estimates Give Number as Two Hundred.

Nogales, Ariz., July 8.—From two to three hundred Carranza soldiers and camp followers were massacred by Broncho Yaquis early this week in Lower Sonora, according to arrivals here today. Those of the defacto detachment not killed by gunfire, it was said, were burned at the stake.

While reports place the number of dead at 300, conservative estimates made on the known disposal of troops near the scene, put the loss at 200.

News of the disaster to the Carranza forces has caused extreme unrest among the several thousand Yaquis and Mayos now at Empalme. General Estrada has had several thousand troops in the Yaqui Valley holding back the Yaquis and it is believed the opportunity for the reported massacre came about when Estrada moved his main command north of Hermosillo and Magdalena in the course of mobiyization maneuvers.

NEW VERSION RECEIVED AS TO VILLA'S WOUNDS

San Antonio, Texas, July 8.—Francisco Villa's reported re-appearance in Mexican military affairs, was followed today by the receipt at the border of a new version of the injuries he is supposed to have received.

According to this latest version, Villa was shot through both legs, and only recently recovered enough to re-take command of his men. The report which also said that Villa has been operating since his recovery southwest of Parral, was transmitted to General Funston from El Paso today.

NORMAL CONDITIONS ARE BEING RESTORED IN MOBILE

Mobile, Ala., July 8. — After being in darkness for two nights and cut off from the outside world for three days as a result of the storm of last Wednesday, this city began to return to normal conditions tonight. Many unconfirmed reports of loss of life came in from surrounding districts today and three bodies were brought to this city. Two, those of a white man and woman, were from the marshes across Mobile bay fro mhere, while the third was that of a negro drowned in the bay.

Cortland, Ala., July 9. — Three Southern Railway bridges near here were washed out today and all trains over this section have been annulled. Hundreds of head of stock have been drowned.

STATE TROOPS IN WILMINGTON FIND BUT LITTLE TO DO

Strong Hope of Amicable Settlement of Street Car Strike Held Out by Committee.

NO DISORDER IN THE CITY

Some Street Cars Operated on City Lines, in Addition to the Beach Line.

With five companies of the Coast Artillery Corps, North Carolina National Guard, in Wilmington for the purpose of quelling any disturbance that might occur as a result of conditions brought about following the strike on the Fourth of July of practically all the motormen and conductors of the Tidewater Power Company, but finding little to do although cars were being operated on both the city and suburban lines by non-union men, the citizens' committee, appointed Thursday afternoon, was in conference all day yesterday until late last night in an effort to bring about an amicable settlement of the unfortunate controversy and the strongest hope was expressed by them that an adjustment of the differences would be reached at a final meeting to be held this morning at 11 o'clock.

The four companies of militia from Charlotte, Salisbury, Greensboro and Raleigh arrived in Wilmington on a special train yesterday morning at 8 o'clock and were soon quartered in the big tabernacle, used for the recent Chapman-Alexander meetings, on Fourth street, in the Southern part of Wilmington. During the afternoon and evening, squads of the four companies were placed along the suburban lines of the Tidewater Power Company and also at different points in the city. If the soldiers were expecting to participate in martial strife they were disappointed, for there was no disorder, although crowds thronged the streets in the afternoon and evening.

Progress Towards Settlement.

The citizens' committee met at the City Hall yesterday morning at 11 o'clock and was in almost continuous session until after 10 o'clock last night. The committee discussed thoroughly all phases of the controversy and when adjournment was taken last night until 11 o'clock this morning, members of the committee expressed themselves as very hopeful that the controversy would be settled today.

There was a well defined report after all the conferences had adjourned last night, however it was not authorized for publication, that as a result of the several "peace" meetings during the day some progress had been made in the efforts toward a settlement.

It was stated that Mr. Hugh MacRae, president of the Tidewater Company, after conferences during the day with Corporation Commissioner W. T. Lee, who was here from Raleigh, would agree to eliminate the reservation in the contract that the company might put on the one-man system of operation of the cars in the event it was deemed advisable to do so at any future time, which is understood to have been the chief bone of contention all along, and that he would agree to take all the striking car men back into the company's employ for two years, conditioned, of course, upon satisfactory service during that time, but that he would not recognize the car men's union.

Members of the citizens' committee, it is understood, were committed to secrecy in regard to any progress that had been made, but a prominent member of the committee was quoted as saying that after the final conference this morning at 11 o'clock, the committee if an agreement was not reached, would issue a statement acquainting the public fully with the reason and placing the responsibility for any failure to reach an agreement.

Another prominent member of the committee was quoted as saying: "The situation is still not without hope; we have made some progress and it is entirely within the bounds of possibility that an agreement will be reached this morning at 11 o'clock."

These reports are given merely for what they are worth and they are not authorized for publication, which should be understood by the reader.

Union Officer Here.

Mr. Ben Commons, fourth vice president of the Amalgamated Association of Street & Electric Employes of America, whose home is in New Orleans, La., arrived in the city yesterday morning and following a meeting of the striking motormen and conductors yesterday afternoon met with the citizens' committee. "I hold out every hope for a settlement," said Mr. Commons last night. Mr. Commons stated that he would meet the motormen and conductors this morning at 9 o'clock.

Three cars were operated on the city lines by the Tidewater Power Company yesterday, the first to be put on since the strike was called on the Fourth of July. The cars on the suburban line to Wrightsville Beach were operated on the usual half hour schedules with but few delays. It was stated last night that it was hoped to put more cars on the city lines today but that without properly trained men it was impossible to give better service to the public yesterday.

A mass meeting of citizens, a majority of whom were representatives of the different trade occupations in the city, was held in the Court House last night for the purpose of protesting against the presence of State militiamen in Wilmington because it was declared they are not needed. Strong resolutions of protest were adopted and

(Continued on Page Two.)

NEW FRENCH GUNS EASILY PAVE WAY

German Prisoner Says One Shell Destroyed Results of Twenty Months of Labor.

FRENCH WIDEN POSITIONS

Front Before Peronne Now Appears Strongly Fortified—Successful Attacks Made on the Germans at Two Points.

Paris, July 8.—The new French front before Peronne appears to have been fortified now so as to facilitate flanking movements southward and a widening of the positions already conquired. French infantry inaugurated this proposition yesterday by successful attacks in the region of Belloy-En-Santerre, where 350 Germans were taken prisoner, and east of Estrees; where 50 men were left in French hands, after an assault on a communicating trench.

"It was most business-like," said an eye-witness.

"The French infantry jumped out of the trenches and set to work with as much celerity in their methods as if occupied with a task that had been become second nature.

"Neither was there much dallying on the part of the Germans, who, perhaps, had been impressed by what had been going on north of them during the last few days. The French had scarcely reached the first line of their adversaries, when the Germans were seen climbing out of the trenches in clusters with their hands up and marching in double quick time toward the French trenches.

"The first wave of assailants seemed to ignore the fellows, who tore through the weeds without escort and without urging in search of holes in the barbed wire entanglements. The Germans wore pictures of precipitate anxiety until they reached the parapet protecting the field works, passing on their way the French machine gun sections drawing forward to support the infantry.

"'The war is finished! The war is finished,' cried many of them, with their faces expanding into smiles as they leaped into the French communicating trenches, and filed back to the rear between lines of more French troops waiting for the word to take their turn in the assault.

The prisoners then cried for water and bread. The privates generally did not conceal their satisfaction in finding tranquility at the rear of the French lines. Only the officers and subalterns were downcast."

Working on the perfecting of the east works began 20 months ago on the German side of the front, and went on until the last minute, according to prisoners. At some point, dougouts 40 feet deep were armored with concrete and fitted with all the comforts of home.

"We were safe," said one prisoner, "until the new French guns got the range. Then it took only one monster shell to undo the results of 20 months of patient labor."

No doubt the prisoner referred to the new French 16-inch guns. These formiddable engines in the hands of the French have proven so handy and so strong in execution that they are far ahead of the German 42s.

COMMISSIONER YOUNG MAKES RECOMMENDATIONS IN REPORT

Receipts of His Department for Year Totaled $348,780.

Raleigh, N. C., July 8.—The forthcoming annual report of Commissioner of Insurance James R. Young, advance sheets of which are just out, will show that the receipts of the department for the past fiscal year aggregated $348,780. In the report the commissioner urges that only companies that are duly licensed by the State to do business in the State be patronized by the citizenship, insisting that in this way the insurance interests of the people will be better safeguarded and there will be fewer causes for complaint. There is earnest recommendation that there be provided for North Carolina a workmen's compensation act. He expressed gratification that the North Carolina Bar Association recently adopted resolutions urging the passage of such a law for North Carolina in view of the very satisfactory manner in which it is claimed to operate in those states that have tried it out.

SIR EDWARD GREY TO ENTER PEERAGE

London "Daily Chronicle" says King has decided to honor foreign secretary. Sir Edward Grey has been secretary of state for foreign affairs since 1905. He has been liberal member of parliament from Berwick-on-Tweed since 1885. He has been often called the ablest European diplomat of the present generation. His admirers credit him with having done much toward keeping the great Powers of Europe at peace during the troubled period of the Balkan wars and with having done his utmost to prevent the general conflagration now raging.

STATE TROOPS IN WILMINGTON FIND BUT LITTLE TO DO

(Continued From Page One).

immediately telegraphed to Governor Locke Craig.

The Soldiers Arrive.

The four companies of militiamen in command of Major E. D. Kuykendall, of Greensboro, arrived in the city yesterday morning on a special train. This was shunted around the Belt line to the foot of Castle street, where the khaki-clad soldiers detrained and marched to the tabernacle, four blocks away. After an all-night ride they were hungry, many of them very much so, and they were soon in the down town cafes, getting a breakfast. The day was spent leisurely by the soldiers and last night they were on patrol duty while the members of the W. L. I. were kept at the local armory. The quarters for the visitors while not ideal for the purpose, afforded considerable more comfort than "camping out." Dr. C. L. Pridgen, who holds the rank of major in the State Medical Corps of the National Guard, was ordered by Adjutant General Young to look out for the sanitary arrangements and immediately donned his uniform and got busy. He will be subject to military duty as long as the visiting soldiers are here.

The presence of the five companies of Coast Artillery of the National Guard of North Carolina gave the city a military appearance. Owing to the lack of any disorder on the part of either strikers or their sympathizers, there was not much work for them to do.

Nevertheless, their presence in the city enabled the members of the W. L. I. who had been on duty for three successive nights, to take a much needed rest and no members of the local company were on duty yesterday or last niht, but were kept at the armory.

Two squads of the militia were on duty last night at the gas plant and two squads were assigned to guard the car barns. In addition to the above during the day four militia men were assigned to each of the four city cars which were operated yesterday up until dark. Special deputy sheriffs were assigned to the work of protecting the passengers on the cars operated on the Wrightsville Beach line.

Practically one company of Coast Artillery was utilized last night in guarding the three trestles on the line to Wrightsville Beach, the remainder of the companies with the exception of the W. L. I., which was quartered at the armory, were quartered at the Chapman-Alexander tabernacle. It was stated last night at the sheriff's office that 54 men from the militia companies were divided between Delgado, Bradley's Creek and Wrightsville.

The four companies from cities outside of Wilmington which were ordered here by Governor Craig at the request of Judge W. P. Stacy, who with Sheriff S. P. Cowan is in charge of the local situation, consists of militia organizations from Charlotte, Greensboro, Raleigh and Salisbury.

Maj. E. D. Kuykendall, of Greensboro, who is corps commander, stated yesterday that the troops are here to assist the local civil authorities and that they will be moved only as directed by such authorities. Adjutant F. L. Page and Lieut. H. D. Panton, both of Greensboro, are staff officers.

Capt. W. D. Marrow is in command of the Raleigh company; Capt. R. B. Case commands the Greensboro company; Capt. W. R. Cox, the Charlotte company, and Capt. W. L. Ross, the Salisbury company. Capt. E. P. Bailey is in command of the W. L. I.

Greensboro Was Mystified.

The sudden ordering out of the four companies of the Coast Artillery Corps, North Carolina National Guard, and the rather strict censorship placed on the handling of the news afforded much speculation in the cities from which they came. The Greensboro Daily News of yesterday has the follownig interesting story of how it affected the people up State:

"Maj. E. D. Kuykendall, commanding National Guard, not already called to the mobilization camp, late yesterday received orders from the adjutant general to present his corps of coast artillerymen in Wilmington at once. The special train left Greensboro this morning at an early hour, pursuant to this order, carrying the companies from Charlotte, Salisbury and Greensboro. The train was made up in Charlotte and picked up the Salisbury company en route here. The local company, the Guilford Grays, were given their orders shortly after nightfall last night and soon assembled in the armory. The company was ready for the train long before it arrived.

"These are the facts, but why the orders and what they are in detail is a secret. Major Kuykendall, at 10 o'clock last night, refused to divulge his instructions. He stated that his orders were secret ones, he had the adjutant general's instruction to tell no one where he was going and why. This order was strictly adhered to. The captain of the local company, Roy B. Case, stated that his instructions were to get his company ready for the train with 'full field equipment,' and this was done. The equipment with which the soldiers went from here is just what they would carry to an annual encampment or elsewhere for a considerable stay or for service.

"'I would like to be able to tell you all I know,' said Major Kuykendall, 'but I have my orders to tell no one but the captains of the companies. I can say this that three companies will go through here tonight, and we are ordered mobilized, but the truth of the matter is that it is feared that publicity about our destination would spoil the object of the call.'

"That was all. The major was polite and considerate but non-communicative. Other towns where the companies got the call were as much in the dark as to the purpose of it. Down at the furtherest end of the line from which the special came, Charlotte, had this information in a dispatch to this paper:

"'The fifth company coast artillery, Capt. W. R. Cox, was ordered to Wilmington tonight to help quiet strikes and maintain order. The company was rushed off three hours earlier than they expected to go on receipt of telegram from Governor Craig, ordering them to go immediately.'

"Salisbury wired:

"'Salisbury experienced her first riot call thrill this evening since the installation of her fire alarm system. The call assembled the fourth company, coast artillery, to catch the special train for Wilmington. Captain Ross got together almost a full company and had many applications from would-be recruits.'

"The information that the corps was being sent to Wilmington to subdue militant street car strikers was early available here, but Major Kuykendall, who alone knew definitely, would neither deny or affirm this. On his staff here are Lieut. Frank L. Page and Sergeant James L. Wright, who were notified early in the evening and were quickly in uniform and ready. Captain Case said he had little difficulty in getting his men together. The police department helped, lending autos to the pursuit of those who lived out a distance of consequence and who were from their usual haunts on other intents.

Much Speculation.

"The speculation here was eagerly engaged in as the soldiers began to show up around the streets and the news of the call to arms was noised about. Some figured that the companies were being sent down the road to be switched to Kinston, where the interesting trial of lynchers or alleged lynchers, rather, of which Mr. Bost writes, is occurring. It was asserted that the only company which is a member of the coast artillery corps not called out was that of Hendersonville. The other two companies besides those which went through or from here, are located in Raleigh and Wilmington. It was stated that the Raleigh company proceeded at once, direct, by Coast Line, to Wilmington, and of course, the Wilmington company was on the supposed ground of the mobilization.

"There was the supposition given voice to, also, that the soldiers were needed for work in the 'night-rider' infested country in the east, of which Judge O. H. Allen was eloquent. The statement that five companies were needed in Wilmington for the purpose of handling a handful of motormen and conductors bickering with their employers was not taken seriously by many. It was pointed out, too, that if the need in Wilmington was very grave, and there was no other cause for the calling of the artillerymen, that soldiers might more easily, with greater dispatch and at less expense be moved over from Camp Glenn.

"The corps is said to be in fit condition for service, or as fit as any body of men of that number in the State Guard, and apparently the commander of it was glad to get the order for movement.

"It was believed last night that even Major Kuykendall was not sure of the purpose of his orders. It was believed by many that the Wilmington destination was given possibly as a blind and the orders were of the 'sealed' variety, to be changed en route.

"In the few sentences elicited from Major Kuykendall he said that the mobilization was 'toward Caswell' which is the post where the coast artillery of the State trains, and to which it would probably go to relieve regulars, who would probably be sent to the front.

"The roster of the Guilford Grays which went from Greensboro follows:

"Captain, Roy B. Case; first lieutenant, Grady L. Bain; second lieutenant, Joseph B. Thorp.

"Lindsay W. Bain, first sergeant; C. C. Sumner, quartermaster; H. E. Ellett, S. D. Hutchens, L. R. Pierson and Henry A. Frye, sergeants.

"C. H. Ireland, Jr., G. G. Hendricks, R. A. Mills, C. R. Rayborn, L. F. McDowell and William Townsend, corporals.

"A. L. Lindsay and J. W. Woodell, cooks; H. H. Laster, mechanic; Thomas E. Latham and C. B. Hayworth, musicians.

"Privates, B. C. Allred, Clarence Clarence, J. A. Allen, M. Garland Alderman, C. L. Roger, J. T. Ballow, A. L. Crabtree, M. C. Gant, A. T. Gilliland, J. L. Harris, T. S. Harris, Braxton Hamilton, Harry L. Jenkins, L. M. Jarmon, W. M. Jarvis, W. H. Kimrey, Charles P. Knight Lovett, S. H. Lemmons, J. M Matthews, R. W. Meacham, J. B. Morris Murphy, James F. Nail, R. W. Newby, R. B. Pegram, A. T. Parsons, A. W. Poteat, S. D. Pike, Jack D. Spainhour, George Stutts, L. F. Stutts, W. P. Stewart, J. Warner, F. L. Venable, Varner, Roy J. Vaughn, Westbrook, T. R. Watkins, Wheeler, Woodell, Joseph R. Walsh, Watson, Craig and Faulconer."

Same Way in Charlotte.

The following is from yesterday's Charlotte Observer:

"Acting upon orders received from Governor Locke Craig yesterday afternoon, Capt. W. R. Cox mobilized his Fifth Company, Coast Artillery Corps, and carried them to Wilmington, leaving the city last night at 9 o'clock aboard a special train. There were 65 men in the company and three officers, the latter being, in addition to Captain Cox, First Lieut. Carl Moore and Second Lieut. Mangum Webb. The Greensboro and Salisbury Corps, now enlisted in the Federal service, were picked up en route, the commanding officers in each case having received similar orders to those of Captain Cox. In all there were approximately 150 men, fully equipped for service, on the special which is due to arrive in Wilmington early this morning.

"Except that they were to proceed for active service to Wilmington where they were to report to the proper officers no information was afforded Captain Cox in his official notice yesterday afternoon.

"That the strike situation there must have shown disturbing complications was the generally accepted theory to account for the ordering out of such a large force of men. The Wilmington coast artillery corps was ordered out several days ago and in addition a hundred or more deputies. For manifest reasons, Governor Craig doubtless considered that it would be preferable to have an outside company of troops rather than the home guard but the idea of sending in three companies was outside the calculations.

"Captain Cox stated last night that each and every man in his command had signed the Federal enlistment oath. There are 65 in his company which is the maximum number possible on a peace footing. There are some 25 or 30 who have signed up and are on the waiting list and who will be recruited should active service be required."

The Raleigh Company.

The following is from yesterday's Raleigh Evening Times:

"A special train carrying the coast artillery companies of Charlotte, Salisbury and Greensboro, passed Raleigh at 2 A. M. Saturday. At Raleigh the train was boarded by the local company, Capt. W. Drummond Marrow commanding. The corps was in command of Maj. E. D. Kuykendall, of Greensboro.

"The corps was ordered to Wilmington for any violence that might arise in consequence of the street car strike in that city. Brigadier General Young issued the call at 6 P. M., and at 7 o'clock a special train steamed out of Charlotte, over the Southern Railway with the Queen City company and Greensboro companies at their respective cities.

"The Raleigh company was ready long before the arrival of the train and held itself in readiness. By dark the boys were uniformed and stationed at headquarters on Fayetteville street.

"The local company was made up as follows:

"Capt. W. Drummond Marrow, First Lieut. John W. Harrelson, Second Lieut. Godfrey Cheshire.

First Sergt. L. O. Layton, Sergeants W. A. Russell, J. D. Holland, W. S. Fowler and H. S. Tucker.

Corporals C. L. Overby, J. R. Mullin, C. J. Hayden, F. R. Baker and J. M. Rumple.

Lance Corporals Hubert Fowler, Carl Becker and J. B. White.

Privates T. J. Barefoot, Everett Connely, F. L. Chalmers, F. R. Cherry, C. W. Eure, George Fleming, T. H. Faison, Roy Ford, G. W. Fisher, J. H. Godwin, E. A. Harris, H. H. Harris, R. C. Horton, R. M. Haley, E. C. Jones, C. J. Kelly, F. C. Manning, W. D. Martin, G. M. McCoy, J. E. McDougal, J. P. McDowell, J. B. Newman, Lawrence O'Keefe, O. C. Powell, J. B. Powell, P. R. Rand, W. M. Russ, W. H. Robbins, Jr., P. F. Smith, G. M. Sloan, J. H. Sullivan, H. W. Swain, H. N. Sadler, L. A. Smith, Bernard Smith, Daylon Truelove, and W. R. Williford."

EVIDENCE IS COMPLETED.

Dr. Webster's Testimony Retained in the Orpet Case.

Waukegan, Ill., July 8.—Evidence in the case of William H. Orpet, the University of Wisconsin student charged with the murder of Marion Lambert, Lake Forest high school girl, was completed today. The defense moved that the testimony of Dr. Ralph W. Webster, a toxicologist, that the ash heap substance was potassium cyanide and it was 49 per cent pure be stricken out on the ground that no proper analysis was made. It was overruled by Judge Donnelly, as was the usual motion to take the case from the jury and dismiss the prisoner.

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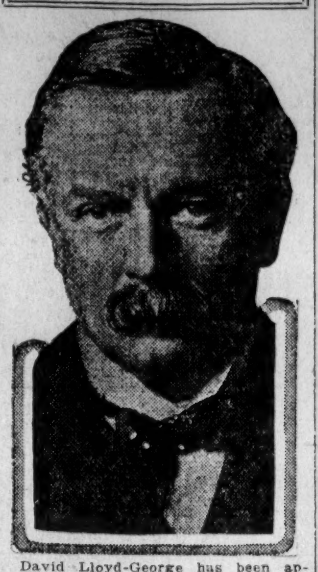

David Lloyd-George has been appointed to fill the post left vacant by the death of Lord Kitchener. The man who solved the munitions crisis in Britain and the Irish tangle is the new Secretary for War. He assumes office at the moment when the British drive, for which he gathered the ammunition, is under way. The appointment did not surprise London.

NEW NATIONAL HOME FOR ELKS DEDICATED

Structure at Bedford City, Va., Built at Cost of $500,000.

Judge Jerome Fisher, Past Grand Exalted Ruler is the Principal Speaker—National Convention at Baltimore Monday.

Lynchburg, Va., July 8.—Judge Jerome Fisher, of Jamestown, N. Y., past grand exalted ruler B. P. O. E., was the chief speaker this afternoon at the dedication of the Elks new National home, at Bedford City, Va., erected at a total cost of over $500,000. The speakers included Governor H. C. Stuart, of Virginia, and August Hermann, of Cincinnati. Many prominent members of the order from all sections of the country on their way to the Baltimore convention, stopped over for the ceremonies. The buildings which are on the site of the old home, have just recently been completed.

The ceremonies today were under the auspices of the Grand Lodge, there being a large delegation of grand lodge members present. Special trains brought visitors from Lynchburg, Roanoke, Richmond and other cities, and several prominent Elks from the Pacific coast were present. The home will accommodate 200 inmates, construction of the new buildings having been begun two years ago. At present there are 86 inmates in the home. The home is situated at the foot of the Blue Ridge and in the shadow of the peaks of Otter, two famous peaks of this mountain chain.

SUNDAY NEWSPAPERS ARE DECLARED A NECESSITY.

Police Justice Gives Ruling Under Virginia "Ouster" Law.

Richmond, Va., July 8.—Police court Justice Crutchfield, hearing cases under the new "ouster" law today, decided that the Sunday operation of newspapers an dtransfer companies of necessary and discharged the defendants. The court held that it is unlawful for railroad companies to clean cars on Sunday.

Hearing appeal cases in the corporation court, Judge D. C. Richardson ruled that it is permissible for hotels to furnish music for their guests on Sunday and that bootblacks may ply their trades in hotels. The court also held that it is legal to sell gasoline for automobiles on Sunday. A jury returned a verdict that it is legal to wash automobiles and take Turkish baths on Sunday.

YOUR STOMACH BAD?

JUST TRY ONE DOSE of MAYR'S Wonderful Remedy and Be Convinced That You Can Be Restored to Health.

Mayr's Wonderful Remedy has been taken by many thousands of people throughout the land. It has brought health and happiness to sufferers who had despaired of ever being restored and who now are urging others who may be suffering with Stomach, Liver and Intestinal Ailments to try it. One dose will convince the most skeptical sufferer. It acts on the source and foundation of these ailments, removing the poisonous catarrh and bile accretions and allaying the underlying chronic inflammation. Try one dose of Mayr's Wonderful Remedy—put it to a test today—you will be overjoyed with your quick recovery. Send for booklet on Stomach Ailments to Geo. H. Mayr, Mfg. Chemist, 154-156 Whiting St., Chicago, Ill.

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500 sacks Land Plaster.
2000 bbls. Fancy Patent Flour.
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Don't Forget the Place—100 S. Water st.

Come to us for your vacation clothes

You'll be starting on your vacation before many weeks; if you get the clothes you need now, you can get lots of pleasure out of them before you leave; you'll be interested to know that men and young men consider this store the style and value center for smart summer wear.

Put in Your Suit Case For a Week or Ten Day's Trip

—Cap or hat	—Collar buttons	—Pajamas
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—Shirts	—Handkerchiefs	—Flannel trousers
—Collars	—Underwear	—Raincoat
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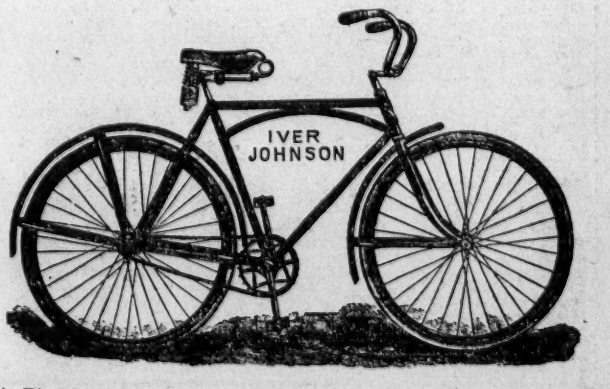

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GIANTS DRIVE MAMAUX OUT OF BOX IN SIXTH

Pirates Lose the Victory to the New Yorks, 6 to 4.

Brooklyn Blanks Cincinnati, Cheney Doing Good Pitching—Phillies Beat Cardinals—Braves Win From Cubs.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Cincinnati 0; Brooklyn 3.
At Pittsburg 4; New York 6.
At St. Louis 4; Philadelphia 7.
At Chicago 1; Boston 3.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Philadelphia at St. Louis.
Boston at Chicago.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
Brooklyn	41	25	.621
Philadelphia	37	29	.561
Boston	34	29	.540
Chicago	36	37	.493
New York	32	34	.485
Pittsburg	32	37	.464
St. Louis	33	41	.446
Cincinnati	29	42	.408

Pittsburg, July 8.—The New Yorks drove Mamaux out of the boj in the sixth inning today and won from Pittsburg 6 to 4. They got three runs in the fourth on two hits and Carey's wild return to the plate after making a fine catch of McKetchie's fly. Schmidt's home run scored Baird and Gibson.

New York .....000 302 100—6 9 1
Pittsburg .....000 000 103—4 9 4

Benton and Rariden; Mamaux, Harmon, Kantlehner and Gibson.

Cincinnati, July 8.—Cheney pitched himself out of a hole in the seventh inning when the local team had three men on bases with none out, and Brooklyn won today's game 3 to 0.
Brooklyn .....000 001 020—3 6 1
Cincinnati .....000 000 000—0 9 0
Cheney and Miller; Schulz, Schneider and Wingo.

Chicago, July 8.—McConnell, after holding Boston to two hits for two innings today, weakened in the 10th and three hits gave the Braves two runs and a 3 to 1 victory.
Boston .....100 000 000p—3 5 1
Chicago .....000 001 0000—1 6 2
Tyler and Gowdy; McConnell and Fischer.

St. Louis, July 8.—A single, a triple, a two base hit and two errors gave Philadelphia five runs in the first inning of today's game, which they eventually won 7 to 4. McQuillan replaced Bender in the eighth.
Philadelphia .....500 000 110—7 12 0
St. Louis .....000 300 010—4 8 4
Bender, McQuillan and Killifer; Doak and Gonzales.

JOE JACKSON TAKES THE FIRST PLACE IN BATTING.

Chicago, July 8.—Tris Speaker, of Cleveland, has yielded first place among the batters of the American League to Joe Jackson, of Chicago, the latter having an average of 381, according to figures compiled here today, while Speaker's average is 380. Other averages are Cobb, Detroit, 347; Heilman, Detroit, 303; Sisler, St. Louis, 301.

Robertson, New York, with 350, has displaced Daubert as leader of the National League, the Brooklyn player having 333. Other 300 hitters are: Hinchman, Pittsburg, 330; Wagner, Pittsburg, 325; Long, St. Louis, 324; Zimmerman, Chicago, 320; Wheat, Brooklyn, 313; Schulte, Chicago, 312; Chase, Cincinnati, 311; Williams, Chicago, 305; Hornsby, St. Louis, 302.

EDDIE HAIBE WINS AUTO RACE AT GRAND RAPIDS

Grand Rapids, Mich., July 8.—Eddie Haibe won the first annual 100-mile automobile race here this afternoon, making the distance in 1:46:03.40. Ralph De Palma was second and Andy Burt was third. The start was delayed by a heavy rain.

Rocky Mount Wins Both From Norfolk

MAKES CLEAN SWEEP OF SERIES —EFFECTIVENESS OF TAR HEELS' PITCHING STAFF TELLS THE STORY

(Special Star Telegram.)

Rocky Mount, N. C., July 8.—Today's two-ply affair went all for the Tar Heels and incidentaly a clean sweep from Norfolk for the series. The first game was won 6 to 5, the last, 4 to 0.

Effectiveness of the Tar Heels' pitching staff tells the story and they claimed the advantage in each setto. Many sensational plays featured both games, while in the twilight clash a triple play against the locals brought the stands to their feet. It was started through the great one-hand rob of a hot one by Sicking that was labeled for trouble since the bases were choked. There were fielding sensations galore.

Norfolk .....000 001 220—5 5 2
Rocky Mt. .....100 300 20*—6 9 3
Craft and Welcher; Teague, Brown and Talbott. Umpire, Kennedy. Time, 1:55.

Second game:
Norfolk .....000 000 0—0 4 1
Rocky Mt. .....011 011 *—4 10 0
Cochran and Welcher, Teague and Ryan. Umpire, Kennedy. Time 1:10. Attendance, 850.

MINOR LEAGUES.

CAROLINA LEAGUE

At Raleigh 0, Winston-Salem 6.
At Durham 3, Asheville 2.
At Greensboro 1 ,Charlotte 11.

VIRGINIA LEAGUE

At Rocky Mount 6-4, Norfolk 5-0.
At Petersburg 2-1, Newport News 6-2.
At Portsmouth 11-8, Hopewell 1-6.

SOUTHERN ASSOCIATION

At Nashville 7, Atlanta 0.
At Memphis 4-4, New Orleans 3-8.
Only two scheduled.

INTERNATIONAL LEAGUE

At Rochester 1-3, Newark 0-2.
At Buffalo 0-5, Providence 10-4.
At Toronto 3-0, Richmond 0-7.
At Montreal 4-5, Baltimore 7-2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION

At Louisville 2-3, Minneapolis 3-3.
At Columbus 7, Kansas City 3.
At Indianapolis 3, St. Paul 1.
At Toledo 8, Milwaukee 10.

SOUTH ATLANTIC LEAGUES

At Augusta 7 Albany 1.
At Charleston 0, Columbus 1.
At Columbia 4, Montgomery 1.
At Jacksonville 2-3, Macon 3-3.

CUBS DEFEAT RED SOX.

East Wilmington Forfeits Game to Winter Park.

In the only game played yesterday afternoon in the Interurban League, the Cubs defeated the Red Sox at a game played at Winter Park by the score of 16 to 8. The game which was scheduled at 3 o'clock between Winter Park and East Wilmington was declared forfeited to the latter by Umpire VanLindingham on account of Winter Park's only having six men on the field when time of play was called. Owing to the fact that several of the Winter Park team was called out for military service, it is thought that this ruling may be changed. Winter Park protested the umpire's decision on the above grounds.

The feature of the game between the Cubs and Red Sox was the running, scoring and hitting by the Cubs, the stick work of Gordon for the Cubs, and the plucky but delayed recovery of the Red Sox in the eighth inning.

The batteries for the Cubs were Page and Casteen, and for the Red Sox Laughridge, Thigpen and Cashwell. Two-base hits were made by Page, Casteen and Sweeney. The umpiring was done by VanLindingham and Fetner.

The score by innings:
Cubs .....230 005 150—16 13 1
Red Sox .....000 000 260— 8 11 4

TIGERS MAKE A CLEAN SWEEP OF THE SERIES

Defeat Athletics, 3 to 2, in Last Game at Philadelphia.

Harper, Pitching for the Senators, Defeats the Browns—White Sox Defeats Yankees—Indians Defeat the Red Sox.

RESULTS YESTERDAY

At Philadelphia 2, Detroit 3.
At Washington 2, St. Louis 1.
At Boston 1, Cleveland 5.
At New York 1, Chicago 2.

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY

Open date.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS

	W	L	Pct.
New York	43	28	.606
Cleveland	41	31	.569
Boston	39	32	.549
Chicago	38	32	.543
Washington	38	34	.528
Detroit	38	36	.514
St. Louis	31	42	.425
Philadelphia	17	50	.254

Philadelphia, July 8.—Detroit won today's game from Philadelphia 3 to 2 and thereby made a clean sweep of the series of three games.
Detroit .....100 010 001—3 9 1
Philadelphia .....000 100 001—2 6 2
James and Stanage; Nabors and Meyer.

Washington, July 8.—Harper held St Louis to four scattered hits today and Washington won 2 to 1. Three singles, two errors and a sacrifice fly gave the locals their two runs.
St. Louis .....000 000 010—1 4 3
Washington .....000 020 00*—2 7 2
Davenport, Parks and Chapman, Hartley; Harper and Henry.

New York, July 8.—Cicotte and Caldwell pitched a duel here today, the Chicagoan allowing but four hits and winning, 2 to 1. The winning run was made by Weaver who singled, stole and scored on Jackson's single.
Chicago .....101 000 002—2 8 2
New York .....001 000 000—1 4 1
Cicotte and Schalk; Caldwell and Nunamaker.

Boston, July 8.—Superior hitting and base running gave Cleveland a 5 to 1 victory over Boston today.
Cleveland .....200 100 020—5 9 3
Boston .....000 001 000—1 4 0
Coveleskie and O'Neill; Shore, Gregg and Cady, Thomas.

CAPE FEAR LEAGUE STANDING

Lumberton, N. C., July 8.—Standing of Cape Fear League order should be: Lumberton won 13, lost 6; Parkton 12 and 7, Fairmont 11 and 8. Parkton has lost three to Lumberton, two to Fairmont, not including exhibition games; one to Raeford and Laurinburg. Season closes soon. Fans would appreciate correction.

W. M. NORMENT.

HOSPITAL FACILITIES AT CAMP GLENN INSUFFICIENT

Instructions May Be Sent for Nse of New Bern Hospital.

Washington, July 8.—Grigedier General L. W. Young, commanding the North Carolina National Guard in camp at Morehea dCity, today telegraphed the War Department that hospital facilities there were insufficient for taking care of serious cases and that the hospital at New Bern was better equipped for such purposes. Instructions probably will be sent permitting the use of the New Bern hospital although action was not taken today.

Donations to Baby Hospital.

The committee having in charge the receipt of donations for the Baby Hospital report the following since the list published: Bear & Company, $10; a Friend, $4. There are now 14 babies being given treatment at the hospital, and if the work is to be continued until October as it is hoped will be possible, about $200 more money in donations is needed. Oranges, it is stated, will also be gladly received for the patients.

DELGADO BOYS VICTORIOUS

Boys' Brigade Was Defeated in Fine Exhibition of Baseball at Robert Strange Playgrounds.

The Delgado team in the City League of Baseball Clubs got away with another game yesterday afternoon on the Robert Strange playgrounds when it defeated the Boys' Brigade by a score of 10 to 4, the attendance having been about 200 and the game having been a classy exhibition of the National sport.

Delgado—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Andrews, cf.	5	0	1	0	0	0
Sheppard, 3b.	5	1	1	3	2	1
L. Lutterloh, 2b.	4	3	2	0	3	0
E. Lutterloh, ss.	4	3	2	2	6	0
Kite, 1b.	5	1	1	14	0	0
Bell ,c.	5	1	1	3	0	1
Bethea, lf.	5	1	0	2	0	0
Ivey, rf.	5	0	0	2	2	0
Holt, p.	4	0	0	1	4	0
Totals	44	10	8	27	17	2

Boys' Brigade—	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Griffith, c.	5	0	1	9	2	0
Sheppard, 3b.	4	0	2	3	2	0
Snakenburg, ss.	4	0	1	0	3	1
Boswell, rf.	4	1	2	0	0	0
Davis, 1b.	4	1	2	10	1	0
Mintz, cf.	4	0	1	1	1	0
H. Register, 2b.	4	0	1	3	3	2
E. Register, p.	4	1	0	0	3	0
Jones, lf.	4	1	1	1	0	0
Totals	37	4	11	27	15	3

Score by innings:
Delgado .....000 012 034—10 8 2
Brigade .....010 020 010— 4 11 3
Holt and Bell; Register and Griffith. Umpire, Mr. Woodward. Attendance, 200.

The standing of the clubs after yesterday's games is as follows: W. L. I. and Immanuels .625 each; Boys' Brigade and Delgado .444 each.

PROBABLY THE LAST REUNION

Of the Confederate Veterans That Will be Held in Wilmington—Parade Will be a Feature.

It has been 55 years since the beginning of the War Between the States and during the last half century there have been but five reunions of the Confederate Veterans of North Carolina held in Wilmington and in all human probability the gathering of the "Boys in Grey" at Wrightsville Beach July 26 and 27, will be the last ever to be held here.

The local committees on arrangements for entertaining the veterans are determined to make the reunion the most pleasant and enjoyable that has ever been held in Wilmington. Realizing that they may not again have the opportunity of honoring the veterans at a State reunion, Wilmingtonians are joining hands to provide them a royal time during their visit to the delightful summer resort.

One of the big features of the reunion will be the parade to be held on the last day. This will be in Wilmington. The reviewing stand will be in front of the City Hall on Third street. Here Gen. James I. Metts and his staff will review the veterans and the other bodies that will participate in the procession.

The school children of the city of Wilmington will be stationed in front of the City Hall and will sing "Carolina" and "The Old North State" as the parade passes. A number of other interesting features are being arranged as this will be the climax of the reunion.

A PROVERB, A POEM AND A PREACHMENT

(Selected by B. G.)

He that rebuketh a man afterwards shall find more favor than he that flattereth with the tongue.

So he died for his faith. That is fine.
More than most of his do.
But stay. Can you add to that line
That he LIVED for it too?

It is easy to die. Men have died
For a wish or a whim—
From bravado or passion or pride.
Was it hard for him?

But to LIVE: every day to live out
All the truth that he dreamt,
While his friends met his conduct with doubt,
And the world with contempt.

Was it thus that he plodded ahead,
Never turning aside?
Then we'll talk of the life that he led.
Never mind how he died.

—Selected.

And listen now—your mother's will has been recorded and you are remembered in it. Perhaps it isn't written—the chances are she didn't have time to write it, but it is none the less real for all that. I did not "witness" it, but having had a mother, I am familiar with its provisions. Shall I give it to you? Listen!

In the name of God, Amen. I, being of sound mind, though weary in body, bequeath to my boy all my prayers that he may have a successful and happy and useful life.

I bequeath to him the Christian religion, which has been so much comfort to me and has enabled me in all the weary years to find peace and hope and patience.

I bequeath to him a full share in all the rich promises of the Bible—promises made to parents and their children.

In the strength of these promises, I will him cleanness of life; thoughts undefiled by greed or passion; tongue and lips unsullied by vulgar speech and oaths; hands free from foulness of touch—the clean and useful life of a vigorous, manly man.

I dedicate to him in trust a strong man's share in the protection of the weak and helpless, and I hereby appoint him my chosen representative and defender of woman's purity.

And while I have no money, I bequeath to him a full portion of the truths that perish never and an undivided interest in the treasure that fadeth not away.

Signed and sealed in the Blood of the Covenant.

Witnessed by the unseen spirits of Mercy, love, and Righteousness, delivered to you who are beneficiary and sole executor. W. C. S.

CO-OPERATION BEGUN ON COUNTRY-WIDE PLAN

Nation and States Work Together in Road Improvement

$150,000,000 to Be Spent in Next Five Years on Highways on Half-and-Half Plan—Bill Signed by Wilson.

Washington, D. C., July 8.—Cooperation between the National Government and the States in highways improvement has begun on a country-wide program.

In the next five years $150,000,000 will be expended on a half-and-half plan, upon arterial roads selected by the highway authorities of the forty-eight states, subject to the approval of the Secretary of Agriculture.

The cooperative plan became effective when President Woodrow Wilson attached his signature to the concrete proposition which resulted in the merging by the conferees of the two bills passed by Congress, the Senate and House having adopted different measures. In greater degree the Senate bill found approval, for it directed quite positively the expenditure of the money and required the maintenance of the roads after construction by imposing a discontinuance of further funds for neglect in this important matter.

In the amalgamation of the two measures the conferees of the Senate were Senator John H. Bankhead, chairman of its Committee on Post Offices and Post Roads, and Senators Claude A. Swanson of Virginia and Charles E Townsend of Michigan. Representatives D. W. Shackleford, chairman of the Committee on Roads, and E. W. Saunders of Virginia, were the spokesmen for the House.

With the Federal Aid Convention conducted by the American Automobile Association in Washington, January 16-17, 1912, started the effort which finally resulted in the law just enacted. Congress answered this first gathering by the creation of a joint committee of the Senate and House, authorized to investigate upon the desirability and feasibility of Federal aid to the States. Its report was distinctly favorable.

Combining their energies, the American Association of State Highway Officials and the American Automobile Association urged the fundamentals contained in the Bankhead-Shackleford legislation accomplished.

Chairman George C. Diehl of the A. A. A. Good Road Board thus comments on this new policy of combining Federal and State funds in roads building:

"The majority of the states have provided for definite systems of state highways, which they are constructing as rapidly as available means permit. Every effort should be directed now toward having the federal funds apply on these state systems and not frittered away on countless little disconnected local roads. It is the duty of those who wish to see tangible and lasting benefit derived from the federal aid to shape public sentiment so as to have it solidly back of the policy of applying federal aid to the completion of the state highway systems and to the connecting up of these systems with each other so that, while serving the primary interests of each state, we shall proceed rapidly toward the acquirement of a comprehensive national system."

Added to the $75,000,000 from the Federal Treasury will be a like amount fro mthe several states. The Federal distribution is on the basis of area, population, and rural delivery and star routes. The first year appropriation is $5,000,000, with a yearly increase of the same amount during the five years period.

MR. B. F. MORGAN DEAD

Passed Away Last Night at James Walker Memorial Hospital.

Mr. Benjamin Franklin Morgan, 38 years old, died last night at about 11 o'clock at the James Walker Memorial hospital, to which institution he was recently removed for treatment from his residence, No. 109 Dock street. He leaves a widow and other relatives. He was a mmber of Jeff Davis Council, Jr. O. U. A. M. The body will be taken to Richard's on the train which leaves the city this evening at 6:30 o'clock.

Merchants' Trade Hurt.

Several merchants called up The Star last night to state that their Saturday's trade was seriously damaged by the alarm aroused among the people of the city and from outlying sections by the presence of several military companies in Wilmington. They stated that in their opinion the outside troops were not needed. Customers from the country who had the hardihood to come to town at all called for their packages to be wrapped up quickly, they declared, as they wished to be gone before any trouble started.

New York, July 8.—James Y. Joyner, superintendent of public instruction for North Carolina, was today elected secretary of the board of trustees of the National Education Association, after having been chosen as a member of the executive committee earlier in the day. Carroll G. Pearse, of Milwaukee, Wis., was made chairman of the board.

ATTENTION

CAROLINA YACHT CLUB.

Members are hereby notified that inability to secure Court Room and other existing conditions the Special meeting called for Monday night, July 10th, has been indefinitely postponed Members will receive due and timely notice of next date.

By order of the Governing Board.
R. G. RANKIN, Purser.

Notice To Union Men!

Wilmington Trades Council will hold their regular meeting in Old Odd Fellows' Hall, on next Monday night, at 8 o'clock. Members of all local unions are invited to meet with us.

WILMINGTON TRADES COUNCIL

FAYETTEVILLE TO TAKE HAND IN RATE CONTEST

To Intervene in Baltimore-Carolina Company Petition.

Chamber of Commerce Will be Represented at Interstate Commerce Commission Hearing at Goldsboro July 17.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Fayetteville, N. C., July 8.—The Fayetteville chamber of commerce at a special meeting last night voted to intervene in the petition of the Baltimore & Carolina Steamship Company and the Goldsboro chamber of commerce against the Atlantic Coast Line, Seaboard, Southern and Norfolk Southern railroads before the Interstate Commerce Commission, a hearing on which is to be held at Goldsboro on the 17th of July.

The object of the petition is to break up an alleged combination between the defendant railroad companies and the Clyde Line, Merchants & Miners Transportation Company and Old Dominion Steamship Company, as a result of which the Baltimore & Carolina company claims it is about to be forced out of the North Carolina ports. Maj. L. R. Huske was made chairman of a committee to handle Fayetteville's part of the action. This committee will work up the case from the local standpoint and will be present at the hearing in Goldsboro.

The lowering of freight rates to interior North Carolina points is the ultimate goal aimed at by the interested business men in bringing this matter before the Interstate Commerce Commission. They contend that the scale of rates asked for in the petition will give interior North Carolina points approximately the same rate that is now in effect from Norfolk to these points, thereby reducing rates from Baltimore and points north of that city one-third. As the Philadelphia, New York, Boston and Providence rates are based on a certain fixed differential, beginning with 7 cents first class and ending with one cent on the lettered classes over the Baltimore rate, they claim that a reduction in the Baltimore schedule will automatically reduce rates from the Eastern cities named.

The petition alleges that the Baltimore & Carolina Steamship Company is about to be frozen out of the port of Wilmington because of the alleged fact that all the available dock facilities there are owned or controlled by the Atlantic Coast Line, the Seaboard, the Clyde Line or Alexander Sprunt & Son.

DODGE BROTHERS
MOTOR CAR

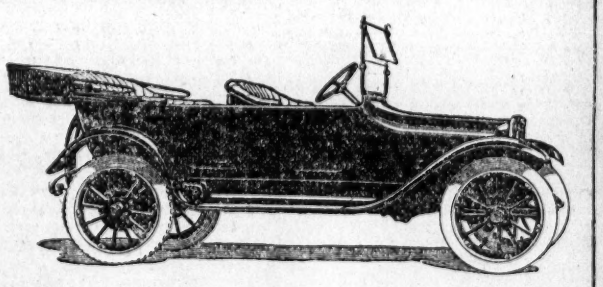
One of the sincerest compliments paid the car is the eager demand for it at second-hand.

You will rarely see it mentioned in the second-hand advertisements. There is a constant waiting market and the price is always high.

It will pay you to visit us and examine this car

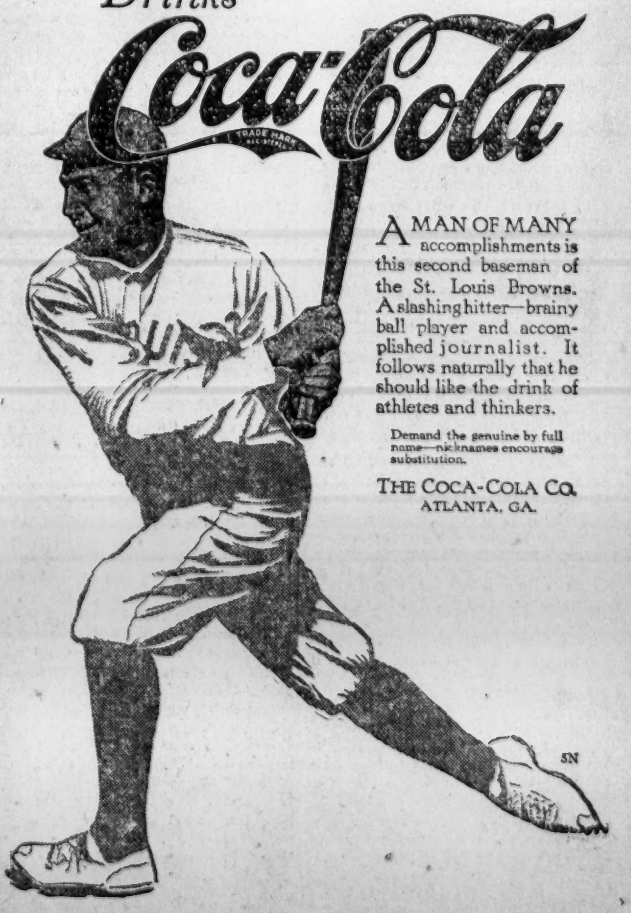
The gasoline consumption is unusually low
The tire mileage is unusually high.

The price of the Touring Car or Roadster complete is $785 (f. o. b. Detroit)



W. D. MacMILLAN, Jr.
108 North Second Phone 345

"Del" Pratt
Drinks
Coca-Cola

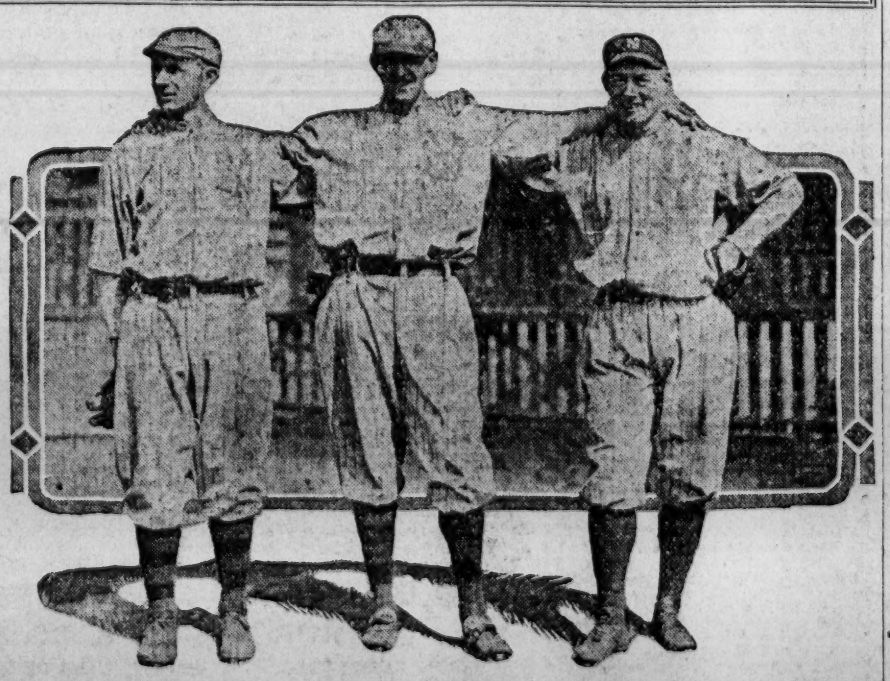


A MAN OF MANY accomplishments is this second baseman of the St. Louis Browns. A slashing hitter—brainy ball player and accomplished journalist. It follows naturally that he should like the drink of athletes and thinkers.

Demand the genuine by full name—nicknames encourage substitution.

THE COCA-COLA CO.
ATLANTA, GA.

OLD GUARD OF THE YANKEES' PITCHING STAFF.



RAY FISHER — RAY CALDWELL (THE THREE RAYS) — RAY KEATING

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1874.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year; $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year; $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months

THE SUNDAY STAR, by mail, one year, $1.00; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may rest assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina. Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate, and like matter, will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted, and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected, unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to
THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

SUNDAY, JULY 9, 1916.

TOP O' THE MORNING.

To despise nothing in the world except falsehood and meanness, and to fear nothing except cowardice; to be governed by your admirations rather than by your disgusts; to covet nothing that is your neighbors except his kindness of heart and gentleness of manners; to think seldom of your enemies, often of your friends, and every day of Christ.

—HENRY VAN DYKE.

Man brings more on himself than others ever bring to him.

The army surgeons who examine men for the army are sending many Northern recruits home because they have flat feet.

No man will ever be driven to drink so long a she sticks to the water-wagon and permits himself to be driven to the dry grins.

A man appears awfully great if he can only get people to believe that he can do things that he knows that it is impossible for him to do.

A Marylander claims that he saw an enormous snake on the Fourth of July. Considering the date, nobody will dispute with any man who saw snakes.

Preparedness must be an actual state. Making out like we are prepared when we are not is equivalent to a bluff which makes the other fellow laugh.

The Jacksonville Times-Union philosopher remarks that "because the young man in love can't see this finish they say love is blind." Another is that a girl in love doesn't get her eyes open till after she has given herself away to some boob.

Grave problems ought to be settled just as soon as all the men get breakfast and get down town. Every one of them knows exactly how to settle it—in his mind.

"Greet every man with a smile," says a writer. That rule won't work with a man who thinks you are grinning at him because you know something on him.

A Boston girl married a man whom she saved from drowning. That was romantic, but if she is disappointed in the man she may blame herself for knowing how to swim.

A man of 60 acknowledges that he was foolish when he was 25, but the probability is that it is only his age that prevents him from being just as foolish as he ever was.

A political party can only do what those who represent it do. Therefore, the people can count on the Republican party to do them, if it should be trusted with power again.

"I am very busy this morning," said a business man to a caller. "Well," was the retort, "I want you to get busy with me, as I am in a hurry to get down to business myself."

Rear Admiral Peary has withdrawn from the sanatorial race in Maine, but he was like all of us who abandon a race when we discover that we are not in it so's anybody would notice it.

It is announced that Mrs. Hettie Green "died and left her vast fortune, estimated at from $20,000,000 to $100,000,000." Of course, whether her fortune was 30 cents or $100,000,000, we are convinced that she had to leave it.

President Carranza not only recognizes the folly of a break with this country but is fully cognizant of the virtue of assistance that is badly needed. No doubt that has all along been his judgment, but he has had to deal with circumstances that had to be carefully considered by him as a Mexican seeking the best interest of his country and the support of its people.

IN THE GRIP OF THE MILITARY.

Whether or not the strike situation fully warranted it, a battalion consisting of some 200 State troops arrived in Wilmington yesterday morning to preserve order. Whether one objects to their presence or welcomes the military for the sake of good order, it is an impressive lesson that all citizens can take to heart.

When we are not law abiding as individuals, the law lays its hands on us to restrain us in behalf of organized society. It may be the sheriff or a policeman or several civil officers, but they are sure to come after us and get us unless we see them first. Just so, when disorder becomes wholesale, the law comes after us with its larger organized force, such as the military organization.

So it is that when we do things and get the cops after us, it follows that when we disturb the peace in considerable or large bodies we bring the military down on us. It gives us to understand that law and order must be upheld for our own good and safety, and that all attempts of ours to violate or defy the law is all in vain. We ought to know that we can't do it very long before the law comes in sufficient force to enforce order, whether men raise a disturbance in a just cause or otherwise. The law is intended as the arbiter of our differences and contentions, so it is well to recognize the fact that if we do not obey we invite the hand of authority to compel us to abide by the law. It is a rather costly lesson for us, however, for we have to foot the expense, and it would be even worse were the civil law suspended and martial law substituted for our own self government.

We should remember that disorder settles nothing. It is never a solution of a wrong. By revolution men may assert their rights, but disorder in a civic community makes matters worse and never at all affects the questions at issue. Though we may try to be a law unto ourselves, it can't be done. Due process of law is our only remedy and sooner or later it takes our cause out of our hands when we try to enforce our own will, whether or not our cause may be just.

When order is restored in Wilmington, it will give us time to settle the street car strike. We could never settle it in the midst of disorder, whether ill advised or psychological. The law takes no side in our controversies. It simply restrains us when we do not resort to the court processes or to arbitration to right our wrongs. Any other resort on the part of any of us is time wasted and trouble invited.

THE FATE OF A BURGLAR.

Execution in the electric chair within the penitentiary walls at Raleigh on Friday was the fate of Lawrence Swinson, a young Wilmington negro who was convicted of burglary for entering and robbing numbers of residences in this city. He was only 23 years of age, but hardly before he became a man he forfeited his life through his own criminal acts. His fate ought to be a warning to young negroes who have a chance to be industrious and honest and law-abiding, with the consciousness that the law will not lay its hands upon them and take away their lives or their liberty.

The fact that the State had to take the life of Lawrence Swinson ought to be a wholesome lesson for other young negroes who are starting out in life under the idea that they can live easier by crime than by work. The one who works makes a better living, is sure that he will not become a convict and will not be the cause of his own death amid the deadly coils of electricity applied by the avenging State.

In this State there are four crimes by which a man can forfeit his life to the State—murder, criminal assault, burglary and arson. Upon conviction of breaking into an occupied residence at night time, or setting fire to an occupied residence at night, the electric chair is where the guilty one ends his career. But a few months ago Lawrence Swinson was at liberty and had a chance to work and obey the law, but for some time he had some sections of the city terrorized by his burglaries. Sooner or later he was caught and swiftly he was sent into eternity. The richest loot he got by crime was absolutely nothing compared with the loss of his life, ended miserably as a victim of the righteous law of the State.

While the memory of it is fresh, Swinson's fate might well be used by our colored ministers and other leaders of the race in this city, to emphasize and impress a lasting lesson upon the minds of the young colored men of this city.

A SPENDTHRIFT SYSTEM.

The University News Letter takes Mississippi as an example of what it calls a "spendthrift system of agriculture, viz—a one-crop farm tenancy, crop lien, supply merchant, time-credit system." The State produces enormous values, chiefly in cotton, but it does not retain the wealth so produced. It is sent West for food and feed crops, which Mississippi neglects to produce so that she can retain her farm wealth at home. In other words, during the census year, Mississippi raised only $67,000,000 of food and feed crops, while $129,000,000 went out of the state in ready cash to pay for bread, meat, grain, hay and forage. Mississippi's cotton crop failed to pay her bill for imported food by $35,000,000. Had she produced her own food and feed crops in addition to cotton, she would have kept Mississippi money in Mississippi. To the contrary, the wealth she produced in cotton landed in the West and stuck right there.

FREE EDUCATION AND A FREE PRESS

Ignorance among the masses and a press dominated by the government and special interests accounts for the deplorable conditions in Mexico, and whatever change for the better there was some years ago, it came too late to save Mexico from itself. The system followed for about a century under a so-called Republican form of government meant that sooner or later Mexico was paving the way for her fall. No republic can survive the ignorance of its mases.

In our own country the two things which ultimately will save the United States from the consequences of a somewhat similar system carried on by Republican administrations are free education for the masses and a free press that cannot all be controlled or subsidized by the special interests that are historically and ultimately subversive of permanent government. There are some who even attack our public school system and asail an outspoken press, but there never was a truer thing said for both than the two subjoining paragraphs which we take from an editorial in the New York World:

"Nowhere on earth is it possible to find a more impressive example of democracy than that furnished by the public schools of the United States. The American public school is more democratic than the American ballot-box. To promote and perpetuate democracy, it is sustained by property, and the children of poverty are instructed side by side with the children of wealth.

The American people pay more than half a billion dollars yearly for this first training in democracy.

"Nowhere on earth is it possible to find a newspaper press so generally independent, enterprising ad painstaking as that of the United States. In most cases its great resources are generously used. In its search for truth it spares neither men nor money. There are exceptions, of course, but in the main, American journalism is tireless not only in pursuit of fact but in its warfare upon error. The press also is a citadel of democracy."

Enlightenment for every man and woman and a press supported by the people instead of by wealthy corporations constitute the only safeguard in a republic. Were the people kept in ignorance and the press controlled or dominated, we would have no such thing as a government of the people, by the people, for the people.

Everlastingly true it is, therefore, that the World declares: "The most powerful arms of American democracy are the free schools and the free press. Both should welcome fair and wholesome criticism. To assail them falsely or flippantly is to strike at the very foundations of the republic."

It is by fair and wholesome criticism of the free schools and the free press by the free people that we can get the most from our country's schools and its press. If the schools or the press or the government are not what they ought to be, it is the fault of the people, while to a great extent if the people go wrong it is the fault of the government or the press, at least that portion of it which misleads.

When the special interests of this country buy up and own whole strings of magazines or newspapers, they do not belong to the free press of America. We have seen young men with their pockets full of such controlled literature and only recently we heard one boast that he never got his opinions from the newspapers but from the magazines.

Our young magazine reader never once stopped to think that the only difference between a newspaper and a magazine is that they are simply edited publications apearing daily, weekly, monthly or fortnightly and that it is as easy to buy up or control one as the other. There are many untrammelled and wholesome magazines as well as newspapers that are in daily touch with the people, mirroring their thoughts, recording their doings, going into their homes and practically standing in with them and for them. Next to his religion and his wife and children, a free newspaper is a man's best friend.

ON CURING TOBACCO.

To the Editor of The Star:

Forty-nine years ago I began growing tobacco. A few years later I decided that there were certain days better than others on which to cut tobacco for it to cure up nicely and have a rich, "waxy" and heavy body. To find out the way to tell these dates, and to tell them ahead, has been a hard job, but I was finally successful. To explain, let me say that tobacco has an oily substance which is its natural possession. It has a sap (water) like other vegetation. When the sap rises it runs the oil out through the pores of the leaves, on the principle that oil and water won't mix, and the oil being the lighter is pushed out by the sap. Tobacco cut in this state will be light and "chaffy". You see there is nothing but sap in the tobacco, and when cured this sap is gone. It evaporates and leaves the tobacco light and worthless. But to cut tobacco when the sap is down and the oil has full sway, you can cure it up nicely and with a heavy body, it will be rich and "waxy". This happens because the tobacco is full of oil, instead of sap, and the oil can't evaporate and remains in the tobacco to make it rich and heavy. It has been my experience that we must cut tobacco when there is oil in it if we expect to have oil in it when cured. For instance, you have experienced cutting one week and having excellent luck and then cut a few days later, probably off the same piece of ground and with riper tobacco and have no luck at all.

I shall be pleased to answer any correspondence from tobacco growers who may want to write me, provided postage is sent for reply.

Yours truly,
D. V. DAVIS,
Fork, N. C., June 28.

Memphis, Tenn., July 7.—Douglas Watters, of New Orleans, won the single championship of the South today, defeating Carleton Y. Smith, of Atlanta, 6-2, 10-8, 5-7, 6-2, in the finals of the tournament hereof the Southern Tennis Association. Finals in the doubles and singles will be played tomorrow.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The Wilmington Star says: "We have to do the best we can with the lights before us, but the news censors are going to see to it that the light before us will be mighty scarce. It will make people suspect that something is being suppressed." Then we should get busy and see what we can do to the news censors.—Jacksonville Times-Union.

Mr. J. O. Carr, of Wilmington, who is being pressed for district attorney to succeed Judge Winston is Democratic elector-at-large for the State and one of the strongest men in the eastern section of North Carolina. The larger part of the east is united in his support and a tremendous pressure is being brought to bear in his favor. Mr. Bailey finds in the Cape Fear competitor about the stiffest proposition he has encountered. It is always the custom to speak of "the machine" in connection with any of the aspirations of Mr. Bailey, but The Observer takes no stock in such talk. We believe this is one appointment that is going to be awarded on merit.—Charlotte Observer.

The parade and meeting in Madison Square yesterday of 20,000 or more garment workers came after ten weeks of lockout and with most of their families on the verge of starvation. As an expression of their determination to stand out in a just cause, the demonstration was most impressive. As a force in keeping the white light of public opinion beating fiercely on the associated employers who break their agreements with employes, it will not be without effect. The issue is clear. These starving workers stand for conciliation and arbitration in labor disputes, and the inviolability of agreements to that effect. Their old employers stand for such agreements only as long as the arbitrations go their way. These are the facts as established by a committee of well known and disinterested citizens. They cannot be whistled away. They pillory the associated employers in the public forum as men who have no regard for their own word when it affects their own labor, and as men who have no regard for the industrial peace and the community welfare when they think they can gain a point in industrial disorder and distress. Their position is more and more turning the business community against them. Let the Mayor give them one more chance to choose between arbitration and continued anarchy and starvation.—New York World.

ABOUT 150 PEOPLE ATTEND COUNTRY LIFE INSTITUTE.

Various Problems of Rural Home, Society and Activity Discussed.

Chapel Hill, N. C., July 8.—The country community, the country home, farm co-operation and credit, community health, child welfare, campaigns and health surveys furnished discussion topics for the Thursday and Friday sessions of the Country Life Institute here. About 150 people have so far registered for the institute and the interest continues to grow.

Thursday was observed as "Country Work and Wealth Day." Prof. W. C. Crosby, of Raleigh, took as his subject "The Country Community." He asserted that the country people have long suspected that there is something wrong with country life. But the trouble lies primarily with the country people themselves; they must work out their own salvation. There must be leadership, with vision, in every community. Farmers have too long been led by little politicians who betrayed them. They have been interested in reforming everything else except their own communities.

Mrs. W. N. Hutt, of Raleigh, discussed "The Country Home." The country people have neglected the location of their homes, she said, with reference to health, beauty and convenience. Health is directly dependent on the home. The country home must always be the center of moral strength. Women need leisure time to read and to enjoy the abundant life.

Miss Lulu M. Cassidey explained the girls' club work, declaring that club work is the greatest single factor in the new rural education. Mr. T. E. Brown made clear the work of the boys' clubs. He regarded the greatest value of club work the linking up of the school work with the home work—the material value is not the big thing.

BIG DAY AT BLADENBORO

Large Audience Hears Prof. Newman—Big Picnic Dinner—Contests.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Bladenboro, N. C., July 8.—Bladenboro had a fine day on the Fourth. Prof. Newman, of the A. & M. college, Raleigh, made a fine talk on agriculture to about six or seven hundred people. No speaker ever struck a more responsive chord. Everybody was pleased with the address. It was plain common-sense advice to a community that wants help and is doing things.

After the speech a picnic dinner and barbecue were served. No nicer dinner was ever spread. The table was wired off and a bunch of Bladenboro's fine young ladies waited on the crowd. While the mothers spread the goodies, Dr. Norman, Mr. Neill Singletary, Mr. R. B. Buie, Mr. Bud Freeman and Mr. Ed McLean carved.

After this was over, Mr. C. O. Bridger, manager of the field exercises, took charge and there was some fun. Prof. Newman said his only regret in leaving was that he did not have a photo of six or eight 10-year-old boys who engaged in a soda cracker eating contest. Each boy was given six crackers and a prize was offered for the one who could devour the six first. Vaulting, jumping and a cycle race closed a pleasant day in which neighbors and friends came together for recreation, instruction and social intercourse. Perfect order and harmony prevailed.

Messrs. R. C., C. O. and R. L. Bridger, Jr., A. H. Hilburn, Dr. J. L. Norman, C. C. Dunn and others deserve the thanks of the community for this pleasant day.

Bladenboro's school bonds were sold at Elizabethtown Monday, and soon the work will begin on a modern school building. Bidding for a site has been advertised for the 12th, on which date a location will be chosen. The property owner who offers the greatest inducement in price and donation will land the location. This is as great a step forward as Bladenboro has ever taken.

SUFFRAGISTS TO MEET.

National Convention to be Held in September This Year.

Greensboro, N. C., July 8.—Mrs. Al Fairbrother, chairman of the publicity committee of the North Carolina Equal Suffrage League, has just issued the following notice:

"News is sent out from National suffrage headquarters that the annual convention usually held in November will be called this year in September, 6-10 inclusive, place of meeting Atlantic City, with prospects of a larger attendance than at any previous time in the life of the organization.

"The selection of time and place for the great National gathering is most fortunate, September being a month when Atlantic City is most attractive and when the largest number of distinguished visitors can be counted on for the added stimulus of their presence. North Carolina suffragists will have the rare good fortune of being among those within easy reach of the convention city. Thousands of women go each season from this section to the popular summer resort for pleasure only. Why not postpone the trip until September and witness the largest and most representative gathering of politically progressive women ever assembled in America? Mrs. Charles Malcolm Platt, president of the North Carolina Equal Suffrage Association, wants to see a large delegation from this State, wants to let the world know that North Carolina is not behind in the great forward movement that has reached around the globe, and urges, through the publicity chairman, just as many as can possibly arrange to go to meet her there at that time.

"In anticipation of the National convention the executive board of the North Carolina Equal Suffrage Association will meet in Salisbury September 4, when it is hoped that every member can be present. This meeting was to have been held in June, but for the convenience of some who could not attend at that time, has been postponed until September."

MOUNT OLIVE DRUGGIST TO FACE FEDERAL COURT.

Gus Ross Charged With Violation of Harrison Act.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Goldsboro, N. C., July 8.—At a hearing in this city before United States Commissioner Hatch, Gus Ross, druggist at Mount Olive, was bound over to Federal court at Wilson, October 3, for violating the provisions of the Harrison anti-narcotic law. The case was brought to a hearing by Mr. Augustus Bradley, narcotic deputy.

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HEALTH IS WEALTH
by John B. Huber, A.M., M.D.

Health is the vital principle of bliss; and exercise of health. Thomson.

Milk In Summer

PERHAPS the most vital of all summer subjects is milk. Impurity of milk is one of the greatest factors in the large infant mortality. Breast fed infants almost never suffer summer complaints and dysenteries; these diseases come largely from cow's milk, either impure or improperly prepared and this mortality can be largely avoided—is indeed, summer after summer, being progressively diminished. Municipal authorities, aided most nobly by unofficial philanthropy, have been accomplishing vast improvement in our milk supplies. Pasteurization is now likely to become the process universally required for rendering milk a safe fluid. Large dairy concerns now serve their milk pasteurized, or pasteurization can be done in the home by means of the Straus Home Pasteurizer. This consists essentially of three parts; a can, a rack to hold the bottles of milk and a top for the can. The bottles are filled to the neck, the patent corks are snapped on and then the bottles are placed in the rack. The rack is then so placed in the can as to be supported by three projections on the inside of the can. Boiling water is then poured into the can until it reaches a certain mark just below the bottoms of the bottles. The covers are then placed on the can and the bottles left in this position for five minutes to heat them through. When five minutes have passed, the cover is taken off, the rack is given a half turn, so that it is no longer supported by the projections on the inside of the can; and it sinks slowly to the bottom of the can. The cover is then replaced. The whole is then allowed to stand for twenty-five minutes, when the cover is removed, the rack lifted out, the hot water partially emptied, and cold water poured into the can in its place. When the bottles are cool enough so that they will not be cracked by contact with the ice, ice is added to chill them as thoroughly as possible. Pasteurization is thus accomplished with a degree of exactness almost unbelievable unless one has seen the experiment with the thermometer. For the first five minutes that the bottles rest in the water the milk reaches a temperature of 157 F. It then remains at exactly this temperature without variation of more than two degrees for the remaining twenty minutes that the bottles are in the hot water. The cost of this contrivance is nominal, about a dollar and fifty cents.

ASTHMA.

M. L. M. writes: 1. For a man who has been a sufferer from asthma for over thirty years is there any hope of a cure? If not, what will best relieve it? Never have it in winter. 2. Is epsom salts a good medicine for the blood? If not, what is good? How often can it be taken? 3. I was poisoned about a year ago from handling wild parsnips; it seems to be still in my system. At times my face will burn and have a slight breaking out; heat or excitement seems to bring it on. 4. I am five feet five or six inches tall, aged 27, and weigh 198. I think I am too heavy. 5. Would you advise me to take medicine from an obesity specialist?

Answer: 1. Watch for an article on asthma in this column. 2. Nothing better. A teaspoonful in a tumblerful of hot water an hour before breakfast. 3. Sometimes recurs year after year for several years, even though you are not near the plant. 4. You are too heavy by thirty pounds. 5. Depends on the specialist. See my article of May 30, on obesity.

WEIGHT AND NUTRITION.

Answer to Y. T. N.: Increase in weight is generally good evidence that the baby is being well nourished. One half to one ounce daily for the first four or five months, and half that amount for the rest of the year, is right. If at any time the child does not gain in weight and the mother's milk seems insufficient a milk prepared according to the formula of a good doctor may be added to the breast milk. Delayed teething is evidence of poor feeding.

EPILEPSY.

Answer to B. P.: "Jacksonian Epilepsy" results either from a brain tumor or abscess, or a hemorrhage in the brain, or an injury of that organ.

J. B. Huber

This column is devoted to disease prevention; to physical and mental hygiene; to domestic, industrial and public sanitation; to the promotion of health; efficiency and long life. The latest developments in medical science will be presented. Questions of general interest will be answered here, space permitting—all others by mail if stamped return envelope is enclosed. Requests for personal diagnosis or treatment cannot, however, be considered in any way.

MONDAY: Summer Sneezes

TALKS ON THRIFT

THRIFT CAMPAIGN SERIES

SHE SPOILED HER DAUGHTER IN THE RAISING.

Somewhere in the suburbs of New York live a man and wife, happily married, with one child. The husband has a job that brings a fairly good income and the wife keeps the house and takes care of the baby. Both are well bred. He was a Southern gentleman; she is the daughter of well-to-do parents, went to boarding school, is handsome and accomplished. She learned everything a girl should know but the one essential thing, how to make a home. Her mother had her maid. The daughter's clothes were always ready and her mending done. Her youthful years were spent in having a good time and learning the art of being a lady.

She married. Now she must run a home. She doesn't know how. Her husband gives her $125 a month for the house. Because she never learned to cook and can't afford a cook, they must take their dinners out. Therefore Mr. Husband comes home, takes care of the baby while Mrs. Wife rushes half a mile to a boarding house, eats her dinner in a hurry and rushes back; then he hurries half a mile to the boarding house and gets his fag-end dinner. Her generous allowance is gone when the month is up and it has bought no satisfaction. They have no "homey" meals together; they blame the baby—they ought to blame her mother.

Had this wife been brought up to be a woman instead of just a lady, she would take that thirty dollars they spend every month for boarding house dinners and get two meals a day for two that would make the boarding house dinners look like a ten cent lunch. But she doesn't know how. She doesn't study her job. She can't save her energy. The time and effort spent to get to the boarding house and back, the dressing, the annoyance and the worry would more than get the meal, and a better one, and clear it away. She doesn't want to be merely a lady, she would rather be a woman; now it's too late—she's spoiled.

But it's not altogether her fault. She wasn't trained right. She is a parlor ornament and not a thrifty wife. She can't save. She can just be sweet; but sweetness never runs a home. It's good for dessert, but a home is made of beefsteak and potatoes and pies and puddings that "touch the spot," and the old saying is as true now as ever, that "the way to a man's heart is through his stomach," and lucky the woman who has found it out.

Don't spoil your daughter in the raising. Teach her to look upon housekeeping as an art—a science, worthy of a place in the school curriculum, and absolutely essential to the comfort and well being of a home. If the wife is a woman, she will be a lady, but she can be a lady and only a big doll.

PROTEST AGAINST THE PRESENCE OF MILITIA

Mass Meeting of Citizens Held in Court House Last Night.

Resolutions Adopted Requesting Withdrawal of Militiamen Forwarded to Governor Craig—An Orderly Gathering.

Resolutions of protest against "militiamen being brought here for the purpose of intimidating our citizens and suppressing the indignation and public opinion of a large majority of our people" were adopted at a mass meeting of citizens held in the Court House last night, which was attended by probably not less than 700 men while more than 100 had to be turned away because of a lack of room. The gathering was an orderly one in every respect although the depth of feeling was shown by vigorous applause on the part of the big gathering when a telling point was made. It was unanimously voted that copies of the resolutions be sent Governor Craig, Mayor Moore and the City Council of Wilmington.

Iredell Meares, Esq., who was chosen chairman by a unanimous vote, made an eloquent speech in which he protested strongly against the calling out of the militia, declaring that in his opinion the Mayor, Chief of Police and the Sheriff should have handled the situation without calling in outside aid. Mr. Meares, who is Republican candidate for judge in this district, was applauded vociferously during the course of his brief address by the large crowd present, a majority of whom were men representing the various trades of the city, while there were many business and professional men in attendance.

Every available seat in the court room was occupied while several hundred had to stand. But little time was consumed in making speeches and the meeting soon got down to the business for which it had been called. The call for the meeting had been sent out by Mr. C. H. Huband, ex-president of the Wilmington Typographical Union, who briefly explained the object of the gathering. "We are asking that the militia be taken out because there was no need for them at first and less need for them now," he declared and this brought forth a storm of applause. Continuing he declared that the police and the sheriff had furnished all the protection that had been needed. "We have as law abiding people as are to be found anywhere and when we leave this room we will leave as law abiding citizens as we always are," he concluded in urging moderation.

The Resolutions Adopted.

Following the selection of Mr. Meares as chairman and his speech expressing pleasure in accepting such as honor from such a gathering of men, a committee was appointed to draft resolutions. The report of the committee was adopted with but two dissenting votes. The chorus of "ayes" fairly shook the rafters. The resolutions follows:

"Whereas, Four companies of militia have been brought to this city from other parts of the State, in the guise of maintaining order, when there has been no breach of the peace, and

"Whereas, the Sheriff of New Hanover County and Chief of Police of the City of Wilmington have demonstrated their ability to preserve order and protect property, and

"Whereas, armed intervention is always an invitation to armed resistance, and

"Whereas, we the citizens of the City of Wilmington, N. C., in mass meeting assembled, believing that the peace of the city and county can best be preserved by eliminating those factors that are most likely to cause a clash with our citizens and the needless shedding of blood and perhaps wholesale slaughter, therefore, be it

"Resolved, That we hereby solemnly protest against militiamen being brought here for the purpose of intimidating our citizens and suppressing the indignation and public opinion of a large majority of our people; and, be it

"Further resolved, That we request the sheriff to take immediate steps to have the militiamen withdrawn from our midst, believing he will thereby do the thing that is best calculated to preserve the peace and good order of the community.

"C. H. HUBAND,
"W. G. HATCH,
"R. M. MURRAY,
"J. TILLMAN HOWARD,
"THOMAS HILL,
"Committee."

After the adoption of the resolutions it was suggested that it would be well to send a copy of the resolutions to Governor Craig, the Mayor of the city and to City Council. This met with the cordial approval of the audience. Somebody suggested, "send a copy to the Sheriff" but this was not included. Mr. Meares stated that a copy of the resolutions would be telegraphed Governor Craig last night.

"We are able and willing to take care of law and order and I for one will do all in my power to enforce law and to see that others do," declared Mr. Thomas Hill in a forceful appeal to the audience. Mr. A. A. O'Brien, who stated that he had only lived in Wilmington for about two years, declared that he considered the dignity of Wilmington, outside of a few roughs and toughs, who are properly taken care of, as being on a par with any city he had ever lived in. He was vociferously applauded when he declared that "we have some rights and unless we stand by them we will be trampled under foot by monopoly."

Mr. Henderson Cole thought that Wilmington was receiving some adverse criticism which he thought was unjustified.

"We are supposed to be in a serious crisis; one that vitally effects the future welfare of the city," said Mr. Meares in his address, "but so far as I can see we have been in somewhat of a humorous mood. Certainly, so far, we have had no threat of a riot or of the destruction of property that would justify the calling of the militia. I have no sympathy with the coward that throws a rock against a street car in which there are women and children."

Mr. Meares pointed out that the Supreme Court of the United States has ruled regarding the rights that men have in a strike. Among other things it is expressly held by the court that men on a strike may endeavor to keep other men from working in their places and may also use every legitimate means to secure sympathy for their cause. Violence, however, can never be countenanced.

Mr. Meares declared that he did not believe that any group of men have gone through a strike with a greater purpose or a greater moderation. With such a large gathering of people on the streets, said Mr. Meares, 95 per cent. of whom were there merely as spectators, it would have been surprising if there had not been some who might have been disposed to violence. He characterized the attitude of some of the citizens as being that of hysteria but declared that this did not justify resorting to things that were harmful to the city.

Mr. Meares explained that from information he had secured, Judge W. P. Stacy, as the chief judicial officer of this district, was justified in the course pursued by him, especially as he had understood that the Chief of Police had said that he could not take care of the situation and the sheriff had said that to preserve law and order would be a great imposition upon his deputies. Under the circumstances he thought that he would have done likewise.

Several of the local attorneys present were called on for addresses but only one responded, this being J. C. King, Esq., who declared that the police department he felt had been somewhat unjustly criticisd. Several other men were called on for speeches but did not respond. The meeting was attended by representatives of the local press, who were named as secretaries. Following the adjournment, the gathering filed slowly down the stairs without any demonstrations.

Referring to the statement made at the meeting that he had said that he could not enforce law and order in the city with the force at his command, Chief of Police Williams said last night that he had not said this but that he had said that he believed he could preserve order unless there should be an uprising by several hundred persons in which event a small force of policemen would manifestly be inadequate.

MR. SEITTERS LEAVES MONDAY

Popular Physical Director of Local Y. M. C. A. to Take Vacation Before Going to Yonkers.

Mr. J. P. Seitters, who has been the popular and efficient physical director of the Wilmington Y. M. C. A. for the past three years, leaves tomorrow night for a vacation of several weeks before going to Yonkers, N. Y., where he will be connected with the Y. M. C. A. in that city in a similar capacity. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Seitters and little daughter. Mr. Seitters, as announced some time ago, will be succeeded in Wilmington September 1st by Mr. Oscar Keller, who recently graduated at the Chicago Y. M. C. A. Training School.

Mr. and Mrs. Seitters will visit the parents of the latter in Detroit, Mich., and will then go to Mr. Seitter's home in Dayton, Ohio. They also expect to spend some time in the mountains of West Virginia. Mr. Seitters came to the Wilmington association at the time it entered the handsome new building on Market street in the fall of 1913. Under his direction the physical department has been conducted in a most satisfactory and successful manner. There are more young men enrolled in the classes now than ever before in its history and not only are the members of this department manifesting keen interest in physical training but they are also actively engaged in many other forms of association work.

Mr. Seitters goes to the association in Yonkers as it begins its work in a new building with modern equipment in every department. While the Yonkers association is bigger than the local association it has never before had a very efficient physical department because of lack of equipment. It offers a big opportunity for Y. M. C. A. work and is in close touch with both New York and Philadelphia, both of which cities are Y. M. C. A. centers.

MR. J. P. SEITTERS

Mr. Seitters became identified in 1904 with the Y. M. C. A. in Dayton, O., continuing as a member for three years. He was president of the leaders' club for two years and in 1906 and 1907 won the all-round gymnasium and aquatic championship medals. He entered the Chicago Y. M. C. A. training school in the fall of 1907. For two years while a student in this school he had full charge of the T. W. Swift Memorial social settlement.

Following his graduation from the Chicago school at Lake Geneva, Wis., in July of 1910, Mr. Seitters went to the Y. M. C. A. in Detroit as first assistant to Dr. J. B. Modesix and had full charge of the gymnasium floor work and of the physical examinations for two years. The year before coming to Wilmington, Mr. Seitters was physical director of the Y. M. C. A. in Wheeling, W. Va.

CAPT. D. T. CRONLY LEAVES

To Attend Big Fertilizer Convention at Hot Springs, Va.

Capt. D. T. Cronly, who has been here several days visiting his old home, left last night for Hot Springs, Va., where he will attend the annual meeting of the Southern and National Fertilizer associations. The headquarters of the convention will be at the Homestead Hotel, and the convention will open this week.

In addition to business matters which will come up for discussion at the convention, a golf tournament has been arranged for Friday, July 14, which will be open to all members. This feature of the convention is always quite an event and this year 17 prizes are offered to the winners of the various events.

PROSPECTS LOOK BRIGHTER

Endorsements Still Coming in for J. O. Carr for United States District Attorney.

With assurances from Senator Simmons, according to Washington dispatches, that he had not yet decided upon a recommendation as to an appointment for United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of North Carolina, and with strong endorsements coming in from all parts of the State in increasing numbers for J. O. Carr, Esq., of Wilmington, friends of the New Hanover man expressed themselves yesterday as very optimistic over the prospects.

As already stated in Washington dispatches, endorsements for Mr. Carr have gone forward to Washington in great numbers and from every section of the State. These endorsements have been of the very strongest kind because they specify that Mr. Carr is such a man as will fill the position with honor and credit both to himself and the government. Mr. Carr is recognized as easily one of the foremost lawyers in this section of the State.

The following resolutions, adopted unanimously by the New Hanover Democratic executive committee at a special meeting Friday afternoon, were forwarded to Senator Simmons yesterday:

"At a meeting of the Democratic Executive Committee, of New Hanover county, held in the city of Wilmington, at 1 o'clock on the 7th day of July, 1916, the following resolutions were unanimously passed:

"Whereas, The Hon. Francis D. Winston, has been appointed Judge of the Superior Court of North Carolina to succeed the late Robert B. Peebles, which creates a vacancy in the office of the United States District Attorney for the Eastern District of North aCrolina; and,

"Whereas, the said office of District Attorney is one of importance and dignity, and should be held by a lawyer of character and ability with knowledge of Federal practice; and,

"Whereas, the Hon. James Osborne Carr, of Wilmington, North Carolina, has been put forward by his friends as the proper man for this office, being a man of high character, and a lawyer of known and recognized ability, a staunch Democrat who has for years, without reward, or hope of reward, given of his time and money for the services of the party,

"Now, therefore, be it resolved, that the President of the United States be respectfully requested to appoint Mr. Carr to succeed Judge Winston, and that a copy of these resolutions be sent to the President, and to the Senators from North Carolina, and the Congressman from this District.

"T. E. COOPER,
"Chairman.
"C. C. CASHWELL,
"Secretary."

ENGINEER YOUNG TO SUPERVISE CONSTRUCTION OF STEAMSHIPS

For Clyde Line at Its Shipyard in Cleveland, Ohio.

Wilmington friends of Mr. B. O. Young, the genial and popular engineer of the Clyde steamship Cherokee, will regret to learn that he will leave the ship after its return trip from Georgetown, for which place it sailed last night. Returning to Wilmington, Mr. Young will sail for New York next Tuesday and from there will go to Cleveland, Ohio, where he will have the supervision of the construction of two new freight steamers at the Cleveland shipyards of the Clyde Steamship Company.

He goes there to represent the owners and the designer and will remain at Cleveland until September by which time it is expected that both vessels will be finished and ready for service. When Mr. Young returns to New York he will be re-assigned to service either to the Wilmington, Charleston or Jacksonville runs. His friends here hope he will be re-assigned to his old run to Wilmington.

According to statements carried in journals devoted to the interests of maritime trade, the Clyde and Mallory Steamship companies are building several steamships for their large and growing coastwise and West Indian lines. The Newport News Shipbuilding Company is building a large passenger steamer for the Mallory Line. It will be named the Henry Mallory in honor of Mr. Mallory, one of this country's foremost merchant marine men.

DR. RAWLINGS WILL SPEAK

Prominent Methodist Divine to Address Mass Meeting of Men This Afternoon—Union Service.

Rev. Dr. E. H. Rawlings, secretary of the Laymen's Movement of the Southern Methodist church and also educational secretary of the Board of Missions of this denomination, arrived in Wilmington yesterday from his home in Nashville, Tenn., and will speak to the Methodists of the city at three services today in the interest of the work of the laymen in the church.

Dr. Rawlings spent yesterday conferring with leading laymen. He will address a mass meeting of men at Grace Methodist church this afternoon at 4:30 o'clock. While the meeting is intended for all the men of the city, it is hoped that all Methodists who can possibly do so, will make it a point to be present. Dr. Rawlings is said to be a most forceful speaker and is regarded as one of the strongest preachers of the Southern Methodist church.

Dr. Rawlings will preach this morning at 11 o'clock at Fifth Avenue Methodist church and tonight will preach at a union meeting of all the Methodist churches in the city at Grace church. This service will be held at 8 o'clock.

Meeting is Postponed.

The special meeting of the Carolina Yacht Club which was called for tomorrow night has been postponed until a later date on account of the inability to secure the court room. The members will be notified of the date for the meeting.

Married Last Night.

At No. 14 Wooster street last evening, Miss Carrie Thompson, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. V. G. Thompson, and Mr. Walter Ganey, of Delgado, were married. The ceremony was performed by Rev. J. P. White, of Leland. Mr. and Mrs. Ganey will make their home at Delgado.

GOVERNOR GRANTS STAY

Of Execution in Case of Melvin Horne Until Commission Can Hold Hearing to Determine His Sanity.

K. O. Burgwin, Esq., returned yesterday from Asheville, where he secured Governor Locke Craig's promise to grant a stay of execution in the case of Melvin Horne, of Wilmington, sentenced to be electrocuted on July 21 at the State penitentiary at Raleigh for the murder of Mr. D. L. T. Capps in this city last summer, until an examination can be made into the condemned man's sanity. Mr. Burgwin has been associated with Cyrus D. Hogue, Esq., as counsel for Horne in both of the trials of the condemned man in the New Hanover courts.

At the same time, Governor Craig stated that he would appoint the superintendents of the three State Hospitals for the Insane as a commission to examine into Horne's sanity. They are Dr. Albert Anderson, Raleigh; Dr. W. W. Faison, Goldsboro, and Dr. John McCampbell, Morganton.

Governor Craig added that counsel in the case would be notified as to when the hearing in the case is to be conducted so that they could attend and submit evidence as to their client's mental condition. Although he was associated with Mr. Burgwin in Horne's defense, Cyrus D. Hogue, Esq., did not accompany the former to Asheville. However, he will probably attend the hearing the date of which will be announced later.

BOYS OF 18 NOW ACCEPTED FOR ENLISTMENT IN ARMY.

Without Parental Consent, According to Orders Received Here.

Men will hereafter be accepted for enlistment at the recruiting offices of the United States Army between the ages of 18 and 21 years without parental consent. Boys under 18 will also be accepted provided their parents or guardians give their consent. Heretofore the rule has been to accept no young men under 21 years of age without parental consent, but Corporal R. F. Tracy, in charge of the Wilmington recruiting office, has just received from the War Department at Washington, the following order:

"The Act of Congress approved June 3, 1916, 'The National Defense Act,' as construed by this department renders unnecessary the parental consent to enlistment of persons between 18 and 21 years, and authorizes the enlistment of any person under 18 years of age who is able to meet the requirements and has the consent of his parents or guardians."

Another order from the adjutant general's office directs recruiting officers to make no further acceptances for enlistment in the colored infantry or cavalry, the only two branches in which there are colored commands.

HAD FEAST BROKEN UP

Four Boys Were Enjoying Contents of Five Cans of Condensed Milk.

Four boys were enjoying a rather unusual feast on condensed milk at the foot of Market street yesterday afternoon when they were discovered by Mr. Hardy Haar, of the Peoples Supply Company, who with much difficulty had located them after he missed five cans of this article of food from the store in which he is employed as a salesman. Mr. Haar had seen several boys in the store and noticed they had carried out something. Quietly he followed them around the block, thence down to water street, then for two more blocks through the boiling sun he searched with the result as above mentioned.

The boys recognizing Mr. Haar, quickly dispersed, but he succeeded in capturing one. He was turned over to the police department on a charge of larceny. "I didn't steal the milk," he told the police, "but stayed outside while the others went in to get it. I thought that they paid for it."

The boy told the police that his name was W. L. Gaskill and that he was the same one who accidentally shot a boy at Sunset park some time ago. "The sight of a gun makes me sick," he confided to Sergeant Moore, "and I never want to see one again."

HAS NOT PURCHASED NEWS.

Senator W. B. Cooper Says He Has Not Acquired Southport Paper.

"I have not purchased the Southport News and know nothing about how the rumor got out that I had done so," declared Senator W. B. Cooper yesterday afternoon before leaving for Waynesville, where he will spend a short vacation with Mrs. Cooper. The report that interests represented by Senator Cooper had acquired The News was contained in a dispatch from Southport several days ago.

The News is owned by a corporation composed of a large number of stockholders, several of whom are Wilmington business men, but Senator Cooper states that he is not even a stockholder in this company, which was organized some time ago.

Trips to Carolina Beach Today.

The steamer Wilmington will leave on its first trip to Carolina Beach this morning at 9 o'clock promptly and on its second trip the boat will leave at 2:30 o'clock. The night boat leaves at 7:30 o'clock. It was announced in yesterday's paper through mistake that the first boat would leave at 9:30 o'clock.

MILLER'S ANTISEPTIC OIL KNOWN AS

Snake Oil

Will Positively Relieve Pain in Three Minutes

Try it right now for Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, sore, stiff and swollen joints, pains in the head, back and limbs, corns, bunions, etc. After one application pain disappears as if by magic.

A never failing remedy used internally and externally for Coughs, Colds, Croup, Sore Throat, Diphtheria and Tonsilitis.

This Oil is conceded to be the most penetrating remedy known. Its prompt and immediate effect in relieving pain is due to the fact that it penetrates to the affected parts at once. As an illustration, pour Ten Drops on the thickest piece of sole leather, and it will penetrate this substance through and through in three minutes.

Accept no substitute. This great oil is golden red color only. Every bottle guaranteed; 25c. and 50c. a bottle, or money refunded. At leading druggists.

HARDIN'S PHARMACY.

YOUR MONEY

Deposited in this bank is assured of Absolute Safety, and in addition Earns for You 4% Interest, Compounded Quarterly. Service of the Highest Character is rendered to the customers of our bank, and the small account receives the same careful attention as is shown to all others.

ESTABLISHED 1900

THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK

CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STREETS

Report to the Corporation Commission of the Condition of

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company

WILMINGTON, N. C.

At the Close of Business on June 30th, 1916.

ASSETS:		LIABILITIES:	
Loans and discounts, other than demand	$2,108,075.81	Capital	$ 100,000.00
North Carolina State Bonds	10,000.00	Surplus	200,000.00
All other stocks, bonds and mortgages	13,350.00	Undivided Profits	79,508.01
Banking House	50,000.00	Dividends Unpaid	4,047.50
All other real estate owned	2,300.00	Deposits	2,470,879.96
Demand Loans	285,992.09	Discounts unearned	10,000.00
Cash, on hand and in banks	330,217.57	Building reserve	10,000.00
Invested Trust Funds	85,500.00	Accrued interest due depositors	11,000.00
Total	$2,885,435.47	Total	$2,885,435.47

I, Jno. Lewis Williams, Cashier of the Wilmington Savings & Trust Company, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

JNO. LEWIS WILLIAMS.

Correct—Attest:

W. V. HARDIA,
R. H. NORTHROP,
N. B. RANKIN,
Directors.

State of North Carolina, New Hanover County.—
Sworn to and subscribed before me, this 6th day of July, A. D. 1916.

C. S. GRAINGER, Notary.

Rural Carrier Examination.

The United States Civil Service Commission has announced an examination for the county of Columbus to be held at Wilmington August 12, to fill the position of rural carrier at Hallsboro, and vacancies that may later occur on rural routes from other postoffices in the above-mentioned county. The examination will be open only to male citizens who are actually domiciled in the territory of a postoffice in the county and who meet the other requirements set forth in Form No. 1977. This form and application blanks may be obtained from the offices mentioned above or from the United States Civil Service Commission at Washington, D. C. Applications should be forwarded to the commission at Washington at the earliest practicable date.

Small Blaze Extinguished.

Members of the fire department were called out about 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon to extinguish a small blaze at the two-story frame residence at No. 818 South Seventh street owned and occupied by Mr. H. W. Turner. The fire is reported have been caused fro mthe chimney near the roof. Only slight damage was done. The alarm was turned in fro mBox No. 55.

Meeting of Trades Council.

The Wilmington Trades Council will hold its regular meeting tomorrow night at 8 o'clock in the old Odd Fellows' hall. Member sof all Wilmington unions are invited to attend the meeting.

An Extraordinary Sale of TOILET GOODS

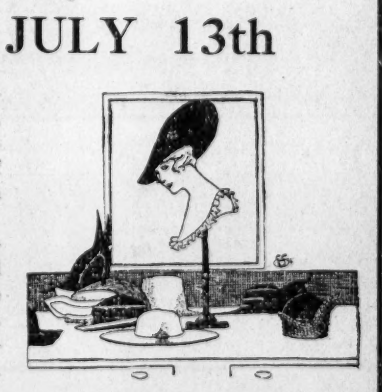
At Decisive Reductions From Regular Prices

Three Days Only

JULY 10th TO JULY 13th

Care should be exercised in the choice of toilet preparations. Suitable soaps, perfumes, creams, tonics, powders, pastes, dentifrices, etc., will help vastly in preserving the softness of one's skin, the whiteness of one's teeth, the silken loveliness of one's hair, when Summer sun and sea tan, blister, dry and discolor.

Here in this special sale you have an unlimited selection of toilet aids in boxes and jars and tubes and bottles that bear the imprint of manufacturers who never adulterate to cheapen productions or add bulk. All are offered during this sale at much less than usual prices. No reduction of "Meba" Preparations.



Air Float Round Can Talcum Powder .. 3c	Madame Cavalier Face Powder at .. 19c	Colgate's Violet Toilet Water 19c
Air Float Borated Talcum, all odors, at .. 7c	Air Float Face Powder at .. 8c	Colgate's 25c Cashmere Bouquet Soap, at .. 19c
Babcock's Corylopsis of Japan Talcum, at .. 11c	Azurea Face Powder at .. 87c	Colgate's Special Cashmere Bouquet Soap, at .. 8c
Spooner's Corylopsis of Japan Talcum, at .. 11c	Palm Olive Combination Face Powder, at .. 38c	Colgate's Natural Odor Soap, 7c
Colgate's Talcums, all odors 11c	Mary Garden Face Powder at 87c	Palm Olive Soap .. 7c
Mennen's Violet and Borated Talcum, at .. 11c	Sanitol Face Powder at .. 19c	Woodbury's Facial Soap .. 19c
J. B. Williams' Carnation and Violet Talcum, at .. 11c	Woodbury's Face Powder at 19c	Recamier Bath Tablets .. 8c
Colgate's Florient Talcum, at 19c	Madame Cavalier Cream Superbe, at .. 19c	Jergen's Peroxide Bath Soap 8c
Honey Moon Talcum at .. 11c	Palm Olive Vanishing Cream 38c	Jergen's Violet Glycerine Soap 8c
Squibs' Talcum Powder at .. 19c	Jergens' Benzoin and Almond Lotion, at .. 19c	Williams' Pine Tar Soap .. 8c
Colgate's 25c. Dental Cream 17c	Palm Olive Shampoo at .. 38c	Sweet Maiden Soap .. 3c
Colgate's 15c Dental Cream 9c	Spooner's Violette Esse Toilet Water at .. 38c	Williams' Shaving Stick, large size .. 18c
Pebeco Tooth Paste, big size 36c	Spooner's Honey Moon Toilet Water, at .. 38c	Williams' Shaving Stick, small size .. 8c
Diana Face Powder .. 38c	Jergen's Royal Perfumes, at 19c	Williams' Barbers' Bar .. 5c
Java Rice Face Powder .. 38c	Colgate's Florient Toilet Water at .. 38c	Williams' Cup Shaving Soap .. 4c
Hudnut's Violet See Face Powder, at .. 36c	Williams' Iridesca Toilet Water, at .. 19c	Williams' Shaving Cream .. 18c
		Enchanto Smelling Salts, at .. 19c
		Bourpois' Rouge Fin, at .. 8c
		Lip Sticks .. 26c
		Black and Brown Brow Pencils at .. 8c

BELK-WILLIAMS CO.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Misses Mildred and Estelle Strauss, of Bolton, are spending several days in the city visiting relatives.

• • •

Miss Edwina Matthews, of Columbus, Ga., is visiting her sister, Mrs. H. C. Cameron, No. 323 North Third street.

• • •

Miss Sue Fountain, of Tarboro, is the guest of Miss Jeannette Glenn at her home, No. 120 North Fourth street.

• • •

Mr. Carol D. Hipp, of Newberry, S. C., is visiting his classmate, Mr. Geo. S. Bowden, 706 North Third street.

• • •

Mrs. Gordon Smith, of aRleigh, is visiting her parents, Captain and Mrs. Haywood Clark at their home on Dock street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Cooper leave tomorrow for Lake Junaluska, in the mountains of western North Carolina to spend a week or so.

• • •

A called meeting of the Dorcas Society of St. Paul's Evangelical church will be held immediately after the morning service today.

• • •

Mrs. V. R. Cheshire, of Charlotte, and niece, Miss Rosebud Almand, of Atlanta, is visiting Mrs. F. R. McDonald, No. 19 South Eighth street.

• • •

Miss Adelaide VanNoppen, of Greensboro, is visiting Miss Elizabeth Thames, at the latter's home, No. 10 South Eighth street.

• • •

Mrs. Bertha Huband, accompanied by her daughter, Miss Florence, and Mr. Roy Hart, has gone to Richmond, Va., where they will spend several days.

• • •

Miss Ruth Bowden, of Galveston, Texas, is the attractive guest of her cousins, Mrs. J. T. Cowan and Mrs. M. B. Haskett, 706 North Third street.

• • •

Miss Hazel Howie, Miss Vernell Huband and Mr. Levi Walton have gone to Richmond, Va., where they will spend several days with relatives and friends.

• • •

Mrs. Samuel Bessent has gone to Jacksonville, N. C., where she will spend several weeks as the guests of Mrs. S. W. Aman, formerly of this city.

• • •

Miss Maher and Miss Abadie, of New Orleans, and Miss Ryan, of Rochester, N. Y., are on a visit to Mrs. T. B. Carroll and Mrs. J. H. Niggel, of this city.

• • •

Mrs. I. N. Murphy, of Washington, D. C., who has been visiting her mother, Mrs. B. F. Boykin, of this city, for the past few days has returned to her home.

• • •

Announcement was made yesterday that the meeting of the Wilmington Choral Society which was set for tomorrow evening has been postponed for one week.

• • •

The quarterly meeting of the board of directors of the Associated Charities will be held at the office of the association tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

• • •

A special meeting of the Baraca Society of St. Paul's Evangelical Lutheran church will be held this morning immediately after the morning preaching service.

• • •

Thursday's Southport News: "Rev. W. M. Shaw and family of Wilmington, are this week moving into the house formerly occupied by Mr. and Mrs. Goodman."

• • •

Mrs. Thomas Glover, nee Miss Bobbie Dickey, and Miss Rebecca Reitman, of Birmingham, Ala., are in the city, guests of Miss Dorothy Applewhite, No. 215 North Fifth avenue.

• • •

Mrs. M. A. Hayden announces the engagement of her daughter, Mary Theresa, to Mr. Quinney B. Satchwell, formerly of this city, but now of Florence, S. C., the wedding to take place in August.

• • •

Mrs. W. H. Creech, of No. 905 North Fourth street, will leave this morning for Bolton, where she will spend several weeks with relatives. Before returning to Wilmington, Mrs. Creech will visit for a short time at Maxton.

• • •

Next Friday night an automobile ride will be given by the ladies of St. John's parish. The ride will be around the loop, and machines will leave the Parish House at 7:30 p. m. Refreshments will be included in the price of the ride.

• • •

The monthly consecration meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church will be held this evening at 8 o'clock. Mr. F. W. Tremaine will lead the meeting, the topic being "The Consecration of Purpose." All are cordially invited.

• • •

The Epworth League City Union will hold its regular monthly meeting at Bladen Street church Monday night at 8 o'clock. After devotional services and a short business session, the meeting will be given over to a discussion of the social service department of the league. All Epworth Leaguers are asked to attend and to bring their Alexander song books as the music will be selected from them. Several special selections will be rendered by individuals also.

• • •

The ladies of the Ministering Circle of the King's Daughters will hold their annual bazaar Friday morning, July 14, beginning at 11 o'clock, at the Seashore Hotel. The proceeds of the sale of hand-made and fancy articles and other novelties will be used for the benefit of the Visiting Nurse fund.

• • •

Miss Collie Dunlap, of Bonlee, N. C., and Mr. Adam Gibbons, of Mattoon, N. C., were married at 11 o'clock Friday morning in the parlors of the Hotel Wilmington. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. John Jeter Hurt, pastor of the First Baptist church. The witnesses were Messrs. T. A. Green and J. S. Holman.

• • •

Pender Chronicle, Burgaw: "Misses Geneva and Jeanette Moore spent last Tuesday at Wrightsville Beach.——Mrs. S. E. Bannerman, of Wilmington, is the guest of Mrs. J. F. Johnson this week.——Mrs. W. D. Huhn and little daughter, Melva, went down to Wilmington Wednesday.——Misses Maude and Blanch Paddison went down to Wrightsville Sunday and spent a few days."

• • •

Onslow Progress, Jacksonville: "Miss Lina Edward, of Wilmington, spent several days here the past week visiting her parents.——Woodus Kellum, Esq., of Wilmington, spent the week-end at his old home near Kellum. He was accompanied by his daughter.——Misses Pearl Andrews and Wilwho have been the guests of relatives here, returned Friday to their home at Wilmington."

• • •

Winston-Salem Journal, 7th: "General Superintendent P. R. Albright, of the Atlantic Coast Line and Mrs. Albright, of Wilmington, arrived in the city yesterday in their private car, and were guests yesterday evening of Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Vaughn, on West Fourth street. They spent the night in the city and left this morning at 6:30 o'clock over the Norfolk & Western for Madison."

• • •

One of the moonlight excursions of the season will be given by the Epworth League City Union on Thursday night, July 20. All the leagues of the city are working for this occasion and anticipate a big crowd. Instrumental music and refreshments on board will add much to pleasure of the trip. The public is invited to join the leaguers. The steamer Wilmington will leave her wharf at 8 o'clock and will return about 11.

• • •

Chadbourn Herald: "Miss Willie Sutherland, of Wilmington, spent the Fourth in town with friends.——Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Vanlandingham, of Wilmington, who have been visiting friends in town left Monday night for home.——Mr. J. P. Lucas, of Charlotte, stopped over for a short while at Mr. G. W. Boyett's Saturday, as he returned home from Wilmington.——Mrs. B. F. Keith, of Currie, spent a few days here visiting Mrs. C. D. Koonce, she returned home Tuesday accompanied by Mrs. Koonce who is spending a few days with her."

• • •

Whiteville News-Reporter: "Dr. J. M. Harper and his splendid family, who have resided here for the past year and a half, left last week for Maysville, where they will be located in the future. They made many friends here and this family will be greatly missed. Dr. Harper is a fine physician and had built up a lucrative practice. We wish them prosperity and happiness in their new home. Dr. Harper's Drug Store will continue as heretofore and Mr. Jule Lewis, one of our worthy and popular young men, is in charge.

• • •

Whiteville News-Reporter: "Several thousand people from Columbus, Bladen, New Hanover, Robeson and other counties spent a glorious Fourth at Lake Waccamaw. The weather was a little warm, but that did not mar the pleasure of the throngs of folks who touched elbows around this historic spot. Dancing was indulged in all day at the pavilion, boat riding and surf bathing had their followers and all in all the great Fourth at the Lake will long be remembered. There were no accidents at all and it was a well behaved gathering. The regular train from Wilmington had on several extra coaches and they were all filled."

• • •

Invitations have been received by friends announcing the marriage of Miss Bertha Lee Chinnis to Mr. Frank Austin Cashwell, which read as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel L. Chinnis
request the honour of your presence
at the marriage of their daughter
Bertha Lee
to
Mr. Frank Austin Cashwell
on Wednesday afternoon
the nineteenth of July
one thousand nine hundred and sixteen
at three o'clock
Five hundred and twelve North Third Street
Wilmington, North Carolina

• • •

VISITING NURSE MAKES REPORT FOR PAST MONTH

The report of the visiting nurse of the King's Daughters, Mrs. I. C. Hanna, for the month of June, shows that an aggregate of 230 visits were made during the past month, 13 new patients treated, one sent to hospital, two discharged and one died.

The number of babies treated in clinic by Dr. J. B. Sidbury was 30, two were supplied with medicine, two with milk, while ten families were furnished with ice tickets. Total cash expenditure for the month was $4.

The following donations were received: Girls' Friendly Society of the Ascension, six infant slips; Mrs. Gregg and Miss Mary Vann, clothing; Ministering Circle of King's Daughters, $5 in cash to be used for car fare to Beach for mothers. Mrs. W. P. Emerson, $1 in cash to be used for Beach tickets for patients.

• • •

Duplin Record, Warsaw: "Miss Margaret Best is visiting at Wrightsville Beach.——Mr. and Mrs. John Gresham and children spent Tuesday at Wrightsville Beach.——Miss Fannie Johnson, of Atlanta, Ga., who is spending several weeks here, was charmingly entertained by a number of her young friends at the home of Mrs. J. A. Ricks Tuesday afternoon from five till eight. The guests were received on the lawn by Misses Martha Best, Evelyn Anderson, Fannie Johnson, Eve-

(Continued on Page Seven.)

ALRECO FABRICS
include the newest and most fashionable effects in this season's
White Goods
A. D. BROWN

Wrightsville Beach

Mrs. W. M. Carter, of Wilson, N. C., is a week-end visitor at the Seashore Hotel.

Miss Pauline Hardy, of Bedford, Va., arrived yesterday for a visit with friends.

Mrs. J. O. Sprinkle and children, of Charlotte, are guests at the Seaside Cottage.

Mrs. Charles L. Ross, of Mount Olive, N. C., is a week-end visitor at the Oceanic hotel.

Mrs. R. C. Lawrence and Miss Jennie Ray, of Lumberton, are week-end visitors at the Seashore hotel.

Mr. and Mrs. Albion Dunn and little child, of Greenville, N. C., arrived yesterday to spend a few days.

Misses Helen and Edna McCoy, of Charlotte, N. C., are at the Seashore hotel for a visit of several days.

Mrs. E. P. Large and daughter, Miss Gladys Large, of Toronto, Canada, are guests at the Seaside Cottage.

Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Homes, of Gaffney, S. C., are on the beach for a few days, guests at the Seashore hotel.

Miss Mary Louise Thompson, of Anniston, Ala., arrived on the beach yesterday and will spend several days.

Mrs. H. F. Peirce and Miss Anna Peirce, of Warsaw, arrived on the beach yesterday for a week-end visit.

Mrs. T. E. Brodnex and Miss Eunice Griffin, of Columbia, S. C., are visitors over the weekend at the Seashore hotel.

Mrs. Don Richardson has joined Mr. Don Richardson at the Oceanic Hotel, after visiting her mother at Brunswick, Ga.

Mr. and Mrs. Leo Korb, of Cincinnati, Ohio, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. William B. Schuler at Lumina cottage colony.

Mr. and Mrs. T. G. Empie, of Wilmington, are spending some time at the Beach, guests at the Seaside Cottage.

Rev. J. C. Wooten, of Durham, who has been a guest at the Paris cottage for the past few days, has returned to his home

Mrs. J. L. Snyder and little child and Mrs. R. C. Crisman, of Charlotte, N. C., are spending several days at the Seashore hotel.

Dr. Mabel L. Schierner, of Philadelphia, Pa., and Mrs. Edmund Rodgers, of Wilmington, are spending a few days at the Seaside Cottage.

Messrs. W. S. McLeod and R. M. Barnett, of Atlanta, Ga., are registered at the Oceanic Hotel for a visit on the beach over Sunday.

Misses Ina Saunders and Flora Cornelius, of Charlotte, are guests at the Seashore Hotel. They arrived yesterday and will spend several days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Culbreth, of Fayetteville, N. C., were among yesterday's arrivals on the beach. They are registered at the Seashore Hotel and will spend several days.

Mrs. Hugh A. Murrill and Misses M. Ritch and M. Reed are among those from Charlotte who are enjoying the beach breezes over Sunday. They are guests at the Seashore hotel.

Among yesterday's arrivals on the beach from Charlotte were: Mr. and Mrs. David Clark and Misses Mildred Butt and May London. They are here for a visit of several days and are guests at the Seashore Hotel.

Among those who are beach visitors from Georgia are: Mrs. A. H. Alford and Miss E. Alford, of Hartwell, and Mrs. W. B. Adams and Miss Willis Sue Adams, of Elberton. They arrived yesterday an dare guests at the Seashore hotel.

Miss Eleanor Jordan, who has been spending a part of her vacation with her mother, Mrs. D. B. Jordan, at the Seaside Cottage has gone to New York city, where she will resume her studies at Columbia University Summer School.

Among the recent arrivals at the Paris cottage are the following: Miss Lorenda Hooks, Goldsboro; Mrs. W. W. Cole and Miss Cornelia Sanders, of Smithfield; Mrs. R. E. Wooten and daughter, Miss Elizabeth Wooten, of Mount Olive; Mrs. H. G. Whitehead and family, of Wilson; and Miss Margaret Davis, of Wilson.

Among the guests at the Virginia cottage are C. W. Parker, Miss Helen Parker and Miss Janet Mellan, of Charlotte; Mrs. John Evins and Glen Evins, Atlanta; J. J. Hedrick, Mrs. Valaire Hedrick, Tampa, Fla.; Miss Lillian Anne, Madison, Wis.; Mrs. Marshall Noyes, Birmingham, Ala.; G. Thornton, J. L. Williams and Miss Mary Stevens, Petersburg, Va.

Recent arrivals at the Barclay cottage include the following: Mr. and Mrs. Warwick, Goldsboro; Mrs. B. F. Buckley, Lexington, Ky.; Mrs. J. T. Faulkner, Goldsboro; Miss Lillian Stevenson, Nashville, Tenn.; Mrs. H. Y. Garrell, Raleigh; Mr. and Mrs. Davenport, Columbia, S. C.; Miss Leslie Faulkner, Lexington, Ky.; Mr. B. Pryer, New York; Mr. Sirato, New York.

Among the arrivals at the Temple cottage are: Miss Mary Davis, Lancaster, S. C.; Misses Elizabeth and Nan Rogers, Bennettsville, S. C.; Mrs. Martha A. Oldham, Washington, D. C.; Mr. John Allen, Miss Elizabeth Allen and Mrs. L. W. Temple, Raleigh; Misses Alima and Hattie Temple and Mr. Wade Temple, Page's Mill, S. C.; Misses Ida and Julia Porter, Lancaster, S. C.; Mr. and Mrs. Scott, Marion, S. C.

Among those from a distance who are enjoying the beach breezes as guests at the Seashore Hotel are: G. M. Graham, Earle H. Moore and F. L. Stephenson, of Atlanta, Ga.; W. L. Hil, Jr., Winston-Salem; William G. Broadfoot, Concord; T. E. Wallace, Kenansville; R. S. Busbee, Raleigh, N. C.; M. M. Platt, Sumter, S. C.; George W. King and W. L. Davidson, Charlotte, N. C.; John Harley Montgomery, Marion, S. C.

Friday's Charlotte Evening News: "A delightful party leaving in the morning for Wrightsville Beach will consist of Mrs. B. D. Heath, Miss Benetta Heath and guest, Miss Helen Barham, of Nashville, Tenn., who is to arrive today; Misses Mae London, Mildred Butt, Mrs. David Clark, Mr. Will Broadfoot and probably Mr. E. C. Griffith. The gentlemen will spend the week-end only. The party will stop at the Seashore hotel."

The following members of Leelinaw group of the Camp Fire Girls of Wilmington are having a delightful two weeks' house party at the beach: Misses Ruth Kohler, Julia Pape, Bessie King, Bessie Walker, Marie Rehder, Juanita Shields, Mamie Gerdes, Lillie May Duls, Catherine King, Lois Trathen, of Lansing, Mich., Holmes Bradshaw, Alice Justice and Pearl Alderman. Miss Eva Shields, guardian of the camp, and Mrs. H. M. Goodwin are chaperoning the party.

One of the features of the musical programme to be given today at the noon hour at the Seashore hotel will be a vocal solo by Mrs. Jarnigan. She will sing "One Fine Day" from Madame Butterfly. Mr. Edward Sullivan will play a violin solo. Other numbers to be played by the orchestra will include the following: "March of the Toys," by Herbert; three songs from "Eilliland," by Von Fielitz; selections from "Blue Paradise," by Romberg; "Admiration," by Tyers; prelude in C sharp minor by Rachmiminoof; sextette from Lucia by Donizetti; Overture, "Light Calvary," by Suppe; Spanish Serenade by Scharwenka.

Yesterday's Charlotte Observer: "Mrs. Harvey Lambeth has returned home after an absence of six weeks or more spent at Wrightsville Beach. En route home Mrs. Lambeth stopped over in Fayetteville for a 10-day visit to Mr. and Mrs. Francis K. Tomlinson.——Mr. and Mrs. David Clark, Miss Mildred Butt and Miss Maie London, and the latter's cousin, William Broadfoot, of Concord, will leave this morning for Wrightsville Beach.——Mrs. H. A. Murrill and son, Ralph, accompanied by Mrs. Murrill's nieces, Misses Alma Oates and Mary Louise Thompson, the latter of Anniston, Ala., will leave this morning for a stay at Wrightsville Beach.——Misses Flora Cornelius and Ina Saunders will leave this morning for Wrightsville Beach, where they will spend a week or more."

MISSION PHARMACY
AGENTS FOR
PAGE & SHAW'S
—THE—
CANDY OF EXCELLENCE.
5 N. FRONT STREET

CAPTAIN GILMER APPOINTED

Officer Once at Fort Caswell Offered Post With First Regiment.

Capt. Ellison Gilmer, U. S. A., of the coast artillery corps, stationed at Newport, R. I., may be appointed lieutenant colonel of the First North Carolina Regiment, now mustered in the Federal service at Camp Glenn, Morehead City.

The War Department at Washington has wired Capt. Gilmer that he is authorized to accept the appointment if he desires.

Capt. Gilmer is a son of Judge Gilmer, of Greensboro, and saw service in the Spanish-American war. For several years he was in command of one of the three companies at Fort Caswell and has a host of friends and acquaintances in Wilmington where he frequently visited.

His friends in this State have urged Adjutant General Royster to appoint him to the vacancy. It is not known whether or not Captain Gilmer will accept. His friends in North Carolina hope he will.

WOODMEN TO UNVEIL

Monument to Sovereign D. W. Coleman at Southport, Next Sunday.

Live Oak Camp, No. 6, Woodmen of the World, of this city, will unveil a monument to the late Sovereign D. W. Coleman at Southport next Sunday, July 16, at 2:30 p. m.

An attractive programme of exercises has been arranged by the committee in charge which consists of George D. Hewlett, T. N. Cordes and James Farrar.

It is expected that a large number of local and visiting Woodmen and their friends will attend. The steamer Wilmington will leave at 9 o'clock from its dock at the foot of Princess streets and those who take this method of making the trip can return the same day arriving here at about 7 p. m.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION ANNOUNCES EXAMINATION DATES

During August for Positions Under Federal Government.

The United States Civil Service Commission announces the following examinations on the dates indicated: August 1, miller, $900 per annum; sawyer and marine gasoline engineer, $900 per annum; assistant, chemist, $2,000 per annum; topographer, $2,100 per annum; August 8, senior highway engineer, $4,000 per annum; dairy husbandman, $1,800 per annum; structural steel draftsman, $6 per diem. August 9-10, inspector of hulls, $1,600 per annum; field matron, $840 per annum; accounting and statistical clerk, $1,200.

Rev. Mr. Hill at St. Johns.

The 11 o'clock service at St. John's Episcopal church, on corner of Third and Red Cross streets, will be held today by the Rev. George F. Hill, the newly appointed assistant rector of St. James' Episcopal church of this city, in the absence of the rector, Rev. W. E. Cox, who is confined at the James Walker Memorial Hospital and will not be able to conduct the services. The congregation and friends of Mr. Cox will be glad to know that he is convalescent and hope that he will soon be out again.

WOODMEN OF THE WORLD.

All Woodmen are requested to meet at hall, corner Third and Princess sts. at 7:30 o'clock this evening, for the purpose of attending service at Bladen Street Methodist church.

W. E. DAVIS,
Con Commander.
Geo. C. Jackson, Sr., Clerk.

SAUER'S PURE FLAVORING EXTRACTS
16 HIGHEST AWARDS
INCLUDING
GRAND PRIX—PANAMA EXPO.

THE C. W. POLVOGT COMP'Y
"The Store That's Always Busy"

We Have Just Received a New Line of Taffeta Silk Dresses in Black and Navy. Special - - - $15.

Crepe de Chine Dresses in Navy and Black. Only - - $9.

$2.50 and $3.00

Silk Shirt Waist—Pink, Nile Green, Canary and White

FOR $1.98

A Full Line of Bathing Suits, Shoes and Caps

Ladies' Bathing Suits, ...$2.25 to $6.00
Ladies' Bathing Caps...25¢, 50¢, $1.00

Demonstration of Dr. Blair's
Cucumber Cream

This preparation is to be used in place of powder for red, florid, oily and shiny skins. Use Cucumber and Milk Weed Lotion for bleaching the skin, for removing sunburn and tan, freckles and liver spots.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

—Mr. Roy Parker, of Bolton, spent Friday and Saturday in the city and at the beach.

—Mr. G. W. Britt, district manager and special agent of the Red C. Oil Company, will leave today for Baltimore, Md.

—Last night's arrivals at the Orton included Dr. W. A. McPhaul, Lumberton; Vardell Grantham, McDonald; H. J. Lyon, Dublin, and Odom Alexander, Charlotte.

—Messrs. Frank Andrews and J. M. Byrd, will leave tomorrow by automobile for Evergreen, N. C. Mr. Andrews goes on business and Mr. Byrd for a ten-day vacation.

—Among the arrivals yesterday at The Orton were J. F. Woodward, Warsaw; E. H. Mitchell, Fort Caswell; K. C. Denny, Rooks; E. J. Hill, Warsaw; J. O. Jones, Raleigh, and R. B. Yancey, Salisbury.

—Among the late arrivals at the Wilmington Hotel last night were R. W. Collet, Raleigh; J. B. Thorpe, Greensboro; Rev. W. W. Davidson, Elizabethtown, and R. J. Corbett, Henderson.

—Among the arrivals at the Imperial Hotel yesterday were R. M. Herring, Warsaw; Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Wilson, Asheville; L. W. Ward, Jacksonville; H. W. Sullivan, Greensboro, and R. A. Scott, Greensboro.

—Mr. Wm. E. Lawson, manager of The Evening Dispatch, returned yesterday from Winston-Salem, where he has been at the bedside of his father for several days. Mr. Lawson's many friends will be glad to learn that his father is improved.

—Among the arrivals at the Hotel Wilmington yesterday were Ben Commons, New Orleans; Rev. E. H. Rawlings, D. D., Nashville, Tenn.; A. D. Teachey, Wallace; R. Budd Chalmers, Henderson; T. W. Hancock, Jacksonville, and J. H. Tutweiler, Charlotte.

FOUND LIQUOR IN STABLES

Durham Police Make Raid and Arrest Two White Men.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Durham, N. C., July 8.—The police raided the Washington Duke stables on West Main street, opposite the old Washington Duke home place, this afternoon and seized a quantity of corn liquor which they assert was being kept there for sale. Ed Vickers and O. D. Barbour, two young white men, were arrested in connection with the raid, the former on a charge of selling whiskey and the latter for illegal possession. The officers were tipped off by the fact that the stables were being used as a distributing point by a negro who was arrested the preceding day on a whiskey charge.

MAYR'S WONDERFUL REMEDY for STOMACH trouble
ONE DOSE WILL CONVINCE
Gall Stones, Cancer and Ulcers of the Stomach and Intestines, Auto-Intoxication, Yellow Jaundice, Appendicitis and other fatal ailments result from Stomach Trouble. Thousands of Stomach Sufferers owe their complete recovery to Mayr's Wonderful Remedy. Unlike any other for Stomach Ailments. For sale by Robert R. Bellamy and druggists everywhere.

THE WAYEH CAMP
A camp for girls, thoroughly organized and equipped for outdoor life and sport. Swimming, boating, tennis, basketball, mountain climbing, horseback riding, etc. Address
THE MISSES GWYNN,
Springdale, N. C.

J. F. LEITNER
ARCHITECT
27, 28, 29 Carroll Building

The Frost Ice Cream Co.
—MANUFACTURERS ICE CREAM—
For Any and All Occasions
IN ANY FLAVOR AND COLOR, TO ORDER.
In Bulk and Forms.
—BEST FOR THE MONEY—
Out of Town Orders Given Prompt Attention—Shipments Made on All Trains, Day or Night.
13 Princess St. Wilmington, N. C.
—PRICES ON REQUEST—

20th Century Sanitary

WATER COOLER
None Others Comparable to Them
Ice Cream Freezers, Ice Chests, Refrigerators, of the very best quality made.
Our Assortment Is Complete.
WM. E. SPRINGER & COMP'Y
PURCELL BUILDING

NEW FICTION
THE GOLDEN WOMAN ... by Ridgewell Cullum
JUST DAVID ... Bby Eleanor Porter
THE PROOF OF THE PUDDING ... by Meredith Nicholson
THE DAREDEVIL ... by Maria Thompson Daviess
THE GOLDEN HOPE ... by Grace Stanton Mason
INSTEAD OF THE THORN ... by Clara Louise Burnham
AND HUNDREDS THAT WE HAVEN'T SPACE TO MENTION.
Northam's Book and Stationery Store
'PHONE 651 101 PRINCESS ST.

TOLLO WATER
RETAIL —— EXCLUSIVE AGENTS —— WHOLESALE
TWO SIZES—15c AND 35c.
—OIL KOREIN CAPSULES.—
Exclusive Agents.
40 Capsules, $1.00; Six for $5.00.
IF YOU CAN'T TELL US, TELEPHONE 248.
ELVINGTON'S PHARMACY
Dependable Druggists

SOCIAL

(Continued From Page Six.)

lyn and Mary Harriss, of Wilmington. Misses Julia Ricks and Elizabeth Anderson served punch. After an interesting contest, in which Miss Elizabeth Anderson received the prize, a dainty handkerchief which she presented to the honoree, Misses Martha Gresham, Bessie Barden and Cora Holland served a delightful ice course."

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PROMINENT YOUNG LAWYER OF RAEFORD WEDS IN VIRGINIA

Hoke County Journal, Raeford: "Mr. J. W. Currie, a prominent young attorney of Raeford, was married to Miss Ruth Gordon, who was a member of the Raeford Graded School faculty for the past three years, at Chatham, Va., last Saturday afternoon.

"After their marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Currie left on a bridal trip to New York, Niagara Falls and other points of interest in the far north. They will be at home in Raeford after July 15."

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Fayetteville Observer: "The Wednesday Morning Bridge Club had as their hostess yesterday morning Mrs. John Underwood. Mrs. Henry M. Pemberton made top score among the club members, while the guest prize, pretty handkerchiefs, went to Mrs. John De Vane. Club members present were Mesdames S. H. Strange, S. H. McRae, Franklin S. Clark H. M. Pemberton, Milton Bacon, E. R. MacKethan. Guests were, Miss May Hill Davis, of Raleigh, Misses Fan Kyle, Minerva Utley, Mrs. H. W. Lilly, Mrs. J. M. De Vane, Mrs. A. M. Huggins."

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Allenton, N. C., July 7.—A very attractive wedding took place in the home of Mr. John M. Smith, near Allenton, Tuesday at 8 p. m., July 4th, when his daughter, Miss Viola, became the bride of Mr. W. Milton Warwick.

Promptly at 8 o'clock Miss Emma Fleming began the rendition of Mendessohn's wedding march and as the strains pealed forth through the walls of the splendidly decorated rooms came Mr. Clarence Dixon West with Miss Sallie Bryan, and Mr. Baker Bryan with Miss Mary Jitman. Then came the bride and groom and to the mellow strains of Lohengrin the ceremony was performed by Rev. J. M. Fleming.

Quite a number of invited friends and relatives witnessed the marriage and all wish for this popular young couple a long, useful and happy life.

Mr. and Mrs. Warwick, after spending several days at Wrightsville Beach will return to their home near Allenton.

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IN HONOR OF MISS SUSIE MOORE OF RED SPRINGS

Dunn Dispatch: "Friday afternoon at her attractive little home on Wilson street, Mrs. H. S. McKay entertained at Bridge in honor of her house-guest, Miss Susie H. Moore of Red Springs.

"Big yellow-eyed daises and dwarf sunflowers were in evidence everywhere, and place-score- cards hand painted in daisies were found at the daisy banked tables by Mesdames J. Lloyd Wade, N. A. Townsend, J. W. Fitzgerald, M. A. Lee, Clarence J. Smith, R. L. Godwin, W. E. Baldwin, I. F. Hicks, J. W. Thornton, J. S. Farthing, Misses Ethel Hooks, Lennie Gainey, Gladys Young and Meta Harper.

"The table prizes of white silk fans were won by Mesdames J. S. Farthing, N. A. Townsend, J. L. Wade and Miss Gladys Young. The guest of honor was presented a handsome piece of pottery.

"Refreshments consisted of cream molded in daisy shapes in the color scheme and surrounded by daisies made of iced cakes. The favors were unique baskets of yellow crepe filled with almonds."

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ITEMS FROM SOUTHPORT OF INTEREST IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

Southport, N. C., July 8.—Doctor and Mrs. W. C. Galloway have opened their cottage on the water shore for the summer, and with them as guests, besides Miss Louise King, are Misses Carrie Lane Farmer, of Wilmington, and Helen Hart, of Suffolk, Va.

At the Wood residence, on Bay street, as guests, are Mrs. D. F. Wootten and children, of Kinston, and Mrs. G. D. Pugh and Miss Lois Pugh, of Savannah.

Miss Esther M. Crockett, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is here visiting her father, Capt. F. P. Crockett, of the steamer Gen. Geo. W. Getty.

Mr. Robert DuVal Jones, of New Bern, has been here visiting his aunt, Mrs. C. L. Stevens, during the week.

Rev. A. D. Betts, best known as "Father Betts," of Greensboro, with Mrs. Betts and daughter, Miss Sallie, are occupying the Ranson cottage for a month.

Prof. N. Courtlandt Curtis and family, of Auburn, Ala., are visiting Mr. Curtis' mother, Mrs. W. C. Curtis.

At Miss Kate Stewart's during the week were Mrs. Glass and Mrs. LaBoard, of Columbia, S. C.; also Mr. and Mrs. Charles Price, of Wilmington, who came down by auto.

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Sampson Democrat, Clinton: "Miss Azile Sandling left the past week for a visit to Wrightsville Beach and other points.———Miss Bethel Pearson and Ruth Cherry went down to Wilmington on Saturday of the past week to visit relatives.———Mr. John Slocumb, of Wilmington, was in Clinton for a short time on Sunday, with his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Giddens.———Mrs. J. D. Shipp and children returned to their home in Wilmington the first of the week, after making a visit here to relatives.———Miss Ruth Underwood left last week for Southport, where she expects to spend some time with her sister, Mrs. W. F. Greer.———Mrs. W. T. Martin and children, of Wilmington, are visiting Mrs. Smith's mother, near Clinton Mrs. J. A. Underwood.———The editor of The Democrat learns that there is a possibility of getting Don Richardson's orchestra to play one engagement in Clinton just after labor day, the first Monday of September, as Mr. Richardson will at that time be on his way back to New York. Mr. Richardson, who is very fond of his home folks, will play here at a sacrifice and we ought to have him come here by all means. This is rather far in the future, but we hope that sufficient interest will be aroused to insure his coming. The orchestra is playing this year at Wrightsville Beach."

PRETTY CHURCH WEDDING OF MUCH INTEREST IN SANFORD

Sanford, N. C., July 7.—A wedding of much interest in this and other sections of the State occurred in Sanford July 6th, when Mr. J. Herbert Ingram, one of Sanford's most enterprising and successful business men, was united in marriage to Miss Daisy Palmer, also of Sanford. The marriage took place in St. Thomas' Episcopal church. The ceremony was performed by Rev. N. C. Hughes, of Raleigh. The church was beautifully decorated with a profusion of ivy, ferns, palms and quantities of field daisies.

The bride, who is one of Sanford's most attractive young women, was attended by Miss Margarette Ingram as bride's maid, Miss Eudora Hatch as maid of honor, and Mrs. Marie Smith as dame of honor. Little Miss Frances Wilkins was a charming little ring bearer, carrying the golden circle in a tray of daisies.

The groom was attended by his brother, Mr. Sam Ingram, as best man. Mr. S. R. Ingram and Mr. Roy Barnes, of Jonesboro, acted as ushers. Preceding the ceremony several vocal selections were beautifully rendered by Mrs. Dr. George Palmer, of Charleston, S. C. She was accompanied by Miss Blanche Godfrey, of Jonesboro, who also played the wedding marches.

The happy couple left immediately for an extended trip North. On their return, they will occupy the beautiful new home on Hawkins Avenue, which Mr. Ingram has just completed.

Their popularity is attested by the many and beautiful gifts. The preceding week was marked by many social events given in honor of the bride by her friends. Many guests were present from other towns including Gulf, Pittsboro, Aberdeen, Cheraw and Charleston, S. C. They will be at home after August 10th.

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KINSTON NEWS NOTES OF INTEREST IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

Kinston, N. C., July 8.—An interesting group of Kinston's high school set of girls are guests at a houseparty being given by Miss Henrietta Kornegay at Mt. Olive. Those in the party from here are Misses Nannie and Sallie Stanley, Hortense and Kathleen Moseley and Ida Oetinger.

Mrs. C. W. Sanders was hostess to the Philatheas of Queen Street Methodist church at an informal affair Tuesday evening.

Miss Orie Moseley entertained the Homeworkers of Gordon Street Christian Church Tuesday night.

Mrs. May Harrell Mines demonstrated children's games at a meeting of the Mothers' Club Wednesday afternoon. A symposium on the same subject was led by Mrs. E. G. Barrett. The club is expected shortly to take over a grove offered by Dr. O. H. Hyatt to be used as a playground under the auspices of the organization.

Mrs. Oscar LaRoque, wife of the private secretary of Governor Manning, of South Carolina, and son, who were the guests of Miss Tiffany West here, and Miss Carolina Thomas, who visited Mrs. Lloyd LaRoque, returned to Columbia, S. C., this week.

County Treasurer and Mrs. J. H. Dawson were the hosts to the members of the board of county commissioners, county officials and a few others, including ladies, at a dinner in their North Kinston home Monday. Mr. and Mrs. Dawson give a smiliar dinner annually on the first Monday in July. About 30 partook of their hospitality on this occasion.

The Woman's Missionary Society of Atkinson Memorial Presbyterian church presented a special program in the church Wednesday night. Mrs. Geo. B. Hanrahan, Mrs. J. H. Parham, and Miss Jennie Shaw read papers on appropriate topics, and Mrs. K. Denmark and Miss Raly rendered a duet and Miss Puett a solo.

Mr. and Mrs. B. P. Smith and children have removed to the city after spending several months at a plantation near Tower Hill.

Mrs. J. H. Griffith was hostess to the Round Table Club Thursday afternoon in the rectory of St. Mary's Episcopal church.

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INTERESTING SOCIAL AFFAIRS OF THE PAST WEEK AT WARSAW

Warsaw, N. C., July 8.—The Christian Endeavor Society held its first social meeting last Thursday evening on the high school campus. A good crowd of the members and their friends assembled at eight o'clock, and after spending some time pleasantly, were served with sandwiches and tea.

Mrs. G. Parke Pridgen entertained the Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church at her home on last Friday afternoon from half past five till seven. Routine business was disposed of, and arrangements made for the clothing of an orphan at the Methodist orphanage by the society. It was decided to give a silver tea at an early date to defray part of the expenses of this object. Mrs. Pridgen and Mrs. M. K. Moore served an ice course and fruit.

Mrs. O. P. Middleton gave a silver tea for the benefit of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Baptist church, at her home on last Saturday afternoon. The guests were entertained on the lawn, which was attractively arranged for the occasion, tables containing bowls of cut flowers, being scattered over it. There were several tables for the game of rook, and after the game and a pleasant hour spent in conversation, sandwiches, doughnuts and iced tea were served.

The Ladies' Aid Society of the Methodist church gave a silver tea on the Carroll lawn Wednesday afternoon from five till seven. Nasturtiums, carnations and roses were arranged in bowls and vases on tables and stands, for decorations. A large number of guests were present, and a pleasant hour spent in conversation, Mesdames J. C. Russ, M. K. Moore and C. F. Carroll, and Misses Mankie Noble, Lillian Massenburg and Mary White Carroll served iced tea and sandwiches. A nice sum was made for a worthy cause.

Several parties attended picnics at Cooper's Mill on July 4th. One went from Lanefield, and another from Warsaw. Fishing, boating and other outdoor amusements were enjoyed, and bountiful dinner partaken of.

Miss Adelaide Grimes, of Bethel, and Miss Cora Adams are the house guests of Miss Aldine Best.

Miss Margaret Kennedy is spending some time at Waynesville.

Miss Willibelle Jordan is home after an extended visit in Atlanta and Douglas, Ga., and Florence, S. C.

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WEDDING AND OTHER SOCIAL EVENTS OF GREENSBORO

Greensboro, N. C., July 8.—The Merchants and Manufacturers club had its annual picnic today at Hamburg mill pond, and a large number of club members enjoyed the pleasures of the day. An elegant dinner was served at 1:30 o'clock.

Miss Kate Vance Tate was married Wednesday morning at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Tate, to Mr. John B. Plowden, Jr., a young business man of Florence, S. C. The ceremony was a simple one and only immediate relatives were present. Rev. C. E. Hodgin was the minister. Miss Tate is a young woman of attractive personality and a gifted singer.

Mrs. John Scott entertained at bridge Wednesday morning in compliment to her house guest, Miss Elizabeth Carrigan, of Hendersonville. The home was attractively decorated. The hostess gave each of the sixteen players an attractive souvenir.

Mrs. Jasper Jennings entertained the D. Y. K. club Wednesday afternoon from 3 to 5 o'clock. Rook was played at five tables. A delightful ice course was served.

The Greensboro Cotillon club gave a Fourth of July dance in Neese's hall Tuesday evening. The hall was elaborately decorated in the national colors. About fifty couples were on the floor.

Miss Margaret Rankin gave a promenade party Tuesday evening for her little nephew and niece, Tom Rankin and Miss Evans Rankin, of Macon, Ga. The decorations were flags and draperies. Several young people of the age of the honorees were guests.

The Gamma Tau Bridge club was delightfully entertained Tuesday afternoon by Miss Guelda Elliott, complimentary to Miss Margaret Glenn, whose engagement to Charles Griffin, of Rocky Mount, was recently announced. Following interesting games Miss Glenn was presented with a basket of flowers which contained a shower of Djer Kiss toilet articles.

Misses Emily Joyner and Mavis Griffin, of Rocky Mount, were given a delightful bridge party Saturday morning by Mrs. Archie Joyner. Mrs. Ben Tatum won the prize for the highest score and souvenirs were also given the honor guests.

Miss Maurihe Moore entertained at rook Friday morning in honor of her guests, Miss Louise Moore and Miss Fannie Moore, of Graham. The game was played at four tables. Miss Annette won the prize for the highest score, and the consolation fell to Miss Elizabeth Harrison.

Miss Mabel Ridge entertained at bridge Saturday afternoon for Miss Lillie Stainback, of Weldon, who is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. E. Crutchfield.

Mrs. J. N. Staples was hostess at a tea Saturday afternoon for a number of friends who are visiting in the city.

Miss Eleanor Elliott, teacher of English for three years in the State Normal and Industrial College, has returned from Columbia University, where she won high honors as a post graduate student. She captured third year honors in English, was senior representative in the Barnard pageant, and elected a member of the English club of the college and of the Phi Beta Kappa, the rules of the college being suspended in order to make the last honor possible.

Miss Janie Angel gave a delightful garden party Friday evening in honor of Miss Lucy Bishop, of Dennis, who is visiting her.

Mrs. F. M. Clements entertained at rook Thursday afternoon in compliment to her house guests, Misses Annie Ballard and Charlotte Gale, of Suffolk, Va.

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SOCIAL AND OTHER NEWS NOTES FROM CLARKTON

Clarkton, N. C., July 7.—Miss Laura E. Meares left this morning for Chapel Hill, where she will attend the Summer School.

Mrs. Daisy McCallum and daughter, Miss Bessie, were in Wilmington shopping one day this week.

Mrs. D. M. Smith and daughter, Miss Lula Mae, have returned from a two weeks visit to relatives in Norfolk and Portsmouth, Va.

Mr. D. G. Kelly, of Hickory, was greeting his many friends here Tuesday.

The monthly business and social meeting of the Christian Endeavor Society was held at the lovely home of Misses Amanda and Alice Clark on North College Street Friday evening. Mr. E. J. Cox was leader at the very interesting weekly service Sunday evening. The topic, "How we can make ours an ideal Nation," was ably discussed by Mr. Cox, Rev. W. H. Goodman and others.

In spite of the recent rains, crops in this section are very good. The farmers are too busy waging war on "General Green" to give serious thought to enlisting in Uncle Sam's behalf.

Messrs. Gallaway and Bland, traveling salesmen, who are making their headquarters at the Helms House for several months, spent a day or two this week in Norfolk, Va.

Mr. D. M. Bridges had the misfortune to lose two valuable horses Monday afternoon. His son, Mr. H. C. Bridges, had driven to Dublin, about 12 miles from here, in the interest of the Standard Oil Co. which has recently established a station here with the elder Mr. Bridges as manager. On the return trip just before they reached town, it was noticed that one of the horses was sick. In half an hour's time both were dead, one dieing on the road, the other dropping just as Cox's livery stables was reached. "Jimmy" and "George," as the pair were called, were striking figures about town, of an unusual type, bays, with large white sports on flanks and faces. At this particular season of the year, the loss of such valuable horses is indeed great.

The Baptist Sunday School is planning for a picnic to Lake Waccamaw the 13th of this month.

The Fourth passed off quietly. Some of the business houses closed, while others evidently do not favor a holiday. Quite a number went to Lake Waccamaw to the annual picnic, while other places of amusement claimed some.

Mr. Arthur Goodman, of Concord, was the week end guest of his brother, Rev. W. H. Goodman.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Baptist church held their regular monthly meeting with Mrs. J. A. Memory Wednesday afternoon.

Rev. J. D. Howell spent several days last week in Wilmington and Wrightsville Beach.

Superintendent of James Sprunt Institute, Rev. W. F. Hollingsworth, made an interesting talk Sunday morning at the Presbyterian church in behalf of that institution. At night he preached one of the finest sermons ever heard in that church.

Mrs. J. A. Clark and Miss Maude and Master Neill Clark have gone for a stay of two months near Silver City, New Mexico, where Mrs. Clark's son, Mr. Ralph, has been since the first of the year for his health. We are glad to note that the latest reports from the young man are that he is improving.

Montreat is a great favorite with our people. Mr. N. A. Currie and two sons, John D. and Neill Alex, went up there this week in their auto to spend the summer months. Mrs. Currie and daughters have been located in their cottage there since the first of June. Dr. and Mrs. G. L. Clark, Dr. D. D. and Misses Alice Clark have also gone to Montreat for the hot weather.

Messrs. M. L. Cromartie, O. L. Clark and S. G. Wooten spent Sunday at Jackson Springs, having gone in Mr. Clark's auto.

We are sorry to learn of the serious illness of Miss Nancy Kelly, who lives with her brother, Mr. Jno. N. Kelly, two miles west of town. Her niece, Mrs. C. S. Tait, of Ramseur, came Wednesday night to be with her.

Miss Amanda Clark is spending her vacation with her sister, Mrs. L. R. Partlow, in Alexander, Idaho.

Mr. E. J. Cox and daughter, Catherine, have returned from an extended trip to Indiana and Kansas City.

Miss Bertha Gooden, of Wilmington, is visiting her parents here.

Mr. L. F. Ritchie was in Norfolk, Va., on business several days this week.

Messrs. Edwin Phifer and Cortland Meares enjoyed a day at Wrightsville Beach this week.

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Wilmington friends of the popular young people have received attractive invitations reading as follows:

Mrs. Margaret Elizabeth Lewis
requests the honor of your presence
at the marriage of her daughter
Roxie Lenorah
to
Mr. James Richard Chasten
on the evening of Thursday
July the twentieth
at six o'clock
St. Paul's Episcopal church
Wilmington, North Carolina

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BIG DELEGATION TO ATTEND BLUE RIDGE CONFERENCE

There will be a conference at the Young Women's Christian Association this afternoon at 5 o'clock of those intending to attend the Blue Ridge Conference to be held at Black Mountain the last ten days in this month. It is expected that not less than 15 delegates will go from Wilmington, including representatives from the different committees, the membership, etc. The conference will aiord an oportunity for both inspiration and recreation and will be a most delightful outing.

All in any way interested in the conference are invited to attend the conference at the Y. W. C. A. this afternoon at 5 o'clock.

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ELECTION OF OFFICERS AND A DELIGHTFUL ENTERTAINMENT

The Sunbeam band of Southside Baptist church had a very delightful entertainment Thursday afternoon at which time officers were elected for the ensuing year as follows: Leader, Mrs. W. G. Hall; assistant leader, Mrs. J. M. McLaughlin; president, Miss Edna Moore; vice president, Miss Mae Davis; secretary and treasurer, Miss Elsie Burke; assistant secretary and treasurer, Miss Lottie Kohler; pianist, Miss Thelma Moore. The following programme was rendered:

Piano solo—Miss Thelma Moore.
Reading—"China's Strange Call for Prayer," Mrs. McLaughlin.
Reading—"Irish Lace Made in China," Miss Elsie Burke.
Piano Solo—"The Chinese Music Box," Mrs. W. G. Hall.
Paper—"China's Needs", Miss Mae Davis.
Reading—"China's Cry to Christian America."
Vocal Duet—Misses Edna and Annie King.
Selection by band.
Closing Prayer—"For China and Chinese Missions," Mrs. J. M. McLaughlin.

THE BORDER STATES.

Interesting facts About the Territory on Either Side of the Line.

Washington, July 8.—Many interesting facts about the border states of the United States and Mexico have been compiled and issued by the NationalGeographical Society here as a war geography bulletin on that section of the continent to which our National Guard has been ordered. The bulletin gives the following comparative statistics:

"While the whole of America is vitally concerned in the present Mexican situation, the great human drama is being enacted along the 1,810 miles boundary line which separates the four American border states of California, Arizona, New Mexico and Texas, and the five border states and one territory of Mexico—Lower California, Sonora, Chihuahua, Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas. The area of the American border states is a little more than one-sixth the total area of the United States, including Alaska, while the area of the Mexican border states is more than three-sevenths the total area of that republic, yet the territory embraced in the bounds of the American states is almost twice as extensive as that of the six political divisions of the smaller country.

"The population of the six Mexican states is 1,700,000 compared with 6,800,000 on the American side, the former constituting about one-ninth the total population of Mexico, while the four American states have only about 1-14th of the total population of the northern republic.

"It is an odd coincidence that the four American states on the border are, with the exception of Montana and the territory of Alaska, the four largest political divisions in the Union, while three Mexican border states—Chihuahua, Coahuila and Sonora—and the territory of Lower California are, likewise, the largest divisions of that republic.

"All of the American border states were a part of the Mexican nation up to the middle of the last century when Texas seceded from the southern republic and subsequently cast her lot with the United States. Other territory was acquired in the war of 1848, the boundaries being fixed by the treaty of Guadaloupe Hidalgo which followed, and by the Gadsden Purchase.

"The Rio Grande forms a natural boundary line of more than 1,100 miles separating Texas from the Mexican states of Chihuahua, Coahuila, Nuevo Leon and Tamaulipas, while the arbitrary boundary of nearly 700 miles, zigzagging from El Paso to a point on the Pacific coast about 10 miles south of San Diego, separates New Mexico, Arizona and California from Chihuahua Sonora and Lower California.

"Five great railway arteries, over which has flowed the commerce of the two republics and which are of vital importance in all military operations, cross the border at Brownsville, Laredo, Eagle Pass, El Paso and Nogales. The corresponding Mexican towns are Matamoras, Nuevo Laredo, Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, Juarez and Nogales, the last named being bisected by the boundary line. The main lines of four of these railroads run in a general north and south direction through the states of Sonora, Chihuahua, Coahuila and Nuevo Leon, but the line which crosses the Rio Grande at Brownsville runs west from Matamores through Tamaulipas, Nuevo Leon and Coahuila, turning to the southwest at Torreon and extending through the state of Durango.

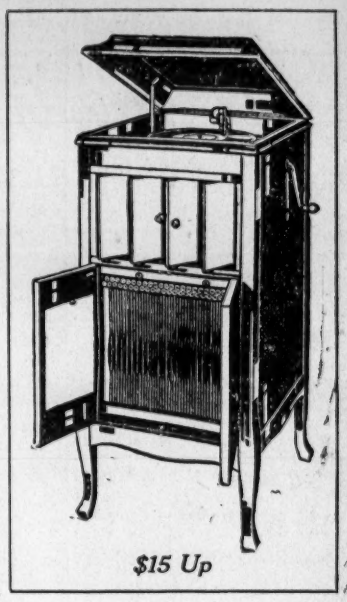
"The mouth of the Rio Grande, which marks the eastern end of the boundary, is more than 450 miles nearer the equator than the western end of the line."

About 700 million feet of timber was cut on the National forests in 1915.

July Sale Is Going On

at

Sterchi-Bancroft Co.



$15 Up

Our July Sale Continues

Our prices for July are the lowest we have ever made. Our stock is large and we want to sell Every Article that we now have in our two stores and three warehouses before we move in our July (which is not one of the best trading months) a banner month.

Solid Mahogany $12.50

We sold more goods during June than any month since being here. Our buyer is at market now, and will buy for us a complete new stock for the French Building, which we are to occupy. Hence we have a two-fold purpose in reducing our present stock. Buy now and save from 20% to 35% off of our usual low prices, and our prices are always 25% to 50% lower than elsewhere.

Call in and Look Us Over Before You Spend a Dime For Furniture

Sterchi - Bancroft Co.

113 N. Front Street - 6 and 8 N. Front Street.

RODEHEAVER COMING.

Billy Sunday's Great Song Leader to Attend Christian Endeavor Meeting.

Atlanta, Ga., July 5.—Homer Rodeheaver, Billy Sunday's song leader, is coming to Atlanta July 13-16, to lead the singing in the great All-South Christian Endeavor Convention, to be held in the City Auditorium and Atlanta churches.

Mr. Rodeheaver is recognized as the world's greatest leader of singing. It is estimated that he leads more than 6,000,000 people a year in gospel songs. No other man has ever done that. He is truly wonderful.

This is Mr. Rodeheaver's first visit to the Far South and the Christian Endeavorers of Dixie consider themselves fortunate in securing this great leader. He will be accompanied on this trip South by Charles H. Gabriel, the sweet-voiced singer and writer of many of the greatest hymns of the Church, and Charles H. Gabriel, Jr., who comes along as the pianist of the party.

Two of the unusual musical features of this great convention will be the open air song service and patriotic address on the steps of the Georgia State Capitol building Saturday afternoon, July 15. Rodeheaver and Gabriel will lead the singing and Daniel A. Poling, of Boston, will give the address. Mr. Poling is a great orator. Saturday evening there will be 12 great street meetings consisting of songs and a gospel message held on the streets of Atlanta. Each street meeting will be in charge of a different state delegation.

Kee Lock Eye Glasses

Will Not Wiggle, Shake or Get Loose. Let Us Show You the NEWEST Invention in the Optical Trade.

SPECTACLES OR EYE GLASSES CORRECTLY FITTED to Your Eyes for $1.00 and Up.

EYES TESTED FREE.

Dr. Vineberg

MASONIC TEMPLE.

Pure Blood means Perfect Health
TRADE S.S.S. MARK
Will Make Your Blood Pure
Get it at Your Druggist's
The Swift Specific Co.
ATLANTA, GA.

6 MORE DAYS
6 MORE DAYS
22
G. DANNENBAUM'S
--: Great Clearance :--
SALE
Will Continue Another Week
Dresses, Skirts, Coats, Blouses and Also Children's Garments Must Be Sold at Wonderful Reductions

GASOLINE

IN GALVANIZED IRON BARRELS.

JOBBERS, 24 CTS. CONSUMERS, 25 CTS.

F. O. B. Wilmington.

We Paying Return Freight on Empty Barrels.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

DON'T FORGET TO ORDER CARBONLESS AUTOIL.

Everybody Reads the Star Business Locals

LUMBERTON TO EXTEND WATERWORKS SYSTEM

Will Expend About $15,000 in this Improvement.

Col. Robinson Hardly Knew Wilmington—Light and Power Crisis Relieved—Court Convenes Tomorrow Morning.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Lumberton, N. C., July 8.—At a regular meeting of the mayor and commissioners held Thursday night, it was decided to take steps to extend the water and sewerage lines on different streets in town, which have never been provided with water, but which need it as badly as those sections already provided. But that could not be helped, as all has been done in the past that could be done. It is proposed now to spend $15,000 in extending water works which the tax-payers are entitled to and no one will say they should not have.

It would be surprising to know the number of homes in Lumberton which have no protection against fire, to say nothing of being without other water conveniences. It is said there are 36 residences alone south of the Seaboard, unprotected, though as we understand it, the owners pay water tax; and this condition prevails in suburban sections generally. The situation should and will be relieved.

Col. H. B. Robinson and family spent the Fourth in Wilmington, where he resided for several years in early life. Colonel Robinson had not seen Wilmington for nine years, and came home wearing an expression of sadness. He said things had changed so much that it did not seem anything like the Wilmington of old. He said he came near breaking his neck trying to look up to the top of some of the buildings that "reach up into the clouds." The colonel said he went down to spend three days, but his old friends of other days were "mostly not there," and as the street car men were taking the Fourth and the cars were not on duty he soon got tired and came home. Colonel Robinson said he walked into a door right down on Front street and a fellow asked him who he wanted to see and upon receiving the information, the fellow pushed a button which threw him up stairs and told him that was the place. The colonel said he got lost while searching for the particular office, and got some one to show him the way to the ground. He says he never expects to go to Wilmington any more.

Light and Power Problem.

The experience our people have had during the past week, electrically speaking, has not all been light, but could have been much worse. Just suppose the fact that the Yadkin Power Company had not been in position to turn their current on, on short notice. The work of changing over would have been completed had not the town been bothered about getting material on time. The Yadkin people were ready with their lines, but the contractors who were doing the work for the town have had great trouble in getting prompt shipments of machinery, material, etc. Fortunately, when lightning struck the plant Friday of last week, Superintendent Finch, of the Yadkin sub station, and Manager Rutledge, of the reconstruction force, were both promptly on hand to investigate damages and render any assistance. The Yadkin officials Raleigh were communicated with and word came back to do everything possible to relieve the situation. The forces of Messrs. Finch and Rutledge got busy at once and by 6 o'clock Saturday evening, Superintendent McNeill was able to give a majority of customers light and power. It will be some time after August first, before all the street lights are turned on again, but this is caused on account of slow shipments of material.

It is reported that a McCaskill Club was organized here Thursday night, with about 50 charter members. We do not know who the officers are, but a man who was a member of the Brown Club, is among the signers, so he informed your correspondent. He said there were a number of Brown club men in the McCaskill club, but he had not read the list, though he knew of several Republicans who were enrolled.

After next week the Dixie Cafe will be no more in Lumberton. It is going across the street on the 15th, from the McLean building to the Caldwell building, formerly occupied by Mr. George M. Whitfield. When the move is made the name will be changed to some other name. The Dixie prospered for years like a green bay tree, but frosts eventually caught it. Under new management it is proposed to run it up to its former standard.

Excursion rates will be given from here to Richmond and Norfolk over the V. & C. S. next Tuesday, the 11th, the fare for the round trip being $4.50. Tickets will be good returning until the 14th, inclusive. On the 14th, the Seaboard will give a round trip rate to Charlotte of $2.50. Passengers can go to Charlotte Friday morning or evening and return on any train up to and including Sunday night. Both trips are inviting ones. An effort is being made to arrange a Pullman excursion from Lumberton to the mountains, passengers to have benefit of sleepers on entire trip, everything but their meals; great trip.

The town census has been completed by a town official—we mean the dog census. His report shows 69 dogs residing inside the corporate limits, six of the number belonging to the bull dog family. Bull dog tax is $25.00, all other dogs, including pugs and poodles, is $3.00. Business houses outside the corporate limits, operating delivery service in town, will be called on for privilege tax, same as a circus showing in the country and parading in town.

Saloom Saleeby, an Assyrian confectioner, operating his business within 100 yards of the county court house, was given a sentence by the Recorder this week, of eight months on the roads, for selling drinks which produced drunkenness. He had been cautioned by the recorder, who had heard reports, but his advice was not heeded. Saleeby appealed to the higher court. He was represented by Mr. H. E. Stacy, while Mr. S. McIntyre prosecuted.

Court Week in Lumberton.

For the one week term of criminal court which will convene here Monday, there is small business, no cases of importance being booked. It is supposed that Judge Winston will preside, he having been appointed to succeed the late Judge Peebles, who would have held the court had he lived and kept well.

Mrs. J. L. Williamson has taken the position of stenographer for Messrs. Johnson & Johnson, attorneys, succeeding Miss Zuba Markham, who resigned to accept a similar position in Richmond, Va.

A part of the wall of the new hotel has reached the top of the third story windows, and keeps going higher.

Trouble is awaiting just around the corner for some of the automobile drivers in Lumberton. It's coming, so no one need be surprised. Children that should be under protection of a nurse are now playing with cars. It keeps a fellow busy at times to keep out of the way of reckless drivers.

Miss Eva Mace left this morning for her home in Marion, S. C., where she will spend two weeks. From Marion, Miss Mace will go to Halifax, Nova Scotia, to spend the remainder of the summer with Mrs. Gordon R. Hennigar, nee Miss Bonnie Barker.

Mr. and Mrs. Rudolph Carlyle left this morning for the mountains, traveling in an automobile.

Miss Mary Keister, who has been spending some time here visiting her sister, Mrs. S. F. Caldwell, returned to her home at Pulaski, Va., this week, accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Caldwell.

All the white way lights gave light last night for the first time since Thursday of last week. Other street lights need not be looked for before sometime in August.

The Fayetteville chief of police was here last night and did not keep it a secret that visitors from other towns surrounding that city were largely responsible for much of the prohibition law violation there. He made it plain that some of those who visit Fayetteville at night are going to find themselves in embarrassing positions regardless of who they are.

It is reported that residents in the neighborhood of the opera house were kept awake until a late hour last Saturday night on account of loud talking, laughing, etc., eminating from the building. The manager of the theatre says he wants it understood that he has nothing to do with the first floor, which is occupied by offices and from one of which the stream of gayety seemed to flow. And the owners of the building are known to be as much opposed to such things as anybody in the world, and do not fear a repetition of such an occasion. W. S. W.

SAYS WAR CAN WORK NOTHING BUT FURTHER MISCHIEF NOW

David Starr Jordan Says Mexico is Capable of Regenerating Herself

New York, July 8.—That Mexico is fully capable of regenerating herself and should be allowed to do so without interference was the chief point of Chancellor Emeritus David Starr Jordan of Leland Stanford University, the principal speaker at the annual meeting of the American School Peace League in the ball room of the Hotel Astor, New York, Friday. He pointed out that Mexico has been suffering from five years of revolution and that war can work nothing but further mischief in the present situation.

Brigandage, he said, exists in only a partial degree in four or five of the twenty-seven States of Mexico, and a large measure of peace and increasing civilization is developing in the others. In thirteen of the States public school systems have been established in spite of the troublous times. The United States could perform a far more useful service for Mexico, in Chancellor Jordan's opinion, by furnishing money for educational purposes and helping the spread of the public school systems than by shooting Mexicans.

Referring to the immediate causes for war he said he had good reason to believe that the United States is not blameless for the raids that have occurred and that a more rigid policing on this side of the border would have forestalled or prevented the raids which were instigated in this country. The chancellor gathered first hand information on the border ten days ago at the conference called by the American Union Against Militarism.

President Randall J. Condon of the League, Superintendent of Schools of Cincinnati, O., presided at the meeting. Three high school boys selected as the result of an essay contest in New York City delivered orations on "The Influence of the United States in the Adoption of a Plan for Permanent Peace." They were Louis Jacobs of the High School of Commerce, Samuel Saretsky of De Witt Clinton High School and Harry Bodin of Morris High School.

Katherine Devereux Blake, Principal of Public Schools of New York City, delivered an address on "Training for Savagery or Civilization—Which?" Mrs. Fannie Fern Andrews, Secretary of the League, delivered the Secretary's annual address, and the successful contestants in thePeabury Peace Prize Essay Contest were announced. At the close of the meeting the annual election of officers was held.

MR. HENRY LEE DEAD

Prominent Citizen of Goldsboro Passes Away There.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Goldsboro, N. C., July 8.—The death of Mr. Henry Lee, a prominent business man of Goldsboro, occurred this afternoon following a sudden decline which baffled all medical skill. Deceased was a native of Sampson county and was prominently connected through the State; was 73 years of age, a Confederate veteran and a member of the board of directors of the Wayne National Bank, this city.

He is survived by his wife, three daughters, Mrs. H. L. Finlayson, of Baltimore ;Mrs. Frank Cannon, of Concord, and Mrs. Murray Borden, of this city; two brothers, Dr. A. M. Lee, of Clinton, and Mr. M. L. Lee, of this city, and one sister, Mrs. Addie Lee McKinnon; several grandchildren and a number of nephews and nieces.

The funeral will be held from the home Sunday afternoon at 5o'clock, conducted by his pastor, Rev. Peter McIntyre, of the First Presbyterian church.

LYNCHING CASE GOES TO DUPLIN FOR TRIAL

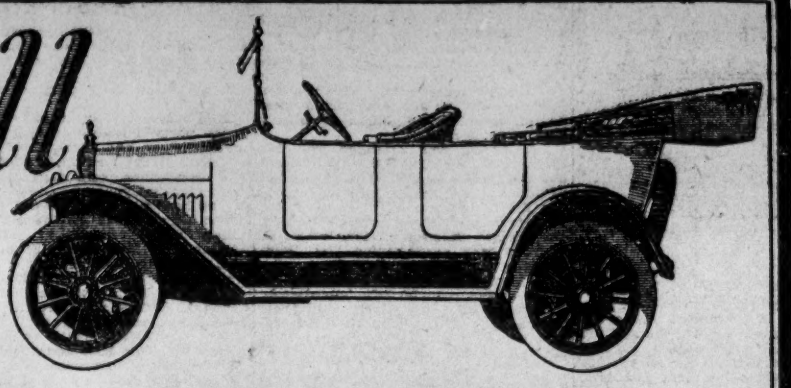
(Continued From Page One).

rants for more than a dozen Greene county men, some of them prominent, alleged to have been among the slayers of Black, are expected to be issued before the probe is resumed.

Another newspaper today printed an article resented by Judge Bond. The Daily News, a morning publication, editorially criticised his conduct of the investigation. Judge Bond stated from the bench that he would leave the matter open. Editor Debnam, of a Snow Hill weekly, is under promise to the court to correct statements prin ted last week in a news article.

St. John's Episcopal church, Third and Red Cross street, Rev. W. E. Cox, rector. Morning prayer and sermon by the Rev. George F. Hill at 11 a. m. Evening prayer at 5:30 p. m. Seats free. All cordially invited.

Maxwell



$595

THE big value car—because it's big in service—big in economy—big in general satisfaction. More for your money—every dollar representing actual service-value.

A high grade automobile—built as you want it built—runs as you want it to run—for only $595. A demonstration will give you new ideas regarding motor car values. We have a car ready for you.

Touring Car $595; Roadster $580; Cabriolet $865; Town Car $915; Sedan $985.
Fully equipped, including electric starter and lights. All prices f. o. b. Detroit.

LASSITER-McDUFFIE COMPANY

114-116 North 2nd St. Phone 614 Wilmington, N. C.

SITUATION IN DUPLIN GROWING NO BETTER

Letter to Judge Allen Intimates Worse Conditions.

Prominent Men Opposed to Stock Law Believed to be Leading or Encouraging the Night Riders—No Course Adopted.

(Special Star Correspondence).

Kinston, N. C., July 8.—District officials and those in authority in Duplin county are not inclined to minimize the threatening situation in Duplin as the result of the night riders' activities. Rumors reaching a high official here today indicated that a somewhat similar condition may exist in another county south of here. The rumors were not definite enough to announce the locality of the new trouble zone.

A letter received by Judge Oliver H. Allen, of Superior court, here yesterday intimated that conditions in Duplin were increasingly bad. Judge Allen said the State had not decided upon what course it would pursue. Troops, he thinks, are not needed yet.

The stock law, which is supposed to be in force in Duplin but is not in all sections of it, and which is the cause of the trouble, will be repealed as the result of a popular election when the county has been fenced in as a protection to adjoining counties under the law. The Duplin people voted for free range i npreference to the law which is in effect in Lenoir, its northern neighbor, and other counties of the section. But the fence around the county has not yet been constructed for reasons not well-understood here. Persons trying to abide by the law's provisions until the repealing act goes into force are being intimidated and shot at an dtheir property destroyed.

Actual loss of life is "possible" unless there is quick action, but the authorities do not consider it probable.

Judge Allen understands that an even larger area is being overrun by the night riders than was first reported here this week. "Two or three townships lying to the south of Beulahville," a score of miles from here, have experienced outrages and had glimpses of a small, slow-riding band of masked men, beardless as well as bearded, in the dead hours of night. That the raiders would not hesitate to kill to enforce their will is indicated by the fact that persons have been shot at a number of times. Arson has played no part in their activities so far as reported.

Prominent men, several in number, opposed to the enforcement of the stock law, are believed to be among the night riders or encouraging them.

It is not believed that steps have been taken to guard against further outrages, other than the organization of bands of citizens to protect themselves and property.

Judge Allen, who has considerable influence with all classes in Duplin and is related to persons in the county, and Solicitor H. E. Shaw are expected to go there as soon as Col. Shaw can get away from a lynching investigation he is participating in here.

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

There will be a meeting of the Stockholders of the Cape Fear Building and Loan Association on Monday night, 8 P. M., July 10th, in the office of Mr. C. W. Polvogt, in the Southern Building.

All Stockholders are urged to be present, as this is an important meeting.

W. OTERSEN,
Secretary and Treasurer.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Office of the Treasurer.
Wilmington, N. C., July 1st, 1916.

The Board of Directors of Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company has declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the Common Capital Stock of that Company, payable at the office of the Treasurer, Wilmington, N. C., on Monday, July 10th, 1916, to such stockholders as shall be registered on the books of the Company on Monday, June 19th, 1916, at three o'clock P. M.

JAMES F. POST,
Treasurer.

GREEN'S FRIENDS CONFIDENT

That the New Bern Man Will Get District Attorneyship.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, N. C., July 8.—While there is considerable effort being made to have Mr. Josiah William Bailey, of Raleigh, or Hon. J. O. Carr, of Wilmington appointed as district attorney for the United States court in the Eastern district of North Carolina, the friends in this city and section of Hon. Ernest M. Green are "sawing wood" and saying nothing, and when the appointment is made, there is going to be a surprise for somebody.

Mr. Green, it has been pointed out, is just the man for this place. His affiliation with the courts as assistant district attorney has made him familiar with every detail of the work and his friends are urging that he be selected to fill the place.

Of course, there is considerable speculation as to who will be selected but it is being predicted that neither Mr. Carr nor Mr. Bailey will get the office.

PROPOSALS.

The City Council will receive sealed proposals until Wednesday, July 21st, 1916, for the sinking of deep wells—one at Sixth and Nixon, one at Ninth and Dawson, one at Eighth and Castle, and one on Wrightsville Avenue and Orange street. The Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids or to accept bid on either pump and reject others, and to accept any bid that may seem to it to be to the best interest to the city. Specifications will be furnished by the Water and Sewerage Department. Address bids to T. D. Meares, City Clerk and Treasurer.

W. F. JONES,
Councilman.

CONFEDERATE VETERANS' REUNION

WILMINGTON, N. C., JULY 26th, 27th.

This will be one of the most attractive events to be held in the Seashore City this year, and the

Exceedingly Low Excursion Fares

with a comparatively long limit offered by the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

The Standard Railroad of the South,

will put within the reach of all, in addition to meeting the Veterans and Sons of Veterans and their families

A Trip to Wrightsville Beach, Carolina Beach and Southport.

At one of the most attractive periods.

Tickets will be sold from all points in North Carolina on July 25th and 26th, and for trains scheduled to reach Wilmington at or before noon of July 27th, limited returning to reach original starting point prior to midnight of Monday, July 31st, 1916.

For schedules and information, call 'Phone 160, or address

T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.

SPECIAL THIS WEEK

Fancy Blue Rose Rice,
Fancy Head Honduras Rice,
Also other grades.
Flour, all grades, at low prices.
Burlaps, Cotton Sheets.
Hindoo 2-lb. Bagging.
Mason Jars, Rubbers, Zinc Caps.
Wisconsin June Cheese, for future shipment.
Western Rust Proof Oats.
Now is the time to book your requirements for these goods. Request quotations now.

McNair & Pearsall

GOOD POSITIONS, PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT AS MOTORMEN AND CONDUCTORS.

Rates: 17 to 22 cents per hour, according to experience. Inexperienced men readily trained.

Applicants must pass the required Physical and Mental standards of the Company, and must furnish evidence of good moral character.

Apply to

A. B. SKELDING,
General Manager Tide Water Power Company, Wilmington, N. C.

Don't Endure Itching Skin

We urge all skin sufferers who have sought relief in vain, to try this liquid wash, the D. D. D. Prescription for Eczema. All skin diseases yield instantly to its soothing oils. Its ingredients, oil of wintergreen, thymol and glycerine, have been used by doctors for years in the cure of the skin. The liquid form carries these healing ingredients down through the pores to the root of the disease.

Druggists are glad to recommend this soothing, cooling liquid. 25c, 50c and $1.00. Come to us and we will tell you more about this remarkable remedy. Your money back unless the first bottle relieves you. D. D. D. Soap keeps your skin healthy. Ask about it.

D. D. D. For 15 Years the Standard Skin Remedy

Robert R. Bellamy, Druggist.

FORECLOSURE SALE

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will, by virtue of the power of sale contained in a mortgage executed by Matilda A. Hayden, Mary Katherine Hayden, Mary T. Hayden and John Henry Hayden to Nonie F. King, dated the 14th day of February, A. D., 1914, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of New Hanover County in Book 74, page 424 et seq., expose for sale at public auction to the highest bidder, for cash, at the front Court House door of New Hanover County, on Monday, the 7th day of August, A. D., 1916, at 12 o'clock M., all the right, title, interest, property and estate of the said John Henry Hayden in and to all of that lot, piece or parcel of land, situate, lying and being in the county of New Hanover, state of North Carolina, city of Wilmington, and bounded and described as follows, to-wit:

Beginning at a point in the western line of Third street, 66 feet south from the intersection of said western line of Third street with the southern line of Princess street, and running thence southwardly along said western line of Third street 66 ft.; thence westwardly parallel to Princess street 165 ft.; thence northwardly parallel to Third street 66 ft.; thence eastwardly parallel to Princess street 165 ft. to the point of beginning. The same being the eastern half of Lot 2, Black 166, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington.

At this sale, only the interest of the said John Henry Hayden will be sold, and not the interest of Matilda A. Hayden, who owns a life estate in the same, nor the interest of Mary Katherine Hayden, Mary T. Hayden, or Ellen Agnes Hayden.

Dated and posted this the 7th day of July, A. D., 1916.

NONIE F. KING,
Mortgagee.

E. K. BRYAN,
Attorney.

jy 8-30t.

Whether You Are A Little Shaver or A Big Shaver

We Have Just the Razor to Suit You:

Gillette Razor and Blades.
Durham Duplex Razor and Blades
Keen Kutter Razor and Blades.
Enders' Razor and Blades.
Auto Strop Razor and Blades.
Ever Ready Razor and Blades.
Gem, Jr., Razor and Blades.
Penn Razor and Blades.

By special arrangement with the manufacturers, we can let you try an Auto Strop Razor for 30 Days, without cost to you, and if you don't like it you won't have to buy it, and no questions asked.

J. Hicks Bunting Drug Company
The "QUALITY" DRUG STORE.

CHICHESTER S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.
Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable

SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

A Novel as Big as the West it pictures.

The Golden Hope

By GRACE SARTWELL MASON.

A tale of the California desert, "written with a firmness and strength that makes it one of the very best of its class."
The Utica Observer.

At all bookstores.
Illustrated, $1.35 net
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New York.

MEN WANTED!

CHANCE TO SEE AND SERVE YOUR COUNTRY

Able-Bodied Men Wanted for First Company Engineer Corps North Carolina National Guard, being organized in Wilmington, N. C. Any man interested in joining this organization should write

GEO. W. GILLETTE, Enlisting Officer,
Wilmington, N. C.

STACKS, TANKS, BOILERS, PUMPS.
GAS AND STEAM ENGINE REPAIRS.
REPAIRS FOR MILLS, HOTELS AND PUBLIC WORKS.
OUR FOUNDRY MAKES ALL KINDS of IRON, BRASS and ALUMINUM CASTINGS.

Cape Fear Machine Works

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SHINGLES - SHINGLES - SHINGLES

400,000 IN STOCK

4x20 Cypress.	5x20 Heart Cypress.
5x18 "A" Cypress.	5x20 XX Cypress.
5x18 Prime Cypress.	6x20 XX Cypress.
5x20 "A" Cypress.	5x18 White Cedar.
	5x20 No. 1 Heart Juniper.

Roger Moore's Sons & Co.

206 Princess Street Phone No. 154

COAL! BUILDERS' SUPPLIES!

LARGE STOCKS. PROMPT DELIVERY
"LET US SERVE YOU"

W B. THORPE & CO

'PHONE 789.

Topic for Sunday, July 9, 1915.
CONSECRATION OF PURPOSE
Acts 11:19-23.

The persecution that arose in connection with Stephen's death very much emphasizes the purposes of the early church, and very much extended its field of effort. It is said "that the blood of the martyrs is the seed of the church, and the winds of persecution and the flames of the zeal of the church." Evidently "The hand of the Lord was with them;" for great numbers believed and the work was greatly extended.

Barnabas was a good counselor. His presence added strength to the cause. When he examined a situation he saw evidence in the grace and work of God. He appealed to them to continue steadfastly to serve God with a consecrated purpose. He was a good man and gifted with spiritual power and his great faith in God made him a potent factor in the work.

While many people live aimless lives and possess no definite purpose in living, yet a great number of lives are full of purpose. The important question is as to the character and effort of that purpose. Many purposes are to make money; others purpose to acquire fame; others purpose to have a good time; but the important matter is to have an unselfish purpose set on serving God. This is consecration of purpose. A man may have few or many gifts, he may have little or great power, he may have little or much wealth; if he centers it on himself, or expends his strength in a selfish way, his life is misused and lost. If a man can set his heart on the ervice of God and purpose to know nothing but Jesus Christ and Him crucified, and resolve to continually serve to the best interest of his fellowmen, that man's life will be both efficient and useful.

Opportunity and ability determine one's power. Birth and blood often determine the matter. All kinds of service is needed. We need street-sweepers as well as philosophers; we need ditch-diggers as well as architects. And each one, if living under influence of a consecrated purpose, can serve as well to the glory of God as any other.

Each should keep his eye and ear open to duty. Opportunity is God's mighty voice saying, "I want you." Opportunity is God's call to duty. Look around you and see where you fit in and what you can do. "Christian Observer."

A consecrated purpose shapes and moulds the life to the highest e fficiency. That is, by the consecration on one aim of life, the greatest attainments and perfections are made. In shaping the life it completes it, filling out the deficiencies and making the life the best fitted for the service it is to perform.

Consecrated purpose assures success of the highest type. The greatest man is the most perfect, and a consecration or banding of all efforts to a state of perfection is always rewarded by the highest attainment.

The consecration of purpose is an act that, while it brings many heartaches, brings many pleasures. Those who would view the world from mountain tops must pass through the valleys.

Consecrated purpose mets with God's approval. The great men of the Bible are all men of this type. Moses, Peter, Paul, Christ, all consecrated their purpose, their life, to one thing, and they won.

It is the singleness of purpose, this absorption in the great life work, that nerves our missionaries in their exiles. A splendid example of this is presented in the career of the greatest misionary and explorer, Dr. David Livingston. Every young person should read the wonderful story of his life.

As an example of what perseverance, fortitude, energy, and consecrated effort will do, Horace Greeley's story of his own life should be studied by every ambitious young man.

Carlyle has said that the first requisite to success is carefully to find your life work and then bravely to carry it out.

Horace Mann, famous as a teacher and reformer in his day, was urged by his friends in Ohio to go to Congress. He replied: "I have a great respect for men in public life, but I have more respect for my own life work. If I know anything, it is the science or art of teaching, and to do this work, please God, I shall devote the whole of my life." And he kept his word.

Shakespeare says truly and wisely:

"Our doubts are traitors,
And make us lose the good we oft might win,
By fearing to attempt.

James J. Hill, the king of railway builders, who has just recently died, is an example of the results of consecrated purpose. A boy born poor, with no education, he went to the top, because he kept everlastingly at the one thing. One of his many famous sayings is, "If a boy wants to succeed—and there's always room at the top—he's got to be more than indifferent. Luck and laziness never went together and they never will."

WHERE A NEGRO IS A SHOW

Colored Visitor Was a Curiosity to the Town of Atlantic.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Atlantic, N. C., July 3.—A negro spent the day here recently—on a boat tied up at a pier. It was an event for Atlantic. This town of more than 500 population, with 1,500 others living within a mile and a half of the corporate center, has not a single colored citizen. Located about half way between Pamlico and Bogue sounds on Core Sound, it is said there are not three colored persons living within a radius of 30 miles of Atlantic. Once a colored child visited the place, and was the object of much curiosity on the part of the local juvenile population. It is believed a negro has never spent a night in the town.

Mount Station, N. J., July 8.—T. R. Pell wrested the classic Middle States tennis championship singles title from Karl H. Behr here today in the challenge match on the turf courts of the Orange Lawn Tennis Club. Behr had two jars on the cup.

SUNDAY SERVICES

Fifth Avenue Methodist church, Rev. J. H. Shore, pastor.—Rev. E. H. Rawlings, D. D., will preach at 11 in the morning. Dr. Rawlings is general secretary of the Laymen's Missionary Movement in the Methodist Episcopal church, South. Sermon by the pastor at 8 in the evening. Sunday school at 9:45 in the morning. Epworth League Tuesday evening at 8. Bible study Wednesday evening at 8. A cordial invitation to the public an dstrangers to attend all services.

Grace Methodist church, corner 4th and Grace streets, Rev. M. T. Plyler, pastor.—Preaching by the pastor in the morning at 11. Special union meeting for men at 4:30 in the afternoon, with address by Dr. E. H. Rawlings, of Nashville, Tenn. Preaching by Dr. Rawlings at 8 on "The Coming Layman." Sunday school in the morning at 9:45. Cordial invitation to all these services.

First Baptist church—Preaching today at 11 A. M. and 8 P. M. by the pastor, Rev. Dr. John Jeter Hurt. B. Y. P. U. meets at 7 P. M. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 8 P. M.

St. Paul's Lutheran church, Market and Sixth streets, Rev. F. B. Clausen, pastor.—Morning service, with Holy communion at 11. Preparatory service at 10:40. Subject of sermon: "A Double Confession." Called meeting of Dorcas Society after morning service. Sunday school at 10. Visitors are welcome at all services. No evening service.

Calvary Baptist church, Rev. J. A. Sullivan, pastor—Sunday school at 9:45. Morning and evening worship at 11 and 8. Sermon subjects: morning, "A Truth of Great Importance in Our Daily Life," night, "God's First and Second Choices." Junior B. Y. P. U. Sunday evening at 7. Teachers' meeting Tuesday night. Prayer meeting Wednesday night, Senior B. Y. P. U. Thursday night. Sunbeams Thursday afternoon at 4. Song service Friday night. A cordial welcome to all services.

Seventh Day Adventist church, 4th and Wright streets.—Church service each Sunday night at 8. Sabbath school each Saturday morning at 10, and preaching at 11. Prayer meetings each Wednesday night at 8.

St. Mary's Pro-Cathedral, Fifth avenue and Ann streets.—First mass in the morning at 7. Last mass and sermon at 10:30. Vespers in the evening at 8.

St. Paul's Episcopal church, 15th and Market streets—Services in the morning at 11, conducted by Bishop Thomas C. Darst.

Winter Park Methodist church, Rev. J. Herbert Miller, pastor. Preaching at 8 p. m. Sunday school at 10 a. m. A cordial welcome for all.

St. James' church, Rev. W. H. Milton, D. D., rector.—Morning prayer and sermon at 11. Evening prayer at 6. Everybody cordially welcome.

St. Matthews' Evangelical Lutheran church, North Fourth street, Rev. G. W. McClanahan, pastor.—In the absence of the pastor Mr. George Bowden, St. Matthews' Theological student, will preach in the morning at 11. There will be no evening service. Sunday school at 10. On Wednesday, July 12, St. Matthews' Sunday school will run its annual excursion to Carolina Beach via the steamer Wilmington.

Christian Science Society, church edifice Seventeenth and Market streets.—Services Sunday morning at 11. Subject, "Sacrament." Sunday school at 12:15. Testimonial meeting Wednesday evening at 8:15. Free reading room in the Murchison National Bank building open daily, except Sundays and holidays from 4 to 6:30 in the afternoon. The public is cordially invited to attend all services and to visit the reading room.

ON WHOSE SIDE IS GOD IN THE WAR?

(Weekly Unity)

In a recent issue of Answers, a London weekly publication, Bishop Frodsham, canon of Gloucester, England, discusses a question raised by the European war, as follows:

The workers at a big munition factory in the West of England the other day asked me to speak upon a question which was being debated keenly in the shops.

The question was stated very much as follows: Can God answer the prayers of both the British and the Germans? The king recently asked us to pray for the empire. The kaiser probably will wish the Germans to pray for Germany. But God can't give victory to both nations; so what is the use of praying?

The question is not a new one, but it cuts at the very heart of our religious life.

"My country, right or wrong!" is a saying which appeals to the heart of the natural man everywhere. But it is a saying that has no right in the sanctuary.

The initial question suggests itself. What right have either the Germans or the British to expect God to grant them victory? If the British call themselves Christian, so do the Germans. If there is something radically wrong with German Christianity, there is also much that is not right with British Christianity.

And what must be made of the words of the Lord Jesus:

"Not everyone that saith unto me, Lord, Lord, shall enter into the kingdom of heaven, but he that doeth the will of My Father which is in heaven."

These words of Christ's lift the whole matter upon another plane.

It is not so much a question as to whether God can bless two belligerent nations, as whether either nation deserves to be blessed. British and Germans visualize God like their old pagan ancestors visualized Thor, as the god of battles, but God is a God of righteousness, and God must be true to himself.

During the Civil war in the United States half a century ago, President Lincoln reminded the Northerners that it was far more important to take care that they were on God's side than it was to dispute as to whether God was on their side. The saying is worth remembering today.

The Truth, so far as we are able to see it, appears to be this. God cannot bless either the Germans as Germans or the British as British. But God will bless both German and British, in proportion to their honest desire to see his just purposes and do his righteous will. Nay, more. If only the British and German Christians could unite in some such spirit, it would do more than anything else to restore the reign of peace to this poor, bewildered, bloodstained world. So, then, instead of the munition workers' question being a dreadful puzzle, to which there is no possible religious answer, it becomes bright with the rays of Christian hope.

EUROPE DISCUSSING "WAR AFTER THE WAR"

"Mutual Boycott" by the Two Families of Nations

Proposed That the Two Groups of Warring Powers Be Consolidated Into Permanent and Hostile Commercial Alliances.

(Correspondence of Associated Press)

London, June 30.—The newest and most remarkable development in European politics is the policy seriously proposed by extremists in both camps that the two groups of warring powers be consolidated into permanent and hostile commercial alliances. The realization of such visions must vitally effect the interests of all neutral trading nations, and of none more than the United States.

So many complications in the pathway of this "war after the war" are discovered by business men and economic writers that the dream of a lasting blood feud of trade may suffer a brief and unmourned career. But statesmen in both European groups are discussing how each may use treaties and tariffs, after the yet distant peace conference, to get the upper hand in commerce, when the soldiers have beaten their swords into plowshares and yardsticks.

Export duties, import duties, preferential tariffs, and "most favored nation" clauses, are being woven into new combinations, on paper, and these torn to pieces and arranged in newer patterns as the probable defects of each scheme become exposed. Incidentally the British system of free trade, because of which—or in spite of which, as the case may be—Great Britain has become the richest of European nations, and able to finance much more than her share of the great war, is being handled irreverently even in the house of its strongest friends. That agitation, also, contains possibilities which must be interesting to neutral states.

Great enthusiasm is displayed by British protectionists over the results of the economic conference of the Entente Powers—held in Paris. The conference was projected first, according to general understanding, for the purpose of devising plans to strengthen the blockade against the Central Powers. Afterward its programme was expanded to include a practical reply to the German movement for a Zollverein of Middle Europe. The platform issued to the public laid down the principles of a programme for a commercial alliance of the allies, for the period of reconstruction following the war, and also for a permanent preferential trade scheme.

This campaign for what the "Westminster Gazette" terms, a "mutual boycot" by the two families of European nations first came before the public when the German minister of finance, with certain colleagues visited the Austrian capital, according to reports, to broach the subject of a commercial union. The conception of the "Mittel-Europa" bund was launched in a book of that title by Professor Naumann, which has attained remarkably wide circulation throughout the group, gathered into a self-sustaining commercial empire, stretching from the North Sea to the Persian Gulf. The professor demonstrates that such a combination might be nearly self-supporting in the matter of the supply of foodstuffs, and raw materials for manufacturing, and be enriched by the trade among its own members in these combinations, as well as in manufactures.

The importance of these combinations to distant neutral nations like the United States is a topic of argument. Their erection would depend upon free trade, or preferential tariffs, between their members. That necessarily would abolish the most favored nation clause in existing treaties. For the small neutral nations of Europe the difficulty of remaining outside one or the other of the great groups would be created. The Scandinavian countries, Holland, Spain and Switzerland, would be under the pressure of varying geographical forces, and perhaps of such trading regulations as are being exercised by the belligerent powers to prevent the smaller nations from helping enemies.

Statesmanship and diplomacy could hardly be confronted with more complications than these proposed trade unions present. From the standpoint of geography the Middle Europe combination appears more logical and workable than one consisting of Britain, France, Italy, Russia, Japan, and the great British colonies, and the dependencies of Australia, Canada, and India. Beside the geographical handicaps, which for the Entente nations would mean diverting much of their commerce from the natural channels, there is the problem of reconciling their divergent fiscal systems. Great Britain is a free trade country; most of her allies are strongly protectionist, while the British self-governing dominions of Canada and Australia exercise the right of maintaining protective tariffs against the mother country. Free trade among all its members seems a necessary condition of a commercial partnership in which the principal owner enters the firm on the basis of the open door. On the other hand the open door of free trade necessarily must be closed against the members of the opposition house.

The status of monetary exchange after the war presents another possible embarrassment. The well known writer Dr. Dillon offers an interesting prediction. "The financial plight of Germany and Austria," he says, " will be such that the international exchange in Berlin or Vienna will approach more nearly to that of Petrograd than to that of London. One of the direct consequences of this inequality between ourselves and our allies will be that Russia's commercial custom will be irresistibly drawn to Germany and Austria, and away from Great Britain. For Russia's industrial and commercial requirements could then be much more cheaply supplied by the two first-named countries, because the purchasing power of the Russian rouble will be greater in the Central Empires than in Britain and France. Machinery, for instance, which would cost 10,000 pounds in Manchester, would be obtainable in Stuttgart or Chemnits for about 8,500 pounds worth of roubles."

American merchants having ambitions for Russian business after the war may find Dr. Dillon's prophecy useful.

SPECIAL PRICES

ALL THIS WEEK AT

J. W. H. FUCHS' DEP'T STORE

28 South Front Street **Telephone 272**

READY-TO-WEAR DEPARTMENT

Our entire stock of new wool Spring Coat Suits will be sold at ½ price.

$8.00 Palm Beach Coat Suits, all sizes at $5.98
$10.00 Ladies' and Misses' Cool Cloth Coat Suits $7.98
50c Shirt Waist, each ... ...44¢
$1.00 Shirt Waists ... ...89¢
$2.98 Shirt Waists, Crepe de Chine, this sale $1.98
Pique White Skirts, all sizes ... ...98¢
Gabardine Skirts, excellent quality, white $1.98
Striped Skirts, Galatea $1.98
One lot of slightly soiled Skirts, color, white; choice ... ...79¢

MEN'S, BOYS' CLOTHING AND FURNISHING DEPARTMENT.

Men's Palm Beach Suits, $7.50 value, per suit $5.98
Men's Cool Cloth Suits, in all the new styles and colors, for $8.48
Men's $12.50 to $15.00 Suits, in all wool Serge and Fancy Mixtures; made by the best tailors and we guarantee a perfect fit in every suit. Per suit only $9.98
Men's $12.50 Blue Serge Suits ...$9.48
Men's $10.00 Suits $8.48
Boys' Palm Beach Suits, per suit, at from ... ...$2.98 to $3.98
Boys' Blue Serge and Fancy Mixture Suits, made in all the new summer styles, from... ...$1.98 to $5.98

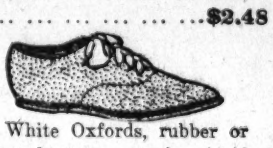
Very Attractive Shoe Prices for This Week

SHOES AND OXFORDS.

200 pairs of Ladies' and Misses' Fine Shoes and Oxfords, worth $1.75, for only $1.48
Ladies' $2.50 Shoes and Oxfords. ...$1.98
Ladies' and Misses' $3.00 Shoes and Oxfords, in tan, black and gun metal, for $2.98
Ladies' and Misses' $3.50 Shoes and Oxfords, in all the new styles; button or lace; Sandals and pumps, all leathers, per pair $2.69
Barefoot Sandals ... ...98¢
Ladies' and Misses' $4.00 Shoes and Oxfords $3.48

MEN'S SHOES AND OXFORDS AT SPECIAL PRICES.

Men's $2.00 Work Shoes ...$1.69
Cygolf and White House Shoes and Oxfords for Men, $4.50 to $5.00 values, for $3.89
Men's $2.25 Black and Tan Shoes at $1.75
Men's $2.50 Shoes and Oxfords, in patent leather, gun metal and vici kid, for $1.98
Men's $3.00 Shoes and Oxfords, at $2.48



Men's White Oxfords, rubber or leather bottoms, regular $2.00 values, for $1.48

WATER SUPPLY ONE OF THE BORDER PROBLEMS

Question a Serious One on Both Sides of the Boundary

Throughout Region From El Paso to Pacific Average Rainfall Not Over 8 Inches—Low Along Rio Grande.

Washington, D. C., July 8.—"One of the greatest problems facing the officers of our National Guard now being rushed to the Mexican border is how to keep their men and horses supplied with water," says the war geography bulletin issued at Washington by the National Geographic Society.

"While the water qestion is a serious one throughout a wide zone on both banks of the 1,100 mile Rio Grande boundary, it is vastly more important along the 700 mile line extending from El Paso to the Pacific. Throughout the latter section the average rainfall does not exceed eight inches a year, while in some parts of the Yuma desert there have been droughts when the aggregate rainfall for twelve months has been less than three-fourths of an inch.

"Throughout this region are two so-called 'rainy seasons,' the more important being that which extends from the first of July to the middle of September.

"For the next two months our border soldiers will witness a remarkable growth of vegetation, the moisture and the intense heat combining to cause grass, grain, fruits and flowers to spring to life and maturity as if quickened by some magic of a wizard's wand. All growing things of the soil will experience spring, summer and autumn in the space of three months. Then leaves and grass, shrubs and vines will shrivel as the clouds disappear and a brazen sky once more canopies a region of 'silence, solitude and sunshine.'

"Between the Rio Grande and the Pacific Coast the international boundary line crosses only five running streams, the first of these in the westward journey being in the San Bernardino valley, 192 miles from El Paso, where thousands of cattle find excellent pasturage. Just south of the line, along the Bernardino Creek, a tributary of the Yaqui River, are the ruins of an adobe fort, a relic of an extensive settlement in the days of Spanish dominion in the New World.

"Even where running water is found along this frontier it is not always conveniently available for irrigation purposes. For example, the San Pedro river, which crosses the boundary midway between Douglas and Nogales, Arizona, has cut so deeply into the soil that the bed of the 15 foot stream is now far below the surrounding land, making gravity irrigation impossible.

"The Santa Cruz River, further west, crosses the boundary twice, rising north of the line, flowing south for a distance of 15 miles into Mexico, returning to Arizona and finally disappearing in the sands north of Tucson, about 75 miles from the border.

"Beyond the Santa Cruz the boundary line crosses a desert region where the intelligent, peace-loving Papagos Indians lead a strange existence, concentrating all their agricultural activities in the three or four rainy season months when the land becomes an intensive-culture garden of great fertility. With the first clouds of June the natives rush to their 'temporales', small tracts of land in the vicinity of natural or artificial water holes, where shallow irrigation ditches are dug and where quickly-maturing beans, pumpkins, melons, and Indian corn are planted. One of the chief articles of food in this region is the fruit of a giant cactus, which ripens in June and July. It is eaten fresh, is dried for winter, boiled and preserved, and made into a syrup, while a considerable portion of the annual yield is converted into a much prized intoxicating beverage. After the summer harvest the Papagos migrate to the mountains where they gather acorns for food. In lean years they subsist largly on mesquite beans and certain varieties of grass seed.

"These Indians are constantly sustained in their hard battle for existence by the belief that their Messiah, whom they call 'Moctezuma,' will come some day to correct all abuses and make the desert his garden of paradise. The entrance to their adobe huts face the east so that the great benefactor will find all doors open when he comes with the rising sun.

"The heat in the desert regions during the summer months is overpowering. Government surveying parties have had to endure 118 degrees, Fahrenheit, in the shade, while the gradations of the ordinary thermometer are not sufficiently high to record the terrific heat in the sun, which has been known to reach 150 degrees.

"On the eastern slope of the Sierra de Tinajas Altas, three miles north of the boundary line, there is an extensive semi-circular emphitheater in the midst of which is a series of curious reservoirs. Here seven great natural tanks have been carved from the rocks in the course of centuries by water tumbling down a narrow gorge during the rainy season. These tanks have a capacity of from 15,000 to 20,000 gallons and the water which they catch each summer is protected from avaporation by overhanging cliffs.

"Some of these tanks can be reached only after a difficult climb, and the imaginative traveler can readily picture the many Tantalus tragedies which occurred here during the great gold rushes of the 'fifties' and the 'sixties.' Numerous crosses of stone in the vicinity mark the graves of those perishing prospectors who reached the great reservoirs but who had not sufficient reserve strength to scale the rocks and place their parched lips to the rim of these giant beakers of life-giving water.

"The heat and dryness of the atmosphere in this desert land induce such profuse perspiration that both men and horses require an abnormal quantity of water, the average for men being seven quarts a day and for mules and horses 20 gallons."

MORE MEN ARE NEEDED IN THE N. C. NATIONAL GUARD.

Officers Are Scouring State for New Enlistments to Fill Gaps.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

New Bern, N. C., July 8.—More men are needed in the three regiments of between 60 and 75 enlisted men and officers of the three regiments passed through New Bern last evening and this morning en route to their homes where they will spend several days in an attempt to secure recruits.

The rigid physical examination which the men had to undergo has caused each of the regiments to become greatly depleted and every effort will be made to recruit these to as full a force as is possible.

ONE CASE IN DURHAM

Miss Belle Cameron Seriously Ill With Infantile Paralysis.

Durham, N. C., July 8.—Miss Belle Cameron, daughter of Colonel Beneham Cameron, State senator from this county, is seriously ill at a local hospital with infantile paralysis. She is 17. Only case known of in Durham.

CAT DIVES FOR FROGS.

Feline Angler Catches Fine Mess in a Maine Pond.

(Bangor Commercial.)

Warren Clement, of Millvale, while at work in his hayfield, heard a loud splash in a pond nearby, and thinking that perhaps a horse mackerel had got into the sheet of water, noiselessly approached the spot, and was astonished, although he knew that he had one of the brightest cats in Maine, when he saw his pet Angora coon cat dive from a stump and disappear in the water, only to reappear within a few seconds, bearing a frog in its mouth.

Depositing the now lifeless frog on the ground, the four-footed coon gained the stump again, crouched, another spring, another dive, another swim and another frog.

Have you tasted it?

Pin ap a is a new, deliciously cooling fruit juice beverage just introduced from Cuba. It is made from the pure solated juice of fresh, ripe, Spanish Red pineapples, picked and crushed when their flavor is most delicious.

By a new solating process, controlled exclusively by the Pin ap a Company, this fruit juice beverage is now offered to you for the first time in bottled form as a complete drink—just as it is served by the natives of Cuba.

Pin ap a is a delicious, sparkling thirst quencher with body and bouquet. The more you drink of this pure fruit juice, the better you will feel.

Now sold at all soda fountains, cafes, clubs, hotels and grocers. Remember the name—

PIN AP'A

Pure Solated Juice of Spanish Red Pineapples

5c a bottle — try it today

THE MINT-COLA BOTTLING WORKS. WILMINGTON, N. C.

Lamont, Corliss & Co., New York, American Distributors

THEATRICAL

Big, moving, masterful and wholesome in its human interest, thrilling in incident, absorbing in situation, powerful in progression from start to finish, the marvelous nine-reel filmization of Rex Beach's famous novel, "The Spoilers," the most wonderful story ever filmed, the undisputed sensation of the day, comes to the Royal for one day only next Thursday.

"The Spoilers" has been read by millions. It is a thrilling, red-blooded story of strong men battling for supremacy, with all their power of mind and muscles—alert for every cast of chance. This picturesque rugged romance of Alaska has a love story with splendid imagination that grips and holds the sympathies.

"The Spoilers" presents the most stubborn, strenuous and exciting fight ever pictured—the acme of realism. You want to see the whole town destroyed by dynamite! A volcanic earthquake extraordinary! Truly "The Spoilers" is the picture with the punch powerful.

And the cast is the most notable ever assembled for any photoplay production. Heading it is that dynamic dramatic actor, William Farnum, and playing opposite him is Kathlyn Williams in the leading role. The support includes Wheeler Oakman, Thomas Santschi, Bessie Eyton, Norval McGregor and Charles Feehan. "The Spoilers" should draw the largest crowds of the year at the Royal next Monday.

Helen Holmes Tuesday.

Tall, lithe and graceful, possessing an unusual degree of magnetism and charm, her oval face, with the fairest of fair skins, offset by an abundance of auburn hair, Miss Helen Holmes, "The Fearless Film Star," heroine of that great serial, "The Girl and the Game," comes to the Grand theatre next Tuesday in a production of railroad life rivalling in "punch" and thrill, that great serial.

"Whispering Smith" is the title, and it is from the pen of the author of "The Girl and the Game," Frank Hamilton Spearman, the greatest railroad story he ever wrote. In picturizing "Whispering Smith" the scenes which were so vividly pictured are actually reproduced. This vizualization of this powerful noval, read by thousands since its publication, is a rare achievement in film production. With even more action and a longer plot than "The Girl and the Game," this mammoth novel has been put into six reels of motion pictures that for realism, swift action and gripping plot, has never been surpassed.

Supporting Miss Holmes is the "Girl and the Game" cast including J. P. McGowan, Leo Delaney, Paul Hurst and Thomas Lingham.

Blanche Sweet Monday—Grand.

Blanche Sweet, the beautiful Lasky-Paramount star, will be seen at the Grand tomorrow in her latest Paramount production, a marvelous filmization of Margaret Turnbull's stirring romance, "The Thousand Dollar Husband," one of the most unique and unusual of the many photo-dramas of great worth in which this premier favorite has appeared.

In her recent productions Miss Sweet has been seen many unusual characterizations. In "Ragamuffin" she was a click of the slums; the "Black List" showed her as the daughter of an anarchist; in "The Sowers," she was a member of a Royal Russion household, and in "The Thousand Dollar Husband" she is seen in the most startling of her many roles, that of a Swedish maid of all work in a college boarding house.

She is madly in love with one of the students, and when her wealthy uncle leaves her his fortune with the provision that she must marry immediately, knowing that the object of her infatuation is on the verge of ruin, she purchases him as a bridegroom.

"The Thousand Dollar Husband" starts in with the real stirring part of the plot here and there is not a let-up until the finish of the fifth reel. It should be the biggest Paramount feature of the month at the Grand tomorrow.

HELEN HOLMES
Starring in "Whispering Smith," Six-Reel Railroad Drama by Frank H. Spearman, at the Grand Tuesday.

New Great Comedy Serial.

"Tom and Jerry—They're Funny." That will be the slogan all over the city after next Wednesday. For the Bijou has cinched first run privilege on the first great comedy serial ever filmed, a rousing ten week, two reels a week serial with pure, indiluted comedy all the way through.

It's the first time that a venture of this kind has ever been undertaken and the comedy serial will be all the rage as soon as the Wilmington people see "Tom and Jerry." They're the most irrepressible couple who ever pranced onto the screen. Their comedy is real comedy. They do not have to resort to vulgar or slap-tick stuff to "put it over."

The greatest supporting cast ever seen in a comedy production will support "Tom and Jerry" through their ten weeks of comedy making. It is headed by beautiful Dolores Cassinelli one of the prettiest women on the screen, who won the popularity contest of the Motion Picture Magazine. She lends an air of feminine beauty to the series that will enrapture every one. Byrdine Catto and Rhea Loughlin are two other beauties who will be seen in the cast.

"Tom and Jerry—They're Funny." Don't forget to see them at the Bijou, in two rousing reels, next Wednesday and every Wednesday thereafter for ten weeks.

Big Week at Bijou.

It is a bunch of big things that you want to prepare for at the Bijou the coming week. To begin with there is a great bill on for tomorrow, one of the strongest that has been put out by Universal in several months.

The headliner is a great three reel Imp drama, "Behind the Secret Panel," starring William Welsh, Paul Panzer and a bunch of favorites. This is one of the strong dramatic pictures seen in many months. There is intrigue, love and adventure mixed at random into the greatest thriller ever seen on a screen, in three great heart-rousing acts of photoplay, the most brilliant and clear you have even seen. Artistically this is one of the prettiest releases of the year.

There's another big number too. "Romance at Random" is a big feature starring Rupert Julian, one of the Universal's highest priced actors, with pretty Elsie Jane Wilson and some other big Universal stars.

And Tuesday comes one of the greatest L-Ko's of the year. "How Stars Are Made," is a rousing burlesque on the motion picture studio that is the funniest two reels you ever looked at. Alice Howell is the featured one in this great picture.

And remember—"Peg O' The Ring" is coming soon!

TABOR PRODUCE EXCHANGE A SUCCESS THE FIRST SEASON

Enthusiastic and Interesting Meeting Held—Matters Discussed.

Tabor, N. C., July 8.—The Tabor Produce Exchange held its regular meeting in the graded school auditorium. The president called the meeting to order at 10:30 and stated the object of the meeting was for a report from the business manager, the directors and election of officers for the ensuing year. The secretary read a report rendered by the business manager covering all items of expense for the year; then a detailed account of each exchange member's produce handled through the exchange.

The board of directors reported a reserve fund in the treasury equal to 10 per cent of the capital stock of the exchange; declared a dividend of 6 per cent on the capital stock, this dividend with the unused rebate fund being proportioned and checks issued to each member in accordance with the amount of stock held and volume of business done through the exchange. There were several enthusiastic speeches by the members upon the favorable report made of the season's business. Every one agreed that his marketing had been done to an advantage through the exchange in its first year of existence.

Co-operative buying was discussed and committees appointed to submit propositions to fertilizer concerns and ascertain how best buying could be done. The farm loan bill was discussed and a committee appointed to investigate the details as soon as the bill is passed.

Cotton marketing was discussed and it was decided to hold this matter open until the next meeting. There were 11 new members enrolled at this meeting. There being some misunderstanding about the time of the meeting several members were absent. On this account the election of officers was postponed until the regular meeting in August.

Kinston, N. C., July 8.—The local paving programme which has set a record for towns of 15,000 population and under the world over, will not be wound up before October, instead of in August, as was expected, according to a statement by Street Commissioner E. V. Webb today. The contractors are unable to get materials, and for three weeks little progress has been made. The paving when completed will have cost close to half a million dollars.

"ALL WITH ONE ACCORD."

Members of Kinston Brass Band Make Excuses When Asked to Volunteer.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Beaufort, N. C., July 4.—Some of the excuses rendered by members of the local brass band when the organization was canvassed for members to fill vacancies in regimental bands at Camp Glenn, a few miles from here, were: Feet too tender to stand marching, married, too fat for tropical climate, candidate for county office, business, engagement to play at church Sunday mornings, a girl, dancing class, local picnic season, a little too old, failing health, several girls, unwillingness to serve except in a spectacular capacity—as color bearer—too short legged. There were no volunteers.

KING LOUIS XIII. OF FRANCE, QUEEN ANNE OF AUSTRIA, THE QUEEN'S MAID OF HONOR AND A PAGE IN A SCENE FROM "D'ARTAGNAN," THOMAS H. INCE'S NEW FILMING OF "THE THREE MUSKETEERS" STORY FOR TRIANGLE-KAY BEE.

TOMORROW'S TRIANGLE DRAMA AT THE ROYAL

BLANCHE SWEET,
Starring in "The Thousand Dollar Husband," at the Gran dtomorrow. A Paramount Feature.

ROYAL Thursday, July 13th
Children 10c-Adults 20c

Selig Polyscope Company Presents
REX BEACH'S WORLD FAMOUS NOVEL
"THE SPOILERS"

The Original Edition In Nine Powerful Acts!
Starring
WILLIAM FARNUM KATHLYN WILLIAMS
WHEELER OAKMAN, BESSIE EYTON, THOMAS SANTSCHI, NORVAL McGREGOR
MOST WONDERFUL STORY EVER FILMED
THE UNDISPUTED SENSATION OF THE DAY
The Picture With the Punch Powerful

HERE IT IS!
The First
COMEDY
Serial Ever Filmed
10 WEEKS TOM & JERRY "THEY'RE FUNNY" 20 REELS
No picture producing concern has ever conceived a comedy series of such magnitude. No comedies ever had such expensive and elaborate stage settings.
TOM AND JERRY are funny. They do not resort to rough-house comedy; they are clean in their actions, and they will count their friends by the millions.
DOLORES CASSINELLI, with her exquisite beauty, adds a touch to the series that will enrapture everyone. She won by a hilf million votes the Motion Picture Magazine Popularity Contest.
BIJOU Wednesd'ys Beginning JULY 12

ROYAL TOMORROW 10c and 15c
7 REELS TRIANGLE PROGRAM 7 REELS
ORRIN JOHNSON
Dorothy Dalton Rhea Mitchell
Arthur Maude Walt Whitman
In a Magnificent Five-Reel Triangle-Kay-Bee Dramatic Spectacle
"D'ARTAGNAN"
Based on Alexander Dumas' Deathless Drama, "The Three Musketeers"—Most Lavish Production from the Triangle Studios to Date
CHARLES MURRAY
With All-Star Cast of Pretty "Keystonettes" in
"FIDO'S FATE"
Two-Reel Triangle-Keystone Comedy

ANNOUNCING

First Release of the Great
MUTUAL CHAPLIN COMEDIES
Entitled
"THE FLOOR-WALKER"
—TWO REELS—
To be followed by a new release every four weeks under the most expensive contract ever signed by a Wilmington Theatre.
GRAND SATURDAY, J-U-L-Y 15

BIJOU
TOMORROW
"BEHIND THE SECRET PANEL"
One of the Tensest Exciting Mystery Dramas ever Filmed, in Three Reels, Starring Paul Panzer and William Welsh.
"ROMANCE AT RANDUM"
Rupert Julian and Elsie Jane Wilson, in a Big Novelty Feature.

Grand Tomorrow
Adults 10c - Children 5c
Jesse L. Lasky Presents
THE SUPREME STAR OF THE SILENT DRAMA
BLANCHE SWEET
In Margaret Turnbull's Novel and Startling Drama
"THE THOUSAND DOLLAR HUSBAND"
A Genuine Romance Wherein a Strong Story is Woven Out of Changing Threads of Humor and Pathos—Superb Acting and a Happy Choice of Types Make this a Photoplay of Unusual Power.
A PARAMOUNT PICTURE.

QUALITY Choice Cuts Western Meats VARIETY
SELECT DRESSED POULTRY. ALL KINDS OF FRESH VEGETABLES. BEACH ORDERS GIVEN SPECIAL ATTENTION.
DAVIS & HINTZE
FRONT STREET MARKET

THE HOME CIRCLE PAGE

EDITED BY LILIAN CRAIGEN ADAMS

Celebrating the "Glorious Fourth"

A SAFE and sane Fourth? Impossible! We imagine we have it; indeed, we rather pride ourselves upon it. But—have we? It may be safe, from the point-of-view of the old-time hospital interne who, in days long past, answered emergency calls from dawn until mid-night. But there are other ways of celebrating nowdays which no sane man could call exactly safe. And, goodness knows, there is very little sane about many of them. For example, witness a few incidents to be found almost anywhere on Independence Day:—

There are Mr. and Mrs. Fondparent with their first baby, aged three months and a few days.

"It's his first Fourth of July, dear," she breathes fervently.

"By George, so it is!" Mr. Fondparent replies rapturously. "And just let me tell you that that little rascal is going to have the best of everything from the very beginning. He's a good American citizen—and he's entitled to a Fourth of July celebration!"

"Oh, you dear!" sighs Mrs. Fondparent gratefully. "He'll be just crazy about it—the cunning little snookie-ookums!"

Whereupon Mr. F. hikes himself to the proper place and lays in a supply of firecrackers, devil-chasers, Roman candles and sky-rockets; to say nothing of the pin-wheels and punk. And bright and early on the morning of the Fourth—there's no question about it being early since the youngster has seen to that—the Fondparents and their infant prodigy are up and out on the front porch to celebrate.

The alleged head of the house seizes a firecracker in one hand and a piece of lighted punk in the other; the next in power holds her offspring up so he can see Papa set off the firecracker; and the real head of the house yells like the deuce!

"I believe in my soul he knows what it's all about!" cries Mamma.

"Th' little rascal!" shrieks Papa. "He's trying to cheer!"

Bang!—the cracker goes off.

Infant Prodigy lets out another and sterner yell.

"Ah-a-a-a!" breathe both parents fervently.

"He's going to be President some day!" laughs Papa.

Mamma half-nods assent and smiles. She isn't quite certain she'd be content with that; if there's any other position higher than President she knows her son will land it!

* * * *

Now take a look at a quite different form of observing Independence Day. There's a flag-draped platform, a dozen men seated well to the rear, a pine table on which reposes the inevitable pitcher of ice water; and before the platform the "pee-pul" are assembled in gala attire. They've come for miles around to hear the eagle scream, to watch the orator of the day pluck the clouds from the skies that his flights of oratory may mount the higher.

And there he stands—hand draped imposingly in the bosom of his frock coat, stern of eye and looking forth with lofty mien upon the assembled multitude. His other hand is all ready and waiting to give that poor old table the first resounding whack by way of emphasis.

He opens his mouth. He speaks. He tells of the patriots of '76 who dropped their agricultural implements, grabbed up their old flint-locks and chased the Redcoats out of the land. He launches forth a torrent of words anent their spirit, their Americanism, their courage and——

——And all the while, maybe, he's counting votes and yearning for the "pork barrel!"

* * * *

Or, take the all-day picnic. What fun it is, when you're an insider looking out; and how fruitful a source of smiles it seems when you're an outsider looking in. There's the fat woman and her basket and a million kids, all of whom are having the time of their young lives. There's the Old Man who drapes himself against an oak, after lunch, puts his handkerchief over his face and snoozes through the long, long afternoon. And, of course, there are the Lovers. Did you ever, ever see a picnic where there weren't lovers?

What do they care for cold food, over-run with ants, spread out on a table cloth on the ground? And a lot they care about bugs and spiders and the other creeping, crawling things in the woods that seem to lie in wait for picnicers to picnic off of them. Indeed no! To them—to the Lovers—the food is fit for the gods, and the woods and dells veritably fields of a fairyland.

* * * *

Again, take the old Ball Game, packed in like sardines, coatless and, after a few moments collarless—unless you consider a wilted collar still a collar—broiling in the sun, suffering from the fidgets and cramps in the knees and too much pop mixed with peanuts, thousands of men consider that an ideal way to celebrate the Fourth of July. Perhaps it is, too, if you like baseball; and maybe, after all, there is some connection in spirit at least between the two.

For instance, consider the Umpire. There, if you please, is the personification of Tyranny! He can do just as he likes and everyone present has to stand for it. Why, in these safe and sane days, you can't even hurl a pop bottle at him! "Robber! Thief! Rotten!" is about the most you can call him.

When it comes to bending the American people to his will, old King George hadn't a thing on him. Perhaps George would have made a fine Umpire if they'd had baseball in his days.

* * * *

Coming back to firecrackers, how about the plight of the Small Boy in these safe and sane times? For his own good, there's not a bit of doubt that he's better off than in the old days of clanging ambulance, bandages and dim-lit hospital rooms with everybody treading softly. But he seems woefully handicapped.

Papa "shoots" his fireworks for him, while he is supposed to stand by and say "Ah!" and "Oh!" with abated breath. He can see and smell them, but he must not touch or handle.

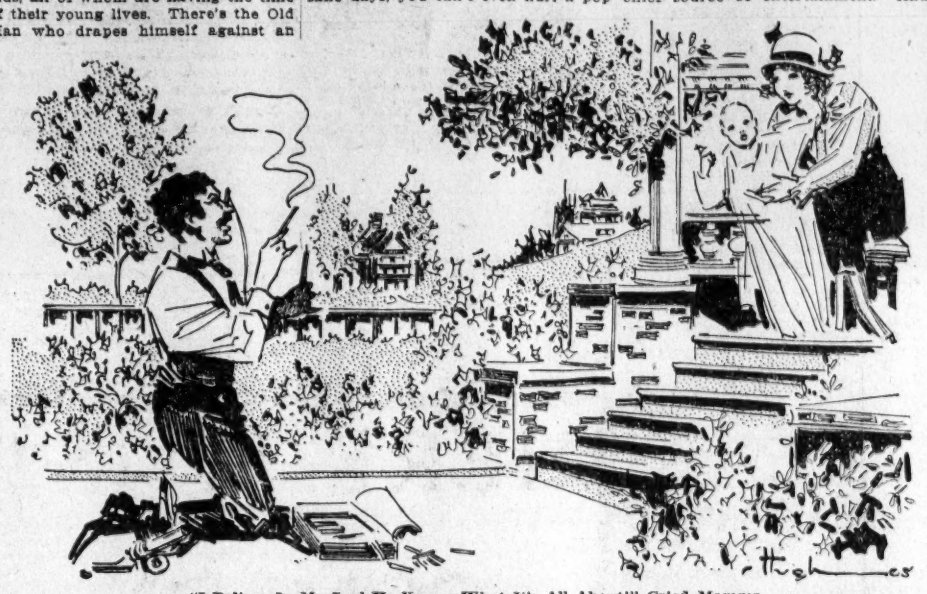
Or, along with others, he's permitted to witness the general display on the village green, as it were, under the careful supervision of the Committee. And that's about the most he gets out of his celebration of the Glorious Fourth!

* * * *

Consider, lastly, the beer-keg Fourth. The kind, you know, where a bunch of the fellows get together for a jaunt down the river, or over to somebody-er-other's grove—and carry along a "kaig." Of course, mumbly-peg and quoits and even croquet may be in order to pass away the time; but the "kaig," depend upon it, is the chief source of entertainment. And what, pray, has this to do with the Fourth of July!

* * * *

Not that we are kicking, y' understand, about the present-day ways of celebrating the occasion. Nor that we can suggest any better. But—well—it doesn't seem altogether wise to swell around anent this safe and sane idea. Maybe the "old fellows" who started the whole thing way back in '76 would have a few things to say could they witness our ways of rejoicing over what they did for us!



"I Believe In My Soul He Knows What It's All About!" Cried Mamma.

Her Most Exciting Day

Fourth Of July, 1898, Will Always Be Remembered By This Woman.

I HAVE lived through a great many Fourths of July," said the woman, "but I remember one far more poignantly than the others. That is the Fourth of July, 1898. Of course, you unpatriotic Americans do not recollect that the naval battle of Santiago was fought on the third of July in that year, but it was. And the excitement was intense.

"We did not get the full news of the fight until the morning of the Fourth, and when the spectacular details of it were read the population went wild with delight. Bands played, people sang the Star-Spangled Banner and saluted the flag wherever they saw it, and altogether, as the orators say, it was a glorious occasion.

"But there is another reason why I remember the day, and perhaps this is the really unforgettable one. Our fourth was not a sane one then. It was as insane as it is possible for a holiday to be, and the boys in our family were celebrating with firecrackers and other implements of the devil in the usual exasperating and reckless fashion. I, robed in filmy white, sat down to the dinner table and immediately I did so a pack of firecrackers that my imp of a brother had lighted and placed under my chair began to go off with great noise. Of course, I jumped, convinced that our house was being bombarded, but not quickly enough to prevent my dress catching fire.

"Indeed, I was wrapped in flames before anyone could reach me. However, the fire was eventually smothered with a rug but I still bear the scars of that Fourth of July celebration, a perpetual argument against fireworks of all sorts to my mind.

"By-the-bye what has become of the punk with which we used always to light our firecrackers, can anyone tell me?" asked the woman. "I haven't seen any for years. But then there are no more Fourths of July like that one of 1898. It was the most exciting day of my life."

A Pack of Firecrackers Began To Go Off With A Great Noise.

SEASONABLE JOTTINGS

THE shops are full of flags, of drums, of patriotic devices of all sorts and conditions to make a nation's noisy holiday.

This season it is said that many of our fireworks were "made in America," which is a pleasant enough change.

The poor girl who has fretted because she could not afford to buy a fox scarf at $50 to wear across her shoulders on a boiling hot day need no longer pine, for velvet scarfs that can be made at home for $5 or less are now considered equally smart.

Canes are much used by the summer girl. One young woman observed the other day was dressed entirely in white—gown, hat, shoes, stockings, fur—and to top all a white enameled cane with silver trimmings.

Tall sticks are most picturesque.

Have you noticed how modest and retiring the petticoat is this season? Sometimes it seems almost to obliterate itself entirely.

The summer sales are on and the hat which a month ago was out of reach at $25 may now be had at $5.98.

Children's smocks, sweet, cool and simple, may be had in the shops at unbelievably low prices. Thus one of maise-colored linen smocked with brown was found on a bargain counter recently for $1.

Poke bonnets for the small girl are modish this summer, and like the hats of grown-ups are trimmed very simply. One has merely a band of narrow blue ribbon about its crown, with a small bunch of daisies ornamenting the wide brim.

Comes the disconcerting news that shoes are going up a-more and a-more and that $7 will be the average price for woman's footwear this winter.

Query: Will sandals become fashionable?

Her Blouse Made of a Sheet

LINEN blouses are very much in evidence this season in spite of the fact that they wrinkle too easily to make them particularly serviceable. But a linen blouse, hand-embroidered, is as dainty an article as can be found in a day's journey, which is perhaps the explanation of its popularity.

The blouse worn by one woman the other day was of fine linen worn thin and somewhat yellowed as if from age. Her companion noticed this hue and commented on it.

"You must make your laundress bleach your waist on the grass," said one.

"Not much use doing that," returned the woman gaily, "for it was made from a sheet which formed a part of my grandmother's wedding trousseau. It is yellow from age. The rest of the lot have been cut up to make surgical dressings for the Red Cross, but I saved this one and made it into a blouse for myself as much from sentiment as from any other reason."

A story which illustrated among other things the difference in the durability of materials made seventy years ago and in those woven now.

"TEDDY BEAR" EASY TO MAKE.

THE combination garment known as the "Teddy-bear," for some reason not explained, grows in favor. Perhaps its popularity is due to the fact that even the least accomplished of home seamstresses can make one in no time. Cut from crepe de chine or one of the wash satins, made with a neck V-shaped back and front, and trimmed with a bit of fine lace, it is an exquisitely dainty garment and costs but little.

A nice substitute for fried chicken is made by putting the fowls in a pan in the oven after coating them thoroughly with butter, or if that cannot be afforded, with lard; then cooking quickly, and serving immediately they are done through.

Little Fables of the Business World

His Fourth Of July.

THERE was once a certain Young Man who was all Fed Up, as the Britisher puts it, on this Fourth of July stuff. So he determined to hold an Independence Day of his own—whereupon he would declare himself Free and Independent of Various and Sundry Things and People and Such-Like.

Accordingly, he Settled himself in a Porch Rocker (bought for $2.29 at a Friday Bargain Sale), took his Pencil in Hand and Began the Document to which he would figuratively Affix his John Hancock.

First of all, he Declared that since all men weren't created Free and Equal he'd stop Grouching about Things and Get Busy in the creating line himself—to wit, he'd quit Growling about the Injustice of Jones, at the office, getting More Salary than he did; and he'd Show the Boss that an Also-Ran was carrying the Most Money.

Then he began to think about this subject of Tyranny. And particularly about Taxation without Representation. Why, all along, he'd been Scared to Death of his Job—Afraid to Start Anything or Take a Chance. He'd simply Plodded Along in the same old Rut of his predecessor, accepting this Tax upon his Energy and Ability without having had a Hand in establishing it. His job and the Old-time, Set office-routine had been Tyrannizing over him long enough!

Then his Thoughts became a bit more Personal. His habits? What were they Doing to him? He smoked too much? Yes—and paid too Big a Price for this Habit. He spent Every Evening in Pleasure,

He Settled Himself In A Porch Rocker.

shutting his Work inside his Desk when he Pulled Down the Top. These—and a few more he Longed to Defy.

Also, hereafter he'd Keep his Mouth Shut; not Speak unless he Said Something. He admitted he was Loose-Lipped and that any chap who came along and acted at all like a Regular Fellah could just about Pump him Dry. Good Business men, he recalled, know how to Keep Silent and let the Other Fellow do most of the Talking.

But—he'd Get Around and meet more Men. Heretofore, he'd been sticking to the Same old Crowd at lunch and on Stunts; but henceforth he'd try to Shake Hands with chaps who were Worth While and Doing Things in their respective Lines—not to Toady to them or Sponge upon them, but to get their Viewpoint and put a few Ideas into his own Noodle.

Then came the question of making what he Saved, not what he Earned, Count. Fellows in his office, on less Salary, had Tidy Sums tucked away in bank against that proverbial Rainy Day. And he? Why, poor Simp, he'd been satisfied to Break Even from one Pay Day to the Next!

And this matter of Vacation. Never again for him would it be a Wild Splurge. When he came back, this time, he'd be Rested, not Nursing a Glorious Hang-Over of a Two-Weeks' Jamboree. The Boss gave him a Vacation for the express Purpose of thereby getting into Good Shape for the Winter's Work. He'd use it That Way, and no other!

Moreover, instead of feeling Resentful that he had to do Double Duty at the office when some other Fellow was away on vacation, he'd seize that Opportunity to find all he could about the Other Fellow's Job. Not with the Idea of Undermining said chap, but simply to be Johnny-on-the-Spot in case of an Emergency.

And he would no longer Sulk about his Salary. The Boss did owe him a Raise—and had been Owing it to him for a Long Time. But, hereafter, instead of taking the Petty Stand that he'd give in Service only in proportion to the Amount Paid, he'd try to do twice as much Work as he was being paid for doing.

These are just a few of the things Our Hero declared. And, the next day, they didn't look nearly as Attractive as they had when he was in the Mood. But, being a Serious Cuss more or less, he Stuck to them, with only an Occasional Slip. And it Helped, too, it Helped!

All of which Goes to Show that:—

Moral:—You can have a Declaration of Independence without a Liberty Bell or a Boston Tea Party!

How Many Signers Were There?

If You Know This And Can Recite The D. of I. Then You Are Worthy to be Called a Patriot.

LET it be admitted at once that the Fourth of July is the most boring day of all the glad new year. The reasons why they are not far to seek. The weather is hot; the noise made by those who celebrate is deafening; boats, trains and street cars are filled with hilarious crowds, the sole idea of each individual of which seems to be that it is a great and delightful joke to explode a cracker under the nose of him who expects it least.

Time was when we did these things better. Time was when the inhabitants of every town and village in the country formed themselves into processions and marched soberly to some grove on the outskirts of the city where they listened, first to the reading of the Declaration of Independence, and second to the singing of the Star-Spangled Banner by the united choirs of the place.

After this came the picnic luncheon and the fire-crackers, to be sure, but consecrated by what had gone before. For in those simple days the Declaration was just as certainly read at every gathering on the Fourth of July as prayer is said at religious services. It was a necessary part of the ceremony. In those days, too, boys even committed its rounded periods to heart and declaimed them in elocution class along with Marc Antony's oration, and What's His Name's address to the Romans.

"We hold these truths to be self-evident; that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness"—went trippingly on the tongue.

Now! At a dinner of fourteen persons given on the last Fourth of July it was found that the son of the house, aged fourteen, thought that the occasion was celebrated principally because his club had its water sports then.

No one among those present knew how many men had signed the declaration; and none could name more than four of them. It was found that the great majority of the guests believed Washington to have been the chief signer.

Two ladies who had been enabled to join the Colonial Dames because of the services to the Colonies of an ancestor of each paid their debt of gratitude by remembering the names of those gentlemen.

None of the grown-ups had read the document since their schooldays and few remembered having done so then. None had ever committed it to memory. Two did not recollect who had written it, and one of these ascribed it to John Adams and one to George Washington.

"They deserve to have their names remembered, too, those old chaps who signed that inflammatory message," observed the host sleepily, "for they were some brave. A good deal like David going out against Goliath with his sling and his pebble. What."

All of the persons gathered at this dinner, it should be remembered, were native-born Americans whose families had lived four or five generations on this soil and who were proud of that fact.

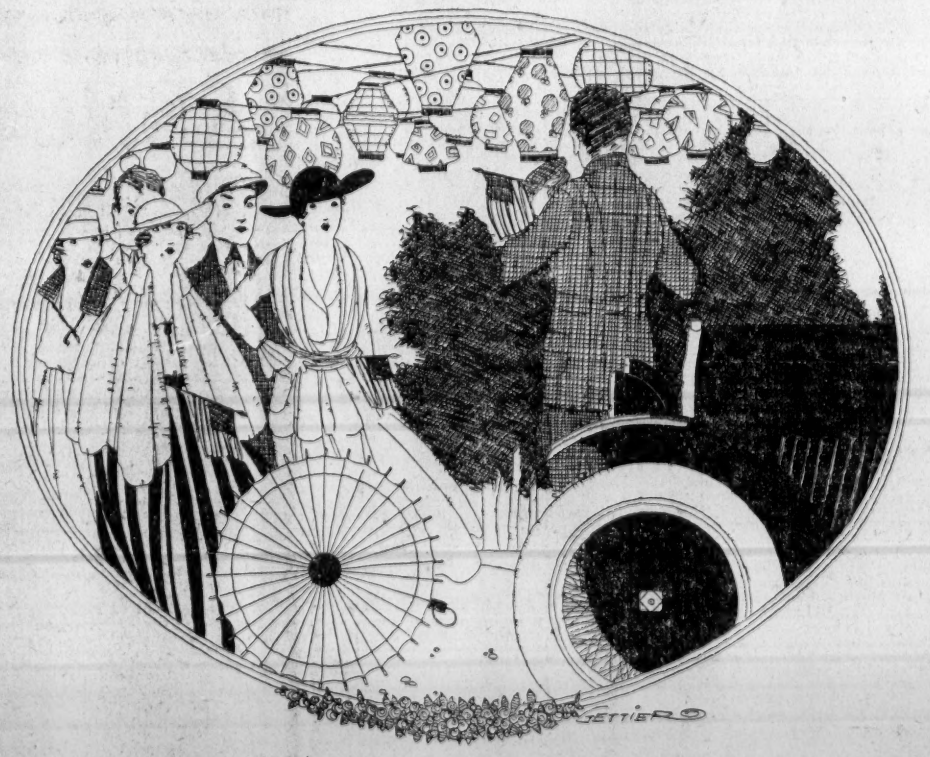
When the dispute over the signatories to the document had grown warm and the disputants were about to seek an encyclopedia to settle the matter there appeared upon the terrace where they were taking their after-dinner coffee, a Russian Jew, the chauffeur of one of the guests.

"Did Washington sign the Declaration of Independence, Rabinof?" asked the host; whereupon Rabinof, snatching his cap from his head, launched into an impassioned recital of Jefferson's masterpiece. The Americans listened, amused at first; impressed at last.

"It's a great piece," said Rabinof when he had ended, and abashed at his own ardor, walked away, leaving a somewhat shamefaced audience behind him.

The moral of this story is, if it has a moral, that though the Fourth of July, 1916, may be a boring time, that of 1776—without a rocket, without a band, without a fire-cracker—was as thrilling a day as history boasts. It was tense with the determination of brave men to gain freedom for themselves and for their children at whatever cost, and this is indeed an ungrateful country if their deeds are allowed to be forgot.

And how many signers to the Declaration were there? Do you know? And what are their names?



THIS BATHING SUIT HOME-MADE.

AT a certain smart seaside resort the prettiest bathing suit on the beach recently had been made at home by its wearer at a cost of less than $5. It consisted of a pair of knickerbockers and a one-piece upper part which fell in graceful lines from neck to knee. It was made of white brilliantine and had cuffs and collar of black satin. No corsets were worn with this and the stockings were supported by garters suspended from a belt about the waist. With this simple costume was worn a cap made of a scarlet handkerchief.

It is for these reasons that the sensitive soul stays at home and endeavors to concentrate on the book he is reading, but with little success since bands are constantly passing playing patriotic airs, the voice of the hawker of red balloons is loud in the land, and a general suggestion that it is a sort of monstrous circus day pervades the land.

Why patriotism and noise should be inseparably connected in the mind of the average American no psychologist has yet been able to explain. But that it is let any Fourth of July illustrate.

THE YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER SAYS

THAT the table for the Fourth of July dinner is one easily decorated since, so long as the red-white-and-blue color scheme is preserved, all is well. Luckily gardens are a-bloom at this time, so that a floral centerpiece in these colors is easily contrived. Japanese iris, poppies, cornflowers, may be used for instance, with the tall white iris in the center of the bowl and the other blossoms grouped around it; or roses may form the red and the white of our emblem with bluets for the blue. If it is impossible to obtain flowers of suitable tints then let the centerpiece consist of a drum filled with sand into which are thrust a number of flags which may be kept waving by means of an electric fan.

There may be also a tiny drum at each place holding red and white candles, and the candleshades may be decorated with patriotic emblems. Gilt stars should be scattered over the tablecloth and broad bands of red, white and blue ribbons may cross it diagonally.

If the party is for children tie a red balloon to the back of each chair.

The Fourth of July dinner in most households is made up of viands peculiar to our country. Fried chicken, "roasting ears," ice cream, should all certainly be served. If the day is hot the first course may consist of jellied bouillon served in cups. This may be followed by soft crabs with tartare sauce. Then should come the chicken with its cream sauce, potatoes boiled and served whole with melted butter, peas, corn. The salad may consist of tomatoes peeled and hollowed to admit cubes of highly flavored cucumber. A French dressing made with tarragon vinegar should accompany this and Maryland biscuits should be served with it.

The confectioner will be prepared to sell individual ices in many attractive and seasonable shapes.

THE YOUNG HOUSEKEEPER SAYS THAT very few people know how to fry chicken properly, and that certainly the hotels do not, no matter how elegant they are nor how exorbitant their prices. No one but a southern cook, she declares, has the trick, and most of those fowls which appear upon menus as "a-la Maryland" are horrid imposters. To fry chickens wash the fowls carefully and cut into pieces. If they are small divide each into but four pieces, breasts and legs. Salt and pepper these liberally and roll in flour until they are heavily coated. Have ready a deep skillet filled to the brim with smoking hot lard and into this plunge as many pieces as the vessel will accommodate. Cook until golden brown, then remove to brown paper to drain. Keep very hot.

When all of the chicken is cooked sift a little flour into the skillet and pour in a pint of milk and cream mixed. Cook until no taste of the flour remains, then add salt, pepper, and parsley, pour into a boat and pass with the chicken. This sauce should be about of the consistency of a cream soup.

GOOD ROADS AND PREPAREDNESS

Address Delivered by Col. E. A. Stevens, New Jersey State Commissioner of Public Roads, Before the 1916 Convention of the N. C. Good Roads Association at Wrightsville Beach.

The subject assigned to me is not perhaps as definitely stated as might be desirable. We are probably all pretty well agreed as to the meaning of "Good Roads". The question is whether we all have the same understanding as to the meaning of "Preparedness." I am not in love with this latter word. Its meaning is too indefinite and it has been too much abused in the last few months. Good roads, in the same way as railroads, manufacturing plants, agriculture, and other industries, are all necessary for the development of the greatest national exertion of force, such as would be needed in a struggle for national existence on our own soil. In this sense, "Preparedness" as to "Good Roads" would include the location and design of roads best suited for military purposes. As to the former, some assumption as to the location of the military operations, the magnitude of the forces involved, and the general plan to be followed would have to be made. As to the latter, it is certain that roads of considerable width and capable of carrying concentrated loads of 16 to 18 tons would be desirable, and this would involve bridges on which two such loads could meet. Both the bridges and pavements necessary for this service are considerably in advance of the usual practice in this country, even in such thickly inhabited states as my own.

This brings me to another meaning of the word "Preparedness," to which I would more specially draw your attention today. Almost all of our states have come to the conclusion that good roads are essential for their proper development. Those few communities which have not reached this conclusion will, within the near future, have a disastrous demonstration of their mistake. In the presence of such an audience as this, I am justified in assuming that good roads pay, that we must have them, and the question is how shall we get them. If we are to have them, we must be ready to build and so maintain them as to receive the benefits due to their construction; in other words, we must be prepared.

Your state differs very greatly from mine. Roughly, your area is 52,426 square miles, or 6.3 times the size of New Jersey. Your population in 1910 was 2,206,287, or 87 per cent of that of New Jersey. Your road mileage is about 50,000 or 3.4 times that of New Jersey. Your motor vehicle registration in 1914 was 14,815, or about one-fourth part of that of New Jersey. Your mountains are higher and your extreme cold probably much the same as in New Jersey, but through a large portion of your State your winter climate is much less severe. The coastal plain and the adjoining Piedmont country conform closely to ours, but we have no such mountainous region as forms the western portion of your State. We produce no cotton, no tobacco, and practically little of the lumber which forms so very large a portion of your output; but we produce and haul vast loads of garden truck and of manufactured products. In other words, New Jersey, under somewhat different climatic and natural conditions, represents the more acute stage of highway development incident to a denser population. To this in time you will attain. With the great natural resources of North Carolina and with the progressive and energetic spirit which has always characterized its inhabitants, it will not be many years before the traffic of your highways will be fully as important as it has become with us and that you will be called on to meet problems equal in seriousness and difficulty to those which we are now facing.

Our improved road development has been entirely along the lines of state aid extended to local communities. In this exercise of the power of the state the greatest regard was at first paid to local self-government. As the problem increased in size and difficulty it was found necessary for the state to assume more and more control over the local bodies. The result was that the state road department became vested with the power of stopping county road improvement by withholding state aid, practically in its discretion. The demand for good roads, however, increased to a greater extent than legislatures were willing to meet in appropriations and it therefore became necessary to allow the counties to build roads entirely on their own means, and this is the position today. The results have been far from satisfactory. It has been very difficult to secure any continued policy of road improvement. This question naturally becomes involved in local campaigns and pledges are made on the "stump" which must be redeemed if possible, often to the detriment of the roads. Some of the counties rushed into construction without adequately providing for financing the first cost and that of maintenance; the patronage of road service was handled in many cases along political lines; the counties have generally shown themselves unable to meet the problem of maintenance in any thorough and satisfactory manner; all of which resulted in much inefficiency and loss. This sequence of events covered about 12 years and coincided with a state-wide growth of traffic such as the world has never seen outside of such states as New Jersey, Rhode Island and Massachusetts. This growth has been of the utmot industrial importance. It has changed methods in manufacturing and agriculture and has opened up to settlement large areas heretofore unavailable for the purpose. The older roads were not designed to carry any such loads as these conditions have produced. As a consequence, many of them have deteriorated in condition and repair charges have increased enormously.

But much more serious than the break-down of pavements was the fact that this sudden and unforeseen growth of highway business found us unprepared to meet the administrative conditions thereby created in any adequate and scientific way. Engineering has gained in the past more from the lessons taught by failures than by the very few brilliant inventions. The profession has learned and is learning today what it cannot do, and hence ,by exclusion, what it is best to do. The same is true of public administration. But to realize the value of failures they must be studied, the conditions under which they have happened must be determined and recorded and the data reduced to workable formulae. It is of little profit to know that a piece of steel was broken by a load of unknown character and amount, it is the greatest value to know that it failed in tension at a stress of 60,000 pounds to the square inch. It is likewise of little gain to know that a macadam road has failed under an increasing load unless we know what that load was, what were the character of the base and its drainage, what the condition of the surface and what care and money had been devoted to its maintenance.

None of these facts will be available without a thoroughly organized force able to handle not only the field work but the accounting and statistics needed to record and analyze the experience and without which its priceless instruction will go for naught. It is in the failure to provide this force that we in New Jersey have fallen short. In the development of such a transportation system as ours, it is inevitable that some types of design and construction should prove inadequate, but we have failed and are failing to gather therefrom information that will be beyond value in the future.

We have not in the past and we are not today planning our work on the thoroughly analyzed experience of the past. We are beginning to realize the need of providing for maintenance in the future. From priding ourselves on the low first cost of our roads, we are now trying to see how well, irrespective of cost, not how cheap we can build. This is but a natural reaction. It is all the more natural when we consider the character and make-up of the country governing bodies and their advisers, under whom this work is done. The county boards are elected for short terms. They appoint their engineers and supervisors for five years. This latter term was increased with a marked improvement, but there is constant change in personnel and in policy. The members of the boards are generally not used to handling important administrative problems nor have most of them been trained to work as part of an industrial organization. The same is true, possibly to a less extent, of their engineers and supervisors, and where it is not true it is rarely that they look on the road problem as one to be solved like other important engineering tasks. With such an organization, based on a unit too small to afford the cost of gathering and analyzing data and lacking confidence in itself, the effect of a breakdown is but too apt to be disastrous. What is needed in such trying times is the confidence in the organization and the controlled team work that can be obtained only from men trained to act together, skilled in their work and accustomed to each other. These characteristics can be counted on only from a permanently organized body and not from an agglomeration of temporary or short term appointees no matter how high their personal attainments or how great their devotion to the service. Our failure has not been one of engineering structures, but the breaking down of an organization, or rather, of an agglomeration of organizations under a strain they were not able to meet. As a contrast, let me cite an example from the great war. The defense of Verdun offers a good example of "Preparedness" in road administration. As is well known, the French army has been kept supplied by motor truck. The number of men is unknown and so are the weights moved. If, however, the ordnance weights are from six to eight fold the quartermaster and commissary weights, there will be not less than 40 pounds moved per man. The French force cannot be less than 300,000. This would mean some 6,000 tons a day—or say 2,000 three-ton trucks each way a day—or one each way every 43 seconds. The number of roads used is doubtful. The photographs published and shown as "movies" allow us to judge the type of road. It is evidently a limestone macadam. French limestone is usually soft. Such loads as one-half or one third of the above will make short work of any macadam surface unless the repair work is prompt and efficient. The drive against Verdun coincided with the most trying season on roads. Yet, if the photographs show the true conditions, the roads are in splendid shape. It seems probable that the motors could not have stood the strain of poor roads. These conditions are not the result of good luck. They are due to well built roads, well maintained. But this has been possible only by the organized effort of trained men and whatever success the French may obtain at Verdun will be due not only to the soldier in the trenches, but to the patient enduring and humble labor of the men who made the supply of the necessities of life and of munitions for the fighters possible by the condition in which they kept the roads. This they were able to do on account of the centuries of training and careful study that the French have given their roads. In a word, they were ready and made good.

I trust that this contrast will impress itself on you. I know that money spent on engineering study, on accounting, on organization, seems like a waste when the people are clamoring for good roads and want them in their business and at once. I know the numerous and exacting calls on public moneys for other purposes. Yet, if you believe as I feel sure that each of you does, that North Carolina is to assume in the not distant future the industrial importance that her soil ,her forests, her water power, and above all, her energetic, hard working and earnest manhood, place at her command, your roads must fit your coming state. To have such roads you must be ready to meet the problems that go with them. Paraphrasing Davy Crockett, one of our early advocates of "Preparedness," "Be sure you are right, then go ahead."

DO YOU KNOW THAT

It's worry, not work, which shortens life?

A cold bath every morning is the best complexion remedy?

Poor health is expensive?

The United States Public Health Service has reduced malaria 60 per cent. in some localities?

The death rate from typhoid fever in the United States has been cut in half since 1900?

Pneumonia kills over 120,000 Americans each year?

Flyless town has few funerals?

The well that drains the cesspool is the cup of death?

SOUTHERN FORESTRY CONGRESS THIS WEEK

Programme of Meeting at Asheville is Completed

Notable Speakers from Various Parts of the South to Participate in Meeting to be Held July 11 to 15.

"Forestry and the Public," "Forest Fire Protection" and "Southern Forestry Practice" are the main topics about which the addresses and discussions of the Southern Forestry Congress to be held at Asheville this week will revolve. The Congress will open Tuesday morning, July 11, and close Saturday, July 15, the final event on the programme being a trip over the logging railroad to Mt. Mitchell State Park. Notable speakers are on the programme for addresses, these including Hon. H. S. Graves, chief U. S. Forester. The programme of the Congress, copies of which have been received in Wilmington, follows:

Tuesday, July 11.

Morning session, 10:00 a. m.

Forestry and the Public.

Invocation—Bishop Junius C. Horner, of Asheville.

Address of welcome—Governor Locke Craig, of North Carolina.

Welcome to Asheville—Hon. J. E. Rankin, mayor of Asheville.

Response from the North—Dr. Hugh Baker, Dean New York State College of Forestry.

Response from the South—John J. Kaul, Birmingham, Ala.

Addresses:

"The Southern Forests and Their Place in the Nation's Timber Supply"—Hon. H. S. Graves, chief U. S. Forester.

"The Forests' Relation to the Upbuilding of the South"—Dr. Clarence J. Owens, secretary, Southern Commercial Congress, Washington, D. C.

"Re-establishment and Protection of Big Game in the Southern Appalachians"—Mr. Edmund Seymour, president, American Bison Society, New York.

Afternoon Session, 2:30 P. M.

Addresses:

"Forestry in the United States"—Hon. Charles Lathrop Pack, president, American Forestry Association, Lakewood, N. J.

"The Part of the Women's Clubs in Forest Conservation"—Mrs. W. T. Lingle, president, N. C. Federation of Women's Clubs.

"A Practical Example of Forest Management in Southern Yellow Pine"—Henry E. Hardtner, president, Urania Lumber Company, Urania, La.

"The Erosion Problem of the South and Its Relation to Forestry"—R. S. Maddox, forester, Tennessee Geological Survey, Nashville, Tenn.

Tuesday Evening, 9 P. M.

Informal reception to visiting delegates by the Women's Clubs of Asheville at the Battery Park Hotel.

Wednesday, July 12.

Inspection of Biltmore forest plantations.

Wednesday Evening, 7:30.

Informal get-together dinner for delegates at Battery Park Hotel.

Thursday, July 13.

Morning session, 10:00 a. m.

"Forest Fire Protection."

"Organization of State Protective Systems"—Prof. H. H. Chapman, Yale Forest School.

"What the States Can Do in Forest Fire Protection"—F. W. Besley, State Forester of Maryland.

"Publicity and Education in Forest Protection in the South"—J. E. Barton, State Forester of Kentucky.

"Protection of Federal Forest Lands in the South"—Wm. L. Hall, district forester in charge of the Eastern National Forests.

"What West Virginia is Doing in Forest Fire Protection"—Hon. J. A. Viquesney, forest, game and fish warden of West Virginia.

Afternoon Session, 2:30 P. M.

"Southern Forestry Practice."

"Southern Pineries, Their Possibilities and Future"—Prof. Ralph H. Bryant, Yale University.

"The Regeneration of the Southern Pine Forests"—Prof. J. W. Toumey, director, Yale Forest School.

"The Naval Stores Industry; How it Can be Perpetuated in the South—I. F. Eldredge, supervisor, Florida National Forest.

"Possibilities of Second Growth Hardwood Stands in the South"—W. W. Ashe, U. S. Forest Service.

Evening Session, 7:30 P. M.

Separate conferences of executive meetings.

Friday, July 14.

All day automobile trip through Pisgah National Forest.

Saturday, July 15.

Trip over logging railroad to Mt. Mitchell State Park.

Follow up conferences of landowners, lumbermen, foresters, Forest Fire Protective Associations, etc., may be held.

PACKING PLANT AT WASHINGTON.

Movement Launched in Another Eastern North Carolina Town.

Washington, N. C., July 4. — Local interests are investigating co-operative packing plants in Georgia with a view to the establishment of such an enterprise here. A delegation is expected to go from here in a few days to look over a big packery at Moultrie, Ga., where thousands of animals are butchered and the meat put up every month. The product is said to bring the same prices as "foreign" meat on the local market. Planters in the surrounding country are preparing to turn thousands of acres now devoted to cotton culture into pasture land. Already, with the plant in its infancy, all parts of Georgia and northern Florida are contributing to its prosperity.

The local chamber of commerce claims there are many thousand acres of land in Beaufort and other tidewater counties of this section unfitted for farming which would afford ideal pasturage for cattle and hogs, and that a big packing plant could be successfully operated. It is proposed, if the investigation results in favorable recommendations, to raise $100,000 for the enterprise.

TOBACCO COMING IN

Fair Bluff Warehouse Receives First, Opening at Whiteville.

Whiteville, N. C., July 8.—The News-Reporter notes this week that Powell's Brick Warehouse at Fair Bluff received the first load of tobacco on last Monday. It was brought in by A. R. Anderson, of the Spring Branch section. The two tobacco warehouses at Whiteville will open in time this season with Mr. Frank Wray in charge of one and Mr. J. A. Wilson, of Danville, Va., in charge of the other.

LAW BREAKERS KNOWN BY MARKS OF FINGERS

New York Commissioner Considers It Great Aid

Hole in Street With no Owner to Plug it—Big Insurance Companies Are Against Rural Credits. Gotham Gossip.

New York, July 8.—Mark Twain in his "Puddin' Head Wilson," was among the first to demonstrate the authenticity of finger prints as a method of identification. Now the finger print method is in general use in police departments and elsewhere. A real lively controversy has arisen in New York over the action of a city magistrate in having the finger prints taken of three boys who were convicted before him of disorderly conduct, for playing baseball in the street.

The commissioner of correction of the city of New York, declares that criminals have drifted into a life of delinquency because they have not been made to feel that the results of continued minor offenses are serious. He believes that the taking of finger prints in even minor cases, is justifiable, because it emphasizes to the younger offender the seriousness of disobeying the law. "Had the city of New York ten years ago taken the finger prints of every young fellow summoned to court," he says, "and filed these finger prints away—not to show that he was a criminal, but in order to identify him, we should have a very different situation in New York today." The commissioner analyzed two hundred and eighty-eight cases where the accused escaped sentences to which they were entitled. He finds that these two hundred and eighty-eight persons served a total of 1,738 sentences; that one man served 25 terms, one 24, two 22, two 21, one 20, two 18, one 17, four 16, and that the rest had all served from three to five terms. He declares that all of these would have been discovered had the system, under which the three boys were fingerprinted, been enforced.

The complicated question as to the ownership of a hole in the ground has been puzzling the minds of city authorities. Unfortunately this hole has appeared in the center of one of the busy thoroughfares in the down-town district. A wagon passing over the spot suddenly dropped nearly out of sight. After it was rescued an investigation was made by one of the city departments, with the result that it was found that a leak in a water pipe was responsible for the cave-in. It was stated in behalf of Father Knickerbocker that until the plumber for the owner of the pipe stops the leak, the city will do nothing, as there might be another cave-in. Just why the city's plumber could not plug the leak was not disclosed.

There have been many cave-ins in the New York streets, but usually they are provided for in some way by the city regulations. In the early days of Manhattan a large creek crossed Fifth Avenue and Broadway, near where the Waldorf Astoria Hotel now stands. Still another creek crossed a portion of the city in the immediate vicinity of the great Wanamaker stores. And there was good trout fishing in Manhattan Creek in the neighborhood of the palatial hotels at Fifty-ninth street. All of these streams were carefully tucked underground many years ago, and they have been sent off to the Hudson and East rivers through great sewer systems. Occasionally these streams break loose. A year or two ago there was a tremendous hole in Thirty-third street, and an underground stream threatened to wreak vengeance on the surrounding property. "Greenwich Village" has been threatened once or twice by its creek, which succeeded in breaking loose.

In such cases the city makes haste to repair damage and tuck the streams back under the earth again. A law is "made and provided" for such mishaps. But it is a plebian trick for somebody's water pipe to spring a leak and make a hole in the street. And such "new things" are very disturbing to some of the intelligent officials of even a great city like New York. Perhaps when the thing occurs again the inspectors will be able to locate a printed rule that will enable them to decide just what should be done.

The big insurance companies have apparently gotten behind the effort to defeat the so-called rural credit legislation, which has been pending at Washington for a number of years. The argument used is that if the government extends unusual methods of obtaining credits to farmers, that the privilege will be woefully abused. The opinion was recently expressed at a meeting of insurance officials that "there is a mighty wave of communicism, fraternalism, and state socialism, sweeping through the country." The metropolitan papers have been attacking the proposed legislation, and they are claiming that another departure of the government into the banking field—as in the case of the Federal Reserve Act, will in a measure revolutionize the present banking system of the country. The insurance companies insist that real estate mortgages are among the very best securities, and they dislike the thought of any Federal statute which would deprive them of any part of the present opportunities of making loans on agricultural lands throughout the country. On the other hand the argument is used that relief is essential to the affairs of agriculture, and the charge is freely made that insurance companies, as well as trust companies and bankers, are taking advantage of conditions which made it difficult for farmers to secure loans. It is further charged in the controversy that exhorbitant and ruinous rates of interest have been imposed on the farmers.

Another feature of the complaint of the insurance companies was referred to in a recent meeting of the federated organizations, when it was declared that there existed a movement in North Dakota, designed to win control of the state Republican party, and then go after actual control, or at least a balance of power in every other state in which the farming element is strong. The insurance companies purport to see in this movement a threatening evil, of which they are to become the likely victims.

As this seems to be the day of soldiering, some one has thought it necessary to come forth and defend the campaign hat with which the United State Army, Boy Scouts and other military organizations are equipped. It has been charged that the hat is hideous, and one of its accusers asserts that it is the very "antithesis of smartness." The answer, coming from an authority on military affairs, is to the effect that the service hat is not for parade, but for hard use. Its adoption, with what is called the "Montana peak," is somewhat recent, but the hat under many forms has existed since the time of the original Mexican war, and is related to the sombero of Mexico and the plains. It has been shown conclusively that a felt hat with a stiff brim gives the maximum of protection from sun, wind and rain, with a minimum of weight. Although adopted in recent years by the British colonial troops, the campaign hat is of purely American origin. It first came into use in the British service during the Boer war. The peaker crown came into effect in 1912.

When the parcel post was extended to carry large packages the Postoffice Department at Washington gave a great deal of publicity to the fact that a baby was sent over a postal route by mail. Evidently the farmer in Pennsylvania who attempted to ship a lot of poultry to Bridgeport, Conn., took his cue from the fact that Uncle Sam's General Postoffice at Washington not only authorized, but "crowed" about the transportation of a child. But when the Pennsylvania farmer's package reached the big postoffice in New York there was trouble. The inhabitants of the big coop that was being transported as mail, made known their presence. An investigation disclosed that one of the hens had laid an egg; and in a manner characteristic of her breed, she boasted of the fact to the employes of the postoffice.

While the package was regular enough, inasmuch as it was labeled with seventeen cents' worth of cancelled postage stamps, still the hard-hearted postoffice official of New York, refused to send the live poultry to its destination. The shipper was notified by telegraph, and he responded by authorizing one of the express companies to complete the delivery.

Amusing as the circumstances may be, yet it raised intricate questions in connection with transportation by mail. Some of the postoffice officials declare that business of this kind might just as well be conducted by the government, since it is as simple as the carrying of any other class of merchandise. The theory of the parcel post is based upon the principle that the government, with its great transportation facilities, is as capable and competent to carry on any kind of transportation business as the express companies. If this is true, then to distinguish as to the class of merchandise is wrong in principle, and it ought not to matter any more in the eyes of Uncle Sam than it does in the policies of express companies, whether the package contains chickens, game cocks or shoes.

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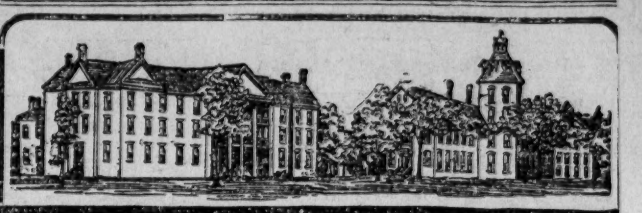

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SHALL WE TODAY REJECT THE DOCTRINES OF OUR FATHERS?

"The Policy of Neutrality is as Neutral as the American Flag"—History Repeats Itself—Where President Wilson Stands.

(From Address of Martyn H. Glynn Before Democratic National Convention.)

One hundred and forty years ago the manhood of America was called upon to decide whether this should be a nation. Half a century ago Americans were forced to determine whether this should continue to be a nation. Today the Republic faces a third crisis no less momentous than that of 1776 or that of 1860. Today Americans must again determine whether their country shall preserve its national ideals, whether it shall have a national soul, whether it shall stand forth as a mighty and undivided force, whether the United States for which Washington fought and for which Lincoln died shall hold its place among the nations.

For two years the world has been afire; the civilization that we know has been torn by the mightiest struggle in its history. Sparks from Europe's conflagration have blazed in our own skies, echoes of her strife have sounded at our very doors. That fire still burns, that struggle still continues, but thus far the United States has held the flame at bay; thus far it has saved its people from participation in the conflict.

What the people of the United States must determine through their suffrage is whether the course the country has pursued through this crucial period is to be continued; whether the principles that have been asserted as our national policy shall be endorsed or withdrawn.

This is the paramount issue. No lesser issue must cloud it, no unrelated problems must confuse it.

In the submission of this issue to the electorate we, of this convention, hold these truths to be self-evident to every student of America's history, to every friend of America's institutions.

First: That the United States is constrained by the traditions of its past, by the logic of its present and by the promise of its future to hold itself apart from the European warfare, to save its citizens from participation in the conflict that now devastates the nations across the sea.

Second: That the United States in its relations with the European belligerents must continue the policy that it has pursued since the beginning of the war, the policy of strict neutrality in relation to every warring nation, the policy which Thomas Jefferson defined as "rendering to all the services and courtesies of friendship and praying for the reestablishment of peace and right!"

Third: That save where the liberties, the territory or the substantial rights of the United States are invaded and assaulted, it is the duty of this nation to avoid war by every honorable means.

Fourth: That it is the duty of the United States government to maintain the dignity and the honor of the American nation and in every situation to demand and secure from every belligerent the recognition of the neutral rights of its citizens.

Fifth: That because the President of the United States has asserted these principles and pursued these policies the American people must support him with ardor and with enthusiasm in order that these principles and policies may be known to all the world, not as the opinion of an individual but as the doctrine and faith of a loyal and united nation.

In emphasis of these self-evident propositions we assert that the policy of neutrality is as truly American as the American flag.

For 200 years neutrality was a theory: America made it a fact.

The first President of the United States was the first man to pronounce neutrality as a rule of international conduct.

In April, 1793, Washington declared the doctrine; and within a month, John Jay, chief justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, in an epoch-making decision from the bench, whose realization would ensure universal and perpetual peace, wrote the principle into the law of this land. The Declaration of Independence had foretold it by declaring "the rest of mankind enemies in war, in peace friends;" the Constitution recognized it; but the first President of the United States by proclamation, the first chief justice by interpretation gave it vitality and power.

And so neutrality is American in its initiation.

Thirty years later Prime Minister Canning in the British parliament pointed to this American policy of neutrality as a model for the world; and eighty years later, after approval by various statutes and agreements, it was written almost word for word in the treaty wherewith we settled our differences with England over violations of neutrality throughout the Civil War.

And so neutrality is American in its consummation.

And today in this hall, so that all the world may hear, we proclaim that this American policy of neutrality is the policy which the present administration pursues with patriotic zeal and religious devotion; while Europe's skies blaze red from fires of war, Europe's soil turns red from blood of men, Europe's eyes see red from tears of mourning women and from sobs of starving children.

The men who say this policy is not American appeal to passion and to prejudice and ignore the facts of history.

Neutrality is America's contribution to the laws of the world. Sir Henry Maine says so, Charles Francis Adams says so, Henry Clay says so, Daniel Webster says so and upon the evidence of these witnesses we rest our Americanism against the sputterings of pepper-pot politicians or the fabrications of those with whom a false issue is a good issue until its falsity is shown, its maliciousness exposed.

History Repeats Itself.

For enforcing this policy of neutrality George Washington was hooted by a howling mob of 10,000 war fanatics who threatened to pull him from the presidential chair and start a revolution. But half a century later Charles Sumner said that "Washington upholding the peaceful neutrality of this country, while he met unmoved the clamor of the people wickedly crying for war, is a greater man than Washington crossing the Delaware or taking Cornwallis' sword at Yorktown."

For supporting this policy of neutrality in a speech in the city of New York Alexander Hamilton was stoned almost to death, John Jay burned in effigy, Jefferson called a spineless poltroon and Lincoln pictured as a craven. Today, however, the nation goes to all these men for its every conception of all that is best in American citizenship.

The fate of the fathers of our country at the hands of a noisy minority is the fate of the President of the United States today. But their reward of dignities merited and honors conferred will be his reward, when the people speak on the eighth of next November.

Where the President Stands.

To win this priceless right of neutrality this nation had to undergo a long and painful struggle.

It took Washington with his allies and sword eight years to win recognition of this country's liberty; it took Washington and his successors eighty years of endless negotiation to win recognition of American neutrality. And this eighty years of struggle wove the doctrine of neutrality so closely into the warp and woof of our national life that to tear it out now would unravel the very threads of our existence.

Where is the American hardy enough to challenge a policy so firmly fixed in the nation's traditions? Is there among us any man bold enough to set his wisdom above that of Washington, his patriotism above that of Hamilton and his Americanism above that of Jefferson? Is there any American so blind to our past, so hostile to our future, that departing from our policy of neutrality, he would hurl us headlong into the maelstrom of the war across the sea?

The President of the United States stands today where stood the men who made America and who saved America. He stands where John Adams stood, when he told King George that America was the land he loved and that peace was her grandeur and her welfare. He stands where General Grant stood when he said there never was a war that could not have been settled better some other way, and he has shown his willingness to try the ways of peace before he seeks the paths of war. He stands where George Washington stood when he prayed that this country would never unsheath the sword except in self-defense so long as justice and our essential rights could be preserved without it.

For vain glory or for selfish purpose, others may cry up a policy of blood and iron, but the President of the United States has acted on the belief that the leader of a nation who plunges his people into an unnecessary war, like Pontius Pilate vainly washes his hands of innocent blood while the earth quakes and the heavens are darkened and thousands give up the ghost.

Only by standing on this rock of Americanism, against which dashed the waves of conflict, could the President of the United States, faced by a world in arms, save this country from being drawn into the whirlpool of disaster. One false step in any direction and he would have carried the nation with him over the precipice.

This difference, my friends, between "what is" and "what might be" is well illustrated by two pictures which hung on the walls of the art museum here in the city of St. Louis during the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

One of these pictures portrayed the famous warriors who have stricken terror into the heart of mankind since the dawn of history. Alexander the Great was there, Caesar was there, Hannibal was there, Napoleon was there, and on either side of this sinister group lay in endless rows the sheeted dead of war.

The other picture represented hands, myriads of hands, humanity's hands stretching upwards towards the sky—gnarled hands of labor and wrinkled hands of age, smooth hands of youth and tiny hands of babyhood, strong hands of men and delicate hands of women—hands of aspiration stretching upward from divine inspiration toward betterment and peace.

These two pictures symbolize the banners of this campaign.

Others may follow the Lords of War who ride among the corpses of mankind. We follow the President of the United States and seek inspiration of humanity that aspires to higher things.

CAMPAIGN ARGUMENT IS GIVEN FULL SWAY

Features the Debate on Administration Revenue Bill

Republicans Declare it is Evidence of Democratic Blundering—Democrats Defend it as Preparedness Measure.

Washington, July 8.—The administration's revenue bill ran the gauntlet of a free-for-all political debate in the House Friday, Republicans declaring the admitted need for more revenue an evidence of Democratic blundering and extravagance and Democrats defending the bill as a constructive preparedness measure. Representative London, the Socialist, attacked both the old parties, but announce he would support the revenue measure.

More than a score of representatives took part in the cross fire of campaign argument which occupied most of the day. Representative Collier, of Mississippi, in a review of the Democratic administration, declared it had enacted more constructive legislation in four years than the Republican party did in 40. Representative Moore, of Pennsylvania, criticised at length President Wilson's Mexican policy and described the revenue bill as "an uncompromising Democratic spider web."

Details of the tariff commission section of the bill were explained by Representative Rainey, of Illinois, who drafted it. He made a plea for nonpartisan support of the measure. Representative Hamilton, of Michigan, replied with an assertion that the Democrats favored a tariff commission only because President Wilson did and told the Democratic representatives they were "only sparks on the tail of the President's comet."

CALL MADE TO RED CROSS FOR NURSES

N. Y. Health Commissioner Appeals for Aid in Fight Against Infantile Paralysis

169 DEATHS SINCE JUNE 1ST

Several Hundred Workers Needed in New York City to Stamp Out the Scourge—Spreading Over the Country.

New York, July 8.—An appeal to the American Red Cross for nurses to aid in stamping out the scourge of infantile paralysis here, which since June 1 has caused 169 deaths among children, has been made by Health Commissioner Emerson. He intimated that several hundred workers would be needed.

The call for help was sent out after a day devoted by health authorities and the most prominent physicians of the greater city to a discussion of means by which the dreaded disease can be checked. Some encouragement was found in the fact that fewer new cases were reported today than on Thursday and Wenesday.

Dr. Emerson declared that one of the steps he had decided upon was the prosecution of physicians who have failed to report cases of the disease they have attended.

Children's reading rooms in the public libraries have been ordered closed as precautionary measure, and the order barring children from moving picture theatres will not be modified until conditions improve. Playgrounds in various parts of the city also were ordered closed.

The proposal for a general quarantine of the city was abandoned as impracticable.

Fifty-Four Cases Reported.

Albany, July 7.—According to reports received at State Health Department headquarters up to 6 o'clock tonight there are only 54 cases of infantile paralysis in the state, outside of Greater New York. Eight new cases were reported during the forenoon.

Six Cases in Cleveland.

Cleveland, Ohio, July 7.—One more case of infantile paralysis developed here today, making six cases in all that have been brought to the attention of the health authorities.

One Case Reported.

Philadelphia, July 7.—Dr. Samuel G. Dixon, commissioner of the State Department of Health, announced here tonight that a case of infantile paralysis had been reported to his department from South Bethlehem.

Two cases of the disease were reported to the health authorities in this ity last night.

One in Columbus, Ohio.

Columbus, Ohio, July 7.—One case of infantile paralysis was reported to the board of health today.

Spreads to Baltimore.

Baltimore, July 7.—The Baltimore health department today announced that a genuine case of infantile paralysis had been discovered in this city.

One in Pittsburg.

Pittsburg, July 7.—A case of infantile paralysis was reported to the health department today.

First Case Reported.

Terre Haute, Ind., July 7.—The first case of infantile paralysis in this vicinity was reported today. A small child was stricken in Burnett, Ind., near here.

Epidemic Reaches Montreal.

Montreal, July 7.—The epidemic of infantile paralysis reached Montreal today, five cases being reported.

Government Takes a Hand.

Washington, July 7.—The Federal Public Health Service too ka hand today in the fight to end an epidemic of infantile paralysis in New York city and to prevent its spread tlsewhere. Six government experts were ordered to New York to co-operate with state and city authorities and steps were taken to organize a federal corps of surgeons and laboratory scientists to work out preventative measures.

FIT AND NOT FIRE

Big Companies Find it Cheaper to Fit Than to Fire Employes.

For the reason that every disease has a start and that every disease if treated in its early stages can be cured or checked in its progress, many of our greatest industrial establishments are requiring physical examinations of all their employes as a means of conserving the health of the employes and the efficiency of the company. Among the institutions doing this are the National Cash Register Company, the Akron Rubber Company, the McCormick Reaper Company and the Ford Automobile Company. These no longer say "do your work or get out" but on the other hand they "fit" instead of "fire." They find it cheaper to protect the health of their trained employees than to break in new men and continually get round pegs in square holes.

At the Ford factories in Detroit last year 11,845 new men were employed and at the same time were given thorough examinations. Consequently they were given work that was not detrimental to their health. Very few applicants were rejected because of their physical condition.

The American Medical Journal says of this feature of health work:

"In the industries in which health examinations are made, there has been an increase in the morale of the plant and the operating efficiency. The employes are kept in good physical condition, and there is less loss of time of trained men and hence no disruption of the organization. The long bitterly fought war against typhoid, malaria, tuberculosis and the other communicable diseases has resulted in a great victory."

Warm Sulphur Springs

BATH COUNTY, VIRGINIA

This famous resort with the most delightful bath in America is now open for guests. Write for rates and information. Mrs. John L. Eubank, Warm Springs, Va.

MANY LIKE THIS IN WILMINGTON

Similar Cases Being Published in Each Issue.

The following case is but one of many occuring daily in Wilmington. It is an easy matter to verify it. You cannot ask for better proof.

C. W. Hollowbush, director of Academy of Music, E. Market St. Road, Wilmington, says: "My back ached and throbbed so that I could hardly endure it. When I got down to pick up anything, I couldn't straighten without a great deal of pain. My kidneys didn't act regularly. The kidney secretions contained sediment, were painful and highly colored. I doctored and tried different medicines, but got no better. Finally, I used Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at L. B. Sasser's Drug Store. When I had finished two boxes, my back felt as sount as ever, my kidneys acted regularly and in every way, I felt like a different man."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Hollowbush had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES FOR THE EASTERN DISTRICT OF NORTH CAROLINA AT WILMINGTON

In the Matter of the Petition of Franco-Ottoman Shipping Company, Limited, as Owners of the Steamship "Cromwell" for Limitation of Liability.

Notice of Monition.

The President of the United States, To the Marshal of Said District:

Whereas, a libel or petition has been filed in the District Court of the United States, for the Eastern District of North Carolina, on the 29th day of November, 1915, by the Franco-Ottoman Shipping Company, owners of the Steamship "Cromwell," praying the decree of the Court that the said libellant is not liable for the loss and damage occasioned by the collision in the said Libel and Petition set forth, occurring on the Second day of January, A. D., 1914, on the Northeast Branch of the Cape Fear River, near Wilmington, between the said steamship "Cromwell" and the iron bridge of the Wilmington Railway Bridge Company, or any part thereof, and that the libellant and petitioner be declared entitled to the benefits of the provisions of the maritime law and of the statutes of the United States of America in such cases named; and,

Whereas, the said Court has authorized and directed that a stipulation be entered in the sum of $64,848.28 the alleged value of said petitioner's interest in said vessel and freight, which stipulation has been duly entered and filed in this Court; and,

Whereas, on the 31st day of May, 1916, the Court ordered that a Monition issue to all persons having claims by reason of the premises, citing them to appear before the said court to make proof of their claims, the same to be filed on or before the Twelfth day of September, A. D., 1916, with S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk of the Court, at Wilmington, N. C., with liberty to libellants, or any other person in interest, to contest any claim so presented.

You are Therefore hereby commanded to cite all persons having, or pretending to have, claims for any loss, destruction, damage or injury occasioned by reason of the said collision, to be and appear before the said court at a session thereof, to be held in the District Court room, in the City of Wilmington, on the 12th day of September, 1916, at ten o'clock A. M. Then and there to answer the said libel or petition and make their allegations in that behalf; and on or before said day to make due proof of their respective claims before the said S. P. Collier, Deputy Clerk of the said Court, at his office in the City of Wilmington, with liberty of any party in interest to contest such claim; and what you have done in the premises do you there and then make return, together with this writ.

Witness the Honorable H. G. Connor, Judge of said Court at the City of Wilmington, in the Eastern District of North Carolina, this Second day of June, A. D., 1916.

(Seal) ALEX. L. BLOW, Clerk.
By S. P. COLLIER, Deputy Clerk.

je 17-su-14t.

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THE OCEANIC HOTEL

WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH, N. C.

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UP-TO-DATE AND UP TO THE MINUTE HEALTH AND PLEASURE SUMMER RESORT

Hotel Bel Air & Craig Mineral Spring

New Castle, Va. C. & O. Ry.

An ideal place to spend the summer, or vacation. The hotel stands on an eminence overlooking the town of New Castle, and commanding an extended view of the beautiful valley of Craigs Creek, with two gigantic mountain peaks rising precipitously from the plateau below, forming a picturesque background. The rooms are large and airy, with lofty ceiling, neat and comfortably furnished, with all modern conveniences, bath and hot and cold running water on every floor.

The Dining Rooms and Parlors of the house are large, cheery, inviting, and appropriately furnished. Delightful large ball room, golf, tennis, bowling, fishing and general good time.

The healing faculty of the Mineral Water for stomach, liver, kidney troubles, and catarrhal conditions is great; cutaneous affections yield readily to applications of the sediment from this spring. Table and attendance unsurpassed. Rates, $10.00 to $15.00 per week.

For free booklet, write L. Samuel Stewart, Manager, New Castle, Va. Dr. B. R. Caldwell, Medical Adviser.

Buffalo Lithia Springs Hotel

Located in the most delightful section of Mecklenburg County, Virginia, this famous health resort will, this season, be

Under Management MR. C. E. GRAHAM—

who has had many years' experience in the management of leading hotels in the east and south, will have charge, with a competent staff of heads, cooks and servants. All conditions combine to make Buffalo Lithia Springs the ideal summer resort. Those coming for treatment find in the curative waters a proved remedy for kidney and bladder troubles, while those seeking amusement may indulge in their favorite recreations.

On Norfolk Division of Southern Railway. Rates and full information on request.

Owned and operated by the

BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS WATER COMPANY, Buffalo Lithia Springs, Virginia

HENDERSONVILLE

NORTH CAROLINA

The Carolina Terrace

Modern Hotel, 125 rooms, sixty private baths, running water in every room. All conveniences, comforts, amusements, good music. Beautiful grove and lawn, seven acres, overlooking principal street, 50 feet above streets, away from dust and noise. Blankets at night. No flies. No mosquitoes. No malaria. God's country. Write for Booklet

THE MANAGER.

FIRST EXCURSION OF THE SEASON

—TO—

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Friday, July 14, 1916

—VIA—

Seaboard Air Line Railway Company

—FROM—

Wilmington, Councils, Clarkton, Bladenboro, Lumberton, Pembroke, Maxton, Laurinburg, Old Hundred, and All Intermediate Stations: ... ...

Tickets on sale for all trains July 14th. Good returning from Charlotte on any regular train up until Train No. 20, leaving Charlotte 5:00 P. M., July 18th, 1916.

ROUND TRIP RATES AS FOLLOWS:

WILMINGTON	$3.00	Allenton	$ 2.50
NAVASSA	3.00	Lumberton	2.50
PHOENIX	3.00	Lowe	2.50
North West	3.00	Moss Neck	2.25
Acme	3.00	Pembroke	2.25
Armour	3.00	Rates	2.25
East Arcadia	3.00	Red Banks	2.25
Councils	3.00	Alma	2.00
Rosindale	2.75	Maxton	2.00
Elkton	2.75	Laurinburg	2.00
Clarkton	2.75	Elmore	2.00
Abbotsburg	2.75	Laurel Hill	1.75
Bladenboro	2.75	Old Hundred	1.75

DO NOT MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY TO VISIT CHARLOTTE AT SUCH REDUCED RATES.

For detailed information, etc., call on your local agent, or

H. E. PLEASANTS, T. P. A. Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
C. B. RYAN, G. P. A., Norfolk, Va.

JULY 1st

Deposits made now and until July 2nd draw Interest from July 1st.

Look forward and act now. There is no doubt in your mind that you will need money. Don't expect to make it suddenly.

SAVE your Opportunity Fund at the

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Wilmington, N. C.

A Tip From the Garden of Eden

ADAM and Eve were the inventors of Tropical-Weight Clothes. They dressed in leaves of absence. Other days—other ways, but for leafy-light coolness try our Tropical Worsteds.

KEEP COOL, PALM BEACH AND SILK SUITS

Thin almost to transparency, but with the needful "handle" to tailor well and the needful "heft" to drape without endless pressing.

$7.50 to $25.00

Hats and Caps of all kinds, Shirts and Underwear, just what you want for Hot Weather. Bath Suits, Trunks, Suit Cases, Valises that will please you—if you buy them from us.

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means just that: You can't always decide so conveniently here as at your home which instrument and which records (if any) will suit you.

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outfit wherever you say, so you can take your time about it.

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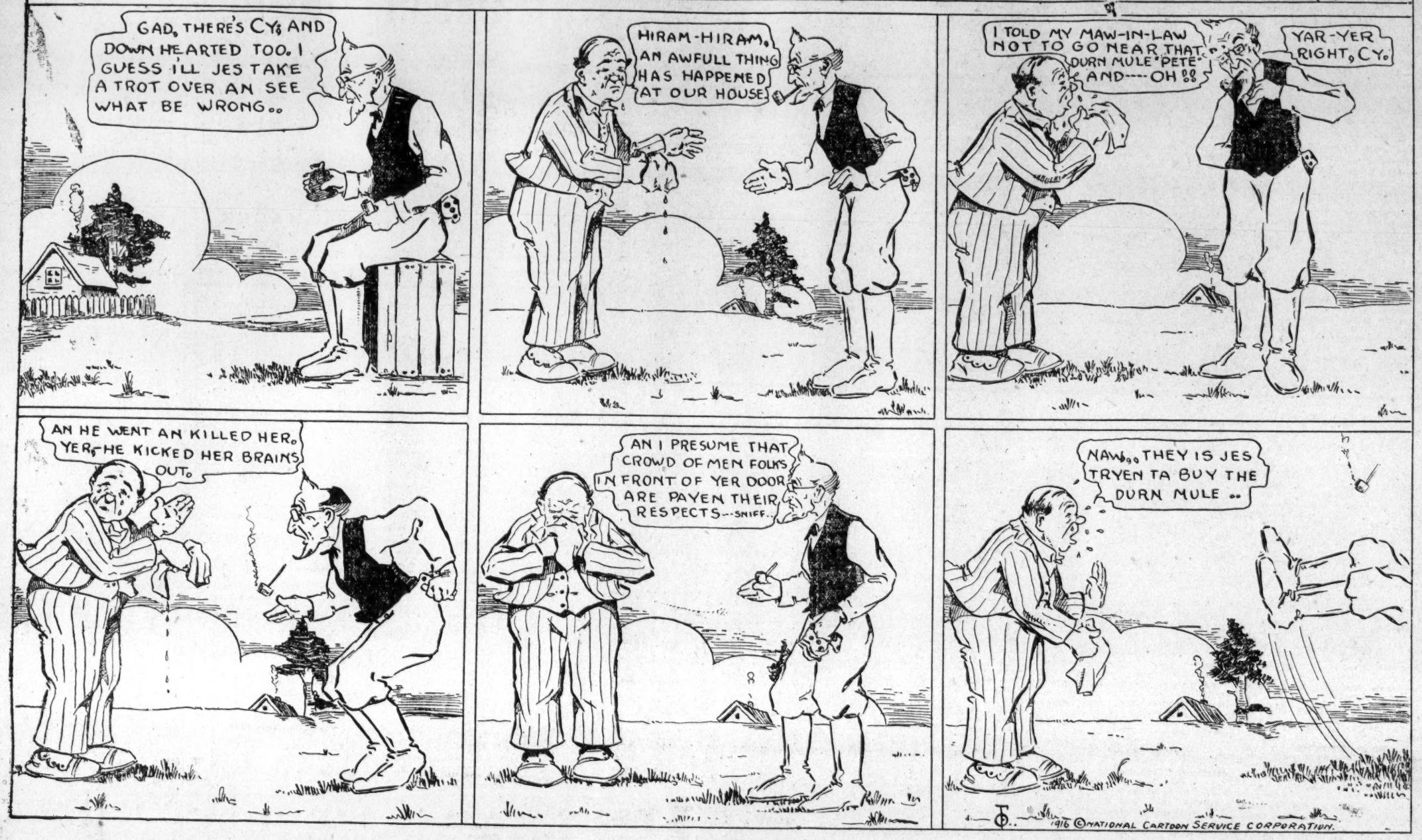
HIRAM AND CYNTHIA

THE NEW MULE

By Alfred Jackson

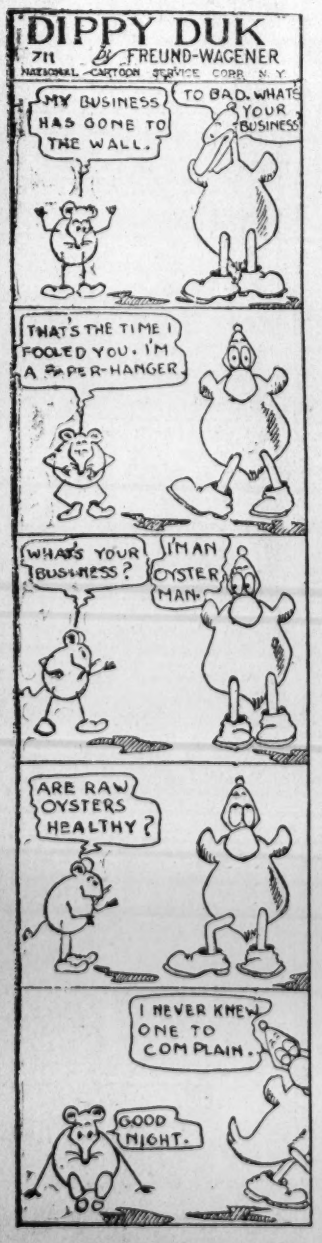
№ 245.


GAD, THERE'S CY'S AND DOWN HEARTED TOO. I GUESS I'LL JES TAKE A TROT OVER AN SEE WHAT BE WRONG..
HIRAM-HIRAM, AN AWFULL THING HAS HAPPENED AT OUR HOUSE
I TOLD MY MAW-IN-LAW NOT TO GO NEAR THAT DURN MULE 'PETE' AND----OH!!
YAR-YER RIGHT, CY.
AN HE WENT AN KILLED HER. YER, HE KICKED HER BRAINS OUT.
AN I PRESUME THAT CROWD OF MEN FOLKS IN FRONT OF YER DOOR ARE PAYEN THEIR RESPECTS--SNIFF..
NAW.. THEY IS JES TRYEN TA BUY THE DURN MULE ..
1916 ©NATIONAL CARTOON SERVICE CORPORATION.

DIPPY DUK

711 By FREUND-WAGENER

NATIONAL CARTOON SERVICE CORP. N. Y.


MY BUSINESS HAS GONE TO THE WALL.
TO BAD. WHAT'S YOUR BUSINESS
THAT'S THE TIME I FOOLED YOU. I'M A PAPER-HANGER
WHAT'S YOUR BUSINESS?
I'M AN OYSTER MAN.
ARE RAW OYSTERS HEALTHY?
I NEVER KNEW ONE TO COMPLAIN.
GOOD NIGHT.

Chesty de Nut

OF COURSE IT DOES NOT ALWAYS WORK WELL IN PRACTICE.

by F.R.Paul 86.

NOW IT'S FUNNY HOW MUCH UNNECESSARY WORK THIS OLD FISHERMAN IS PUTTING IN HIS ROWING, YOU'D THINK HE OUGHT TO KNOW BETTER, I BETTER GO AND TELL HIM!
YOU'LL PARDON MY APPARENT INTRUSION. I HAVE BEEN WATCHING YOU ROWING AND FIND THAT YOU PUT ENTIRELY TOO MUCH WORK IN YOUR EFFORT, IF YOU LET ME STEP IN THE BOAT I'LL GIVE YOU A FEW POINTERS.
WANT TO GO ACROSS YOUNG FELLER?
?
NOW IF YOU'LL JUST LET ME HAVE THOSE OARS SO I CAN DEMONSTRATE TO YOU WHAT I MEAN TO TELL YOU
?
NOW WATCH CLOSELY! YOU SEE I SPEAK WITH AUTHORITY, HAVING BEEN INSTRUCTOR OF THE COW-CREEK ROWING CLUB. NOW: YOU MOVE FORWARD DIPPING YOUR OARS INTO THE WATER RATHER DEEPLY
?
THEN TAKE A FIRM HOLD ON YOUR OARS, THROW THE ENTIRE WEIGHT OF YOUR BODY TOWARD THE REAR AND THUS------
NOW I CATCH YOUR DRIFT YOUNG FELLER. HAW-HAR!
FLOP
© NAT'L. CARTOON SERVICE CORP. N.Y.
PAUL

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MODERATE GAIN IN COTTON

Caused by Reports of Continued Heavy Rains—Close Barely Steady at Rise of 4 to 6 Points.

New York, July 8.—Reports of continued heavy rains and crop damage caused a moderate advance in the cotton market here this morning. October sold up to 13.13 or eight points net higher, but the advance was checked by realizing and reactions followed with October closing at 13.10 and the general list barely steady at a net gain of 4 to 6 points.

The opening was steady at an advance of 5 to 6 points, bu treactions to practically last night's closing figures occurred right after the call as a result of profit-taking. The market soon firmed up again on reports of damage from the storm area, active months working about 8 to 10 points above last night's closing figures during the middle of the morning, with July selling at 13.04 and December at 13.31. Closing prices showed reactions of a few points from the best under renewed realizing and local selling. Private reports of storm damage evidently caused some anxiety, but the comparatively small demand was attributed to a feeling that rain damage at this season of the year was likely to be recovered. Outside of the storm area, weather conditions were considered generally favorable.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Aug.	13.00	13.02	13.01	13.02
Oct.	13.11	13.13	13.05	13.10
Dec.	13.28	13.31	13.23	13.28
Jan.	13.32	13.35	13.28	13.33
March	13.48	13.52	13.45	13.49

Spot cotton quiet; middling uplands 13.15; no sales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans—Middling, 13.00; receipts, 1,256; sales, 1,240; stock, 194,808.

Galveston—Middling, 13 75; receipts, 2,310; sales, 504; stock, 112,767.

Mobile—Receipts, 25; stock, 13,948.

Savannah—Middling, 13.00; receipts, 1,101; sales, 300; stock, 95,525.

Charleston—Middling, 12¾; receipts, 24; stock, 28,542.

Wilmington—Middling, 12½; receipts, 51; stock, 52,927

Norfolk — Middling, 13.00; receipts, 304; sales, 1,714; stock, 42,201.

Baltimore—Stock, 4,244.

Boston—Middling, 13.10; receipts, 151; stock, 10,300.

Philadelphia — Middling, 13.40; receipts, 16; exports, 816; stock, 799

New York—Middling, 13.15; exports, 3,301; stock, 156,275.

Minor Ports—Receipts, 102; stock, 14,783.

Total today—Receipts, 5,340; exports, 4,117; stock, 730,119.

Total for week—Receipts, 5,340; exports, 4,117.

Total for season—Receipts, 7,479,679; exports, 5,617,210

Interior Movement.

Houston—Middling, 13.70; receipts, 1,386; shipments, 3,308; stock, 34,520.

Memphis—Middling, 13.12; receipts, 269; shipments, 1,548; sales, 350; stock, 73,416.

Augusta — Middling, 12.75; receipts, 152; shipments, 147; sales, 188; stock, 66,970

St. Louis—Middling, 13¼; receipts, 877; shipments, 1,102; sales, 5; stock, 11,022.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 805; shipments, 370; stock, 13,500.

Little Rock—Middling, 13.00; shipments, 3; sales, 3; stock, 9,043.

Dallas—Middling, 13.00.

Montgomery—Middling, 12.62.

Total today — Receipts, 3,489; shipments, 6,478; stock, 208,471.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, July 8. — Cotton: Spot, firmer; good middling, 824; middling, 8.08; low middling, 7.92; sales, 3,000, including 300 for speculation and export; receipts, 22,000. Futures, steady, July, 7.89; July-August, 7.88½; August-September, 7.86; February-October, 7.83½; October-November, 7.79½; November-December, 7.76½; December-January, 7.74½; January-February, 7 73½; February-March, 7.73½; March-April, 7.73½; April-May, 7.72½; May-June, 7.72; June-July, 7.71.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, July 8. — Turpentine, firm, 42½@42¾; sales, 111; receipts, 681; shipments, 6; stocks, 13,617

Rosin—Firm. Sales, 1,125; receipts, 2,430; shipments, 600; stocks, 67,533. Quote: A, B, 5.50; C, D, 5.60; E, 5.70; F, 5.75; G, 5.77½; H, 5.80; I, 5.85; K, 5.77½ @5.90; M, 6.00@6.05; W G, 6.10@6.15; W W, 6.40@6.50.

RESERVE BANK STATEMENT.

Washington, July 8. — Total reserves in the Federal Reserve banks increased over $18,000,000 last week and the gold reserves nearly $9,000,000, according to a statement of the banks' condition July 7, issued today by the Federal Reserve Board.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, July 8. — Cotton goods were stronger and the inquiry was more active today. Burlaps were in better request. Linens ruled quiet and firm. Wash goods lines will be opened next week in some houses.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

Storm News Still the Dominating Influence—Small Advance.

New Orleans, July 8.—Storm news was still the dominating influence in the cotton market today and it carried prices up for a small advance. At the highest the trading months were 6 to 9 points over yesterday's close. The close was steady at a net rise of 4 to 6 points.

Around the opening there was a rise of 5 to 7 points. Cables were better than due and the market was flooded with telegrams from Alabama and Mississippi telling of damage by wind and rain. While the market had a firm undertone, the rising tendency was held within bounds by the profit-taking.

Later in the session the market was at its highest, following the forecast of continued rainy weather for the Eastern belt and flood warnings for rivers in Mississippi. Closing:

August 12.84; October 12.90; December 13.05; January 13.15; March 13.35.

Spot cotton steady unchanged. Sales o nthe spot 10.40; to arrive 200; middling 13.00.

SENSATIONAL RISE IN WHEAT

Brought About by Reports of Black Rust From North Dakota—Market Closed Unsettled.

Chicago, July 8. — Black rust reports from Ypsilanti (N. D.) brought about a sensational advance today in the price of wheat. The rise from the lowest quotations of the session amounted to five cents a bushel. The close, however, was unsettled at gains of 2⅞@3 to 3½c. net, with July at 1.06½ and September at 1.09@1.09¼. Corn finished ¼ to ⅞c. up; oats, unchanged to ⅞c. higher, and provisions varying from same as yesterday's finish to a rise of 20 cents.

Closing:

Wheat—July, 1.06½; September, 1.09

Corn—July, 77⅞; September, 74⅝.

Oats—July, 39¾; September, 39⅜.

Pork—July, 25.60; September, 24.87.

Lard—July, 13.27; September, 13 40.

Ribs—July, 13.70; September, 13.72

Cash grain:

Wheat—No. 2, red, No. 3, red, No. 2, hard, and No. 3, hard, nominal.

Corn—No. 2, yellow, 80½@81; No. 4, white, 79.

MARINE.

Cleared.

Str. Cherokee, Bunnell, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.) 3,288 tons, Holasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Lemke, Heide & Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, July 8.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—42½c.

ROSIN—$4.90, $4.75.

TAR—$2.50-11c.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—$3.50, $3.50, $2.50.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, 38¾c.; rosin, $2.85; tar, $1.70-8c..; crude turpentine, $2.50, $2.50. and $1.50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	85
Rosin	161
Tar	105
Crude Turpentine	13

Receipts — Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 17 casks; rosin, 275 barrels; tar, 40 barrels; crude turpentine, 9 barrels

COTTON MARKET.

Market—12½c.; quotations same day last year, Nominal.

Receipts—51 bales; same day last year, 255 bales.

Total receipts since August 1st, to date, 204,772 bales.

Total receipts to same date last year, 275,672 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, N. C., July 9.

Atlantic Coast Line—51 bales cotton; 10 casks spirits turpentine; 24 barrels tar.

Lathrop—17 casks spirits turpentine; 86 barrels rosin; 66 barrels tar.

Chancy T—2 casks spirits turpentine; 13 barrels rosin.

River—15 barrels tar; 12 barrels crude turpentine

Thelma—6 casks spirits turpentine; 62 barrels rosin; 1 barrel crude turpentine.

Total—51 bales cotton; 35 casks spirits turpentine; 161 barrels rosin; 105 barrels tar; 13 barrels crude turpentine.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, July 8.)

SWEET POTATOES — Yams, 60c. to 65c. bushel.

IRISH POTATOES—80c.

CORN—$1.90 to $1.95 per sack.

BEEF—Native dressed, 9c. to 11c.; good demand.

PORK—Small, 10c. to 11c. per pound.

WOOL—Burry, 20c.; first class washed wool, 35c.

HIDES — Green salt, 13c. to 14c.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 19c. to 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. to 16c. per pound; good demand.

BEESWAX—Firm, 28c per pound; good demand.

POULTRY—Chickens, grown, 50c. to 55c.; spring, 20c. to 30c. head.

EGGS—22c. to 23c. dozen.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, July 8.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, steady. Fancy hand picked, 70c; No. 1 machine picked, 65c per bushel.

Virginia Peanuts—Market, steady. Jumbos, 60c; fancy hand picked, 55c; No. 1, machine picked, 50c per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Market steady; No. 1, small, machine picked, 80c; Jumbos, 75c per bushel.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., July 8.—Spanish—Farmers' stock—Market quiet, $1.05 per bu.

Virginias—Farmers' stock—Market, firm. Jumbo, 4c per lb.; Fancy hand picked, 3¾c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3½c. per lb.; Prime, 3¼c. per lb.; Shelling stock, 2½c. to 3c. per lb.

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, July 8. — The cotton seed oil market was inactive with narrow price changes, but covering by August shorts gave prices a little steadier tone and closing quotations were net unchanged to two points higher Closed steady. Spot, 10.65; July, 10.65@10.75; August, 10.62@10.65; September, 10.50@10.52; October, 9.56@9.58; November, 8.66@8.67; December, 8.56@8.58; January, 8.58@8.60; February, 8.62@8.69. Total sales, 3,900.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, July 8.—Hogs—Weak. Bulk, 9.85@10.10; light, 9.60@10.10; mixed, 9.55@10.25; heavy, 9.50@10.25; rough, 9.50@9.65; pigs, 8.15@9.60.

Cattle—Steady. Native beef cattle, 7.30@11.20; western steers, 8.20@9.40; stockers and feeders, 5.60@8.65; cows and heifers, 3.75@9.75; calves, 8.50@12.25.

Sheep—Steady. Wethers, 6.75@8.20; ewes, 3.25@7.35; lambs, 7.50@11.10.

STOCK MOVEMENTS NARROW

Professional Traders in Complete Control of the Market—Some Declines Are Registered.

New York, July 8.—Professional traders were in complete control of today's narrow and perfunctory market. There was relatively heavy selling of U. S. Industrial Alcohol, New York Air Brake, Crucible Steel and Motors. Alcohol recorded an extreme decline of 3 1-2 points, duplicating its low prices of the year at 126 3-4. Coppers and affiliated shares continued to decline, but Mexicans were fairly steady when not under severe pressure. Sugars and the shipping group lost some ground but the more stable industrials, including United States Steel and Lackawanna Steel were firm.

Rails played no part worthy of comment aside from considerable activity in Denver & Rio Grande, preferred, which rose almost three points. The "Nickle Plate" control of which was recently surrendered by New York Central interests, made a recession of four points to 39. The actual condition of the clearing house institutions fulfilled popular predictions, the bank statement showing a cash contraction of about $53,000,000, with a decrease of almost $36,000,000 in surplus, drawing the excess reserves down to $53,546,000, the smallest total for this item since the new system of weekly reports came into operation.

Bonds were easier. Total sales, par value, $1,940,000. United States 4s and Panama 2s and United States registered 4s declined 1-2c on call during the week.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Allis-Chalmers	22
American Beet Sugar	93
American Can	53¼
American Car and Foundry	52⅝
American Cotton Oil	54
American Locomotive	64
American Smelting	94¼
American Sugar	B 11
American Tel. and Tel	129¼
American Tobacco	B.203
American Zinc	31
Anaconda Copper	81½
Atchison	105⅞
Atlantic Coast Line	113¾
Baldwin Locomotive	69½
Baltimore and Ohio	89½
Bethlehem Steel	449½
Canadian Pacific	180⅛
Central Leather	56½
Chesapeake and Ohio	62½
Chicago, Mil and St. Paul	98¼
Chicago, R. I. and Pac. Ry	22¼
Consolidated Gas	134½
Corn Products	14¾
Crucible Steel	70
Erie	36⅞
General Electric	B.167
Great Northern, pfd	119½
Great Northern Ore Ctfs	36¾
Goodrich	75⅛
Illinois Central	B.105
Int. Merc. Marine, pfd. ctfs	89
Kansas City Southern	B. 25
Lehigh Valley	80
Louisville and Nashville	133
Liggett and Meyers	251½
Lorillard Co	212
Maxwell Motors	79
Missouri, Kansas and Texas, pfd	12½
Missouri Pacific	7⅛
Mexican Petroleum	103⅛
National Lead	65
New York Central	104½
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	B. 61½
Norfolk and Western	131⅝
Northern Pacific	114½
Pennsylvania	57⅞
Reading	99½
Rep. Iron and Steel	B. 45
Seaboard Air Line	15½
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	39½
Sloss-Sheff. Steel and Iron	46
Studebaker Corp	134⅞
Southern Pacific	98¼
Southern Railway	24⅝
Southern Railway, pfd	69½
Tennessee Copper	34¼
Texas Co	193
Texas and Pacific	12½
Union Pacific	139⅛
United Fruit	160
United States Rubber	53⅜
United States Steel	86¼
United States Steel, pfd	117½
Utah Copper	77¼
Virginia-Caro. Chem	40¼
Va Iron, Coal and Coke	B. 45
Wabash, pfd., "B"	28½
Western Union	94¼
Westinghouse Electric	56⅛

COTTON GOODS MARKET.

Firmer Tone in Nearly All Divisions, Prints at High Levels.

New York, July 8.—Cotton goods are firmer in nearly all divisions and in some of the coarser lines prices are moving up steadily. Print cloths are now back to the highest level reached this year. Cotton duck has been advanced to the highest levels touched in many years, and probably higher than at any time since the scarcity during the Spanish war jumped prices to abnormal levels on certain styles. Double filling duck is now quoted at 28 cents a pound, army duck at 10 off the list, and wide duck, 5 per cent higher, the basis being 25 off the list. Bleached cottons are firm and quiet, prints are moving without change and all napped cottons for fall are held at top prices in first hands.

During the coming week new prices will be made on shirting chambrays and dress ginghams for spring by large eastern factors. Four of the large lines of Southern dress ginghams are already under order for the balance of this year. Cheviots, denims and heavy twills for working suit materials are firm and high. The demand for khaki twills is very active. Knit goods and hosiery are in very active demand, mills having the largest business in hand and the smallest in stocks, they have ever known. There is a very good export business, shipments of cotton cloth alone during the week ended July 1 from the port of New York, totaling over $1,000,000 in value.

Prices current are as follows: Print cloths 28 inch 64x64s, 4 1-4c; 64x60s, 4c; 38 1-2 inch 64x64s, 6c; brown sheetings, Southern standards, 8 1-4c; denims, 2.2 ounce, indigo, 18c; tickings, 8 ounce, 15 1-2c; prints, 7c; staple ginghams, 8c; dress ginghams, 10 1-2c.

WEEK'S BANK STATEMENT.

New York, July 8 — The statement of the actual condition of clearing house banks and trust companies for the week shows that they hold $53,546,060 reserve in excess of legal requirements. This is a decrease of $35,747,880 from last week

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

July 9, 1916.

Meteorological data for the day ending at 8 P. M.:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 76 degrees; at 8 P. M., 76 degrees; maximum 83 degrees; minimum, 69 degrees; mean, 76 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, 00 inches; rainfall for the month, to date, 1.88 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M. yesterday, 5.5 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina: Showers Sunday. Monday probably fair, warmer interior.

The Port Calendar, July 9, 1916.

Sun rises	5:08 A. M.
Sun sets	7:26 P. M.
Day's length	14 hrs. 18 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	P.M.	Low water. A.M.	P.M.
Wilmington	4:04	4:56	11:20	12:00
Southport	1:18	2:15	8:04	8:55
Masonboro Inlet	1:07	2:04	7:44	8:35

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS

July 7, 1916.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P.M.
Abilene	clear	94	..	20.
Asheville	rain	66	64	1.48
Atlanta	rain	74	66	1.74
Augusta	rain	82	70	.10
Baltimore	pt cldy	90	..	.0
Birmingham	rain	76	70	1.70
Boston	rain	90	72	.10
Charleston	cldy	82	76	.0
Charlotte	rain	76	66	.18
Chicago	clear	74	72	.0
Galveston	cldy	94	80	.94
Jaxville	cldy	80	72	.0
Memphis	cldy	86	68	.02
Mobile	cldy	86	..	.34
Montgomery	cldy	82	72	.18
N. Orleans	cldy	90	78	.26
New York	clear	88	68	.0
Oklahoma	clear	90	68	.0
Palestine	clear	94	74	0
Pittsburg	cldy	86	60	.0
Raleigh	cldy	86	68	.0
Savannah	rain	78	76	.14
Shreveport	clear	92	72	.0
St. Louis	clear	90	76	.0
Wash'ton	pt cldy	90	68	.0

NEW YORK LIVE STOCK.

New York, July 8. — Beeves, no trading; calves, no trading.

Sheep and Lambs — Steady. Sheep, 5.00@7.25; culls, 3.50@4.00; lambs, 11.35@11.75; yearlings, 9.00.

Hogs—No trading.

NEW YORK PROVISIONS.

New York, July 8. — Butter—Steady. Cheese—Steady.

Coffee—Spot, steady; Rio, No. 7, 9¼; Santos, No. 4, 10⅝.

Sugar—Raw and refined markets closed.

THE FINANCIAL MARKET.

New York, July 8. — Mercantile paper, 4; sterling sixty day bills, 4.72; demand, 4.75¾; cables, 4 76 7-16; bar silver, 62; Mexican dollars, 47⅝; government bonds, steady; railroad bonds, easy.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.

Bulletin of Round-Trip Fares in Effect from Wilmington.

BALTIMORE, Md. **$14.80**
On sale July 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9th; limited returning midnight July 19th.

CHAPEL HILL STATION, N. C. .. **$7.30**
On sale July 3, 10th; limited returning midnight August 1st.

ASHEVILLE, N. C **$14.05**

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. ... **$14.05**

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C. ... **$14.05**

HICKORY, N. C. **$10.85**

EDGEMONT, N. C. **$12.85**

PINEOLA, N. C. **$19.30**

LENOIR, N. C. **$11.85**
Tickets on sale Daily until October 15th, limited returning Midnight October 31st

LAKE JUNALUSKA, N. C. ... **$12.55**

WAYNESVILLE, N. C. **$12.55**
On sale July 9 to 14; July 19 to 24, inclusive; July 28 to August 1, inclusive; August 6 to 9, inclusive; limited returning midnight, July 26, August 18 and 28th.

LOUISVILLE, KY **$23.00**
On sale July 21, 23, 24 and 25; limited returning midnight, August 1st.

ATLANTA, GA **$13.95**
On sale July 11, 12; limited returning midnight, July 19th.

NASHVILLE, TENN **$20.30**
On sale July 31, Aug. 1; limited returning midnight, August 9th.

BLACK MOUNTAIN, N. C. **$9.90**

RIDGE CREST, N. C. **$9.90**
On sale June 27, 29 and 30th; July 6, 7, 13, 14, 20, 21 and 28; August 1, 4, 14, 15 and 22nd; limited returning midnight 17 days after date of sale.

NASHVILLE, TENN **$20.25**
On sale July 20, 22 and 24th; limited returning 15 days from date of sale.

MONTEAGLE, TENN **$20.70**

SEWANEE, TENN **$20.70**
On sale July 1, 3, 10, 11, 27, 28; August 5, 7, 10, 11 and 12th; limited returning midnight, July 30, August 1, 8, 9; Sept. 5.

MOOSEHEART, ILL **$38.80**
On sale July 15, 16, 17; limited returning midnight, July 27.

CINCINNATI, OHIO **$20.50**
On sale July 13, 14, 15, 16; limited returning midnight July 25.

KNOXVILLE, TENN **$15.70**
On sale July 1, 2, 8 and 15th; limited returning midnight 15 days following date of sale.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL **$92.70**
On sale July 22 to 29; limit, two months.

PORTLAND, ORE **$94.95**
On sale July 22 to 29, inclusive; limit, two months.

SAVANNAH, GA **$10.90**
On sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning midnight, August 31st.

BUFFALO, N. Y. **$30.05**
On sale July 8, 9 and 10; limited returning midnight July 23rd.

LYTLE, GA. **$18.60**
(Near Chattanooga), and return, account National Military Training Camp at Fort Oglethorpe. Tickets on sale during July and August. See ticket agent for limits and other information.

For further information call Phone 178, City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel Building.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.
mh23-tf

Read Star Business Locals.

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WE OFFER

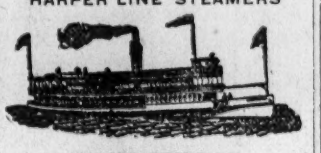
25 to 50 shares Cherryville Mfg., Cherryville, N. C. This is a good cotton mill stock and getting better every day.

20 shares Southern Underwriters Insurance Co., of Greensboro, N. C.

Prices and Information On Application. Write Us a Line

WE BUY WHOLE ISSUES OF BONDS. WRITE US WHAT YOU HAVE FOR SALE.

HARPER LINE STEAMERS



SUMMER SCHEDULE.
Effective June 4th, 1916.
DAILY

Leaves Wilmington for Carolina Beach and Southport, 9 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

Leaves Southport, 11:45 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

SUNDAY SCHEDULE:

Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 6 P. M.

Leaves Southport, 11:30 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

Leaves Carolina Beach Pier 12:30 and 6:00 P. M.

Please ship freight on 9:00 o'clock boat.

J. B. FOX, Agent.
je1-2mo.

Excursion Fares

FROM WILMINGTON

OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

WASHINGTON	**$16.00**
BALTIMORE	**$18.00**
PHILADELPHIA	**$22.80**
NEW YORK	**$26.00**
BOSTON (Via Norfolk)	**$30.50**
ASHEVILLE, N. C.	**$14.05**
WAYNESVILLEE, N. C.	**$15.35**
LAKE TOXAWAY, N. C.	**$15.75**
BREVARD, N. C.	**$14.05**
HENDERSONVILLE, N. C.	**$14.05**
SALUDA, N. C.	**$13.50**
TRYON, N. C.	**$13.20**

Tickets on sale every day until Sept. 30, good to stop over; limited returning until Oct. 31.

$7.30—Chapel Hill, N. C.,

Account Summer School University of N. C. College. Tickets on sale July 3 and 10; limited returning August 1.

$18.60—Chattanooga, Tenn., and Lytle, Ga.,

Account National Military Training sale and limited returning as follows: July 2, limited August 10; July 3, limited August 11; July 4, limited August 12; July 5, limited August 13; July 9, limited August 13; July 10, limited August 13; July 11, limited August 13.

$20.70—Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn.

Account Missionary Week, University of the South. Tickets will be sold July 11, limited returning until August 9.

$9.90—Black Mountain and Ridge Crest.

Account Summer Schools and Conferences. Tickets will be sold July 13th, 14th, 15th, 20th, 21st, 28th; August 1st, 4th, 14th, 15th, 22nd, limited to midnight of seventeenth day following, but not including date of sale.

$13.95—Atlanta, Ga.

Account All South Christian Endeavor Convention. Tickets on Sale July 11 and 12, limited returning until July 19.

$20.50—Cincinnati, O.,

Account International Rotary Clubs' Convention. Tickets on sale July 13, 14, 15 and 16; limited returning untily July 25.

$38.80—Mooseheart, Ill.

Account annual convention, Loyal Order of Moose of the World. Tickets will be sold July 15, 16 and 17, limited returning until July 27.

$20.25—Nashville, Tenn.,

Account Peabody College Summer School. Tickets on sale July 20, 22 and 24; limited returning until 15 days after date of sale.

$23.00—Louisville, Ky.

Account National Dental Association. Tickets will be sold July 21, 23, 24 and 25, limited returning until August 1.

$20.30—Nashville, Tenn.

Account Young People's Congress (Colored). Tickets will be sold July 31 and Aug. 1, limited returning until August 9.

$92.70—San Francisco, Cal.
$94.95—Portland, Oregon.

Tickets will be sold July 22 to 29, inclusive, limited returning until two months after date of sale.

$20.70—Monteagle and Sewanee, Tenn.

Account Monteagle Assembly and Music Festival. Tickets will be sold July 27 and 28 and August 5, 7, 10, 11 and 12, limited returning until Sept. 5.

$10.90—Savannah, Ga.,

Account Grand Aerie, Fraternal Order of Eagles. Tickets on sale August 12, 13 and 14; limited returning until August 31.

Proportionate Fares from Other Points on the
ATLANTIC COAST LINE,
"The Standard Railroad of the South."
'Phone 160.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South.
New Sleeping Car Line Between Greensboro and Raleigh
And Extension of Sleeping Car Between Winston-Salem and Morehead City and Beaufort.
Effective Sunday, June 25th, 1916.

Southern Railway announces inauguration new Sleeping Car Line between Greensboro and Raleigh, and extension of the present Winston-Salem-Raleigh Sleeping Car to Morehead City and Beaufort, making Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort Sleeping Car Line. The Winston-Salem-Morehead City-Beaufort car to be handled in connection with Norfolk Southern Railway from Goldsboro.

For details, address

J. O. JONES,
Traveling Passenger Agent,
je29-tf Raleigh, N. C.

ARSENIC LITHIA SPRINGS AND BATHS.

Opened June 1st. Cures Nervous Prostration, Dyspepsia, Malaria, Kidney Diseases, Rheumatic and Skin Troubles and Female Irregularities. Clears and Beautifies the Complexion. Write for Booklet.

M. H. THOMAS ... ... **Manager**
CROCKETT SPRINGS, VA.
——CROCKETT——

Read Star Business Locals.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington, Effective July 2, 1916. Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS
No. 90 3:40 A.M. Daily except Sunday	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Daily except Monday
No. 51. 5:30 A.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, St. Petersburg, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive outbound passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M., and may be occupied, inbound, until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. 12:20 A.M. Daily.
No. 64. 8:15 A.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations	No. 65. 6:15 P.M. Mon., Wed. and Fri. only.
No. 48. 8:40 A.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington. **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Norfolk, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains having Pilman service.**	Daily. No. 49. 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. 8:45 A.M. Daily.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford. **Parlor cars between Wilmington and Greensboro.**	No. 52. 5:00 P.M. Daily.
No. 62. 3:25 P.M. Daily. Except Sunday	Jacksonville, Newbern and intermediate stations.	No. 63. 12:50 P.M. Daily. Except Sunday
No. 55. 3:45 P.M. Daily.	Chadbourn, Florence, Columbia, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida points. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta. **Sleeping cars daily between Wilmington and Asheville.**	No. 54. 12:50 P. M. Daily.
No. 57 6:20 P. M. Sunday only	Chadbourn, Conway and intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 58 9:15 A. M. Sunday only
No. 59. 6:30 P.M. Tues., Thurs. Sat. and Sunday only	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. 10:15 A.M. Tues., Thurs. Sat. and Sunday only
No. 42. 6:45 P.M. Daily.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41 9:50 A.M. Daily.
No. 68 7:30 P. M. Sunday only	Newbern and Intermediate points. Excursion train.	No. 69 10:15 A. M. Sunday only

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

IN EFFECT SATURDAY, JUNE 3, 1916

WEEK - DAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
6.15 A. M.	6.05 A. M.
6.55 A. M.	7.10 A. M.
7.25 A. M.	7.40 A. M.
8.00 A. M.	8.15 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	and every half hour thereafter until
5.30 P. M.	5.45 P. M.
6.10 P. M.	6.20 P. M.
6.30 P. M.	6.50 P. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	7.15 P. M.
11.00 P. M.	and every half hour thereafter until
12.10 A. M.	11.45 P. M.

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington, and at Lumina.

BUSINESS MEN'S EXPRESS

Leaving Lumina daily, except Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., leaving Front and Princess streets daily, except Saturday and Sunday, at 6:10 P. M., stopping at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
6.00 A. M.	7.05 A. M.
9.30 A. M.	12.15 P. M.
3.30 P. M.	6.15 P. M.
7.00 P. M.	8.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open daily, except Sunday, from 8:00 A. M. until 1:00 P. M., and from 2:00 P. M. until 7:00 P. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 98.

SUNDAYS

Lv. "Electric Centre"	Lv. Beach.
7.00 A. M.	6.40 A. M.
8.30 A. M.	7.45 A. M.
and every half hour thereafter until	9.15 A. M.
11.00 P. M.	and every half hour thereafter until
12.10 A. M.	11.45 P. M.

Express trains stop at Winter Park Gardens, Sea Gate, Wrightsville and all stations on the Beach.

Lumina Specials will stop at 5th, 7th and 9th Sts., in Wilmington and at Lumina.

FREIGHT

Lv. Wilmington	Lv. Beach.
11.00 A. M.	12.15 P. M.

Freight Depot open 10 to 11 A. M.

Freight Depot Telephone, No. 98.

J. B. McCABE & CO.,

Certified Public Accountants

Room 815 Murchison Bank Bldg.
'Phone: 996. WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE

TO NEW YORK AND GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.

Steamship Cherokee, Wed., July 5th
Steamship Cherokee, Sun., July 16th

Wilmington to Georgetown.

Steamship Cherokee, Fri., July 7th
Steamship Cherokee, Tues., July 18th

Wilmington to New York.

Steamship Cherokee, Wed., July 12th
Steamship Cherokee, Sun., July 23rd

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates guaranteed to and from all points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.,
C. J. BECKER, Agent.
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36 N. R., New York

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South.
Effective May 28th, 1916.

DEPARTURE OF TRAINS FROM WILMINGTON:

No. 13—3:55 P. M.—Train for Charlotte and Intermediate Points. PULLMAN PARLOR CAR, WILMINGTON TO CHARLOTTE.

**THROUGH DAILY PULLMAN SERVICE WILMINGTON TO ATLANTA — ALL STEEL CARS. ON FRIDAYS, TH

TAKE STEPS TO CHECK INFANTILE PARALYSIS

Federal, State and City Officials Confer in New York.

Monkeys to Be Used for Experimental Purposes—There is Decrease in Deaths, While Number of Cases Increases.

New York, July 8.—After a conference of Federal, state and city health officials in this city today to discuss plans to check the epidemic of infantile paralysis which already has cost 205 lives here, Dr. W. C. Rucker, assistant surgeon general of the Federal Public Health Service, returned to Washington tonight to expedite the importation of monkeys for experimental purposes.

Dr. Haven Emerson, health commissioner said tonight that while the rate increases in patients had been lowered, it could not be said the epidemic was under control. The chief problem now confronting the health department, officials said, is the danger to the general public of the carrier." A child or adult who maw have the disease and without showing symptoms of it, can carry it to others. It is hoped that experiments upon monkeys to determine how the disease is spread.

"Keep away as far as possible from everybody. You can't tell who the carried may be," was the warning tonight of Dr. George Nicholas, head of the Bureau of Epidemiology. "There is entirely too much promiscuous fondling and kissing of children."

At the conference today, attended by Dr. C. H. Lavender, of the Federal Public Health Service; Assistant Surgeon General Rucker, Dr. Hermann M. Biggs, state health commissioner; Dr. William H. Park, of the city laboratory, and Dr. L. L. Lumsden, of the Public Health Service, it was decided Commissioner Emerson said, that the government experts will start next Monday to study exhaustively cases in New York city and the surrounding territory.

SOCIALISTS ATTACK SCHEME FOR DISTRIBUTION OF FOOD.

Declare There is Evidence of Starvation Now in Berlin.

The Hague, via London, July 8.—During a debate on the food situation at Thursday evening's session of the Berlin city council, the socialists complained of the inequality and inadequacy of the distribution of food under the mass feeding scheme. Councillor Mormsen declared that no resident of Berlin was yet starving. This elicited a sharp contradiction. Munition Physician Weber maintained there was no question of under feeding yet, whereupon cries of strong dissent arose from the socialists.

The socialist Councillor Hoffman said that he himself had been a patient at the Rudolph Virchow hospital for months and knew how seriously the dietary had been reduced. Herr Hoffman demanded that President von Batocki, of the food regulation board, should be told that sufficient food was available, but that the method of distribution was all wrong and the residents of Berlin would stand it no longer.

The population of Cologne is excited over the municipality's announcement that mass feeding has been postponed indefinitely, owing to lack of potatoes.

The so-called goulash cannon traveling kitchens are entirely insufficient and are besieged by crowds of hungry persons, while housewives go dinnerless, the Vorwaerts says.

CAMPAIGN TO GAIN GOOD WILL OF LATIN-AMERICA

Mexico to Proceed With Reorganizing Legations in Various Republics.

Mexico City, July 8.—The defacto government, in its campaign to gain the good will of Latin-America, made public today a circular cablegram which is being sent to the leading newspapers of Cuba and Central and South America. The message, which comments on the recent exchange of notes between Washington and the defacto government, says:

"The American people praise the conciliatory attitude of the government of Mexico and consider the conflict, which was on the point of breaking out, to have been settled definitely without smirching the dignity of Mexico. We will proceed actively to reorganize legations in Central and South America with a view to bringing about closer relations between Spanish-American countries." The new campaign is proceeding with all vigor.

LESSONS LEARNED FROM MOBILIZATION

(Continued From Page One).

sideration was given to the suggestion in the latest note from Secretary Lansing that the Mexican government propose some practical plan through which the difficulties now existing between the two governments might be solved. While the greatest secrecy was maintained, it became known that two plans were considered. One called for a telegraphic conference with direct wires between the conference rooms in Washington and Mexico City. The other was that the delegates of the two governments meet at some isolated town in the United States, preferably a summer resort, to discuss plans for joint action.

It is said that none of the conferees expressed any objection to holding the conference in the United States, and it is believed that when a decision is finally reached, probably within the next forty-eight hours, the plan of a direct meeting will be adopted. At the foreign office it was said that absolutely nothing had yet been decided upon. It was admitted, however, that in view of Secretary Lansing's suggestion, some plan for a conference would be proposed very shortly.

Newspapers here are enthusiastic over the new project, and are unanimous in the opinion that war between Mexico and the United States has been averted.

There are no indications as to the probable personnel of the Mexican commission; nor have the specific points to be discussed been decided upon definitely.

Newspapers here today publish a story that a group of New York bankers has offered to loan the Carranza government $100,000,000.

Editorially, it is stated that with this new move the Mexican financial situation is in a fair way to being settled.

JUDGE WINSTON WILL HAVE SHARP CONTEST

For Nomination for Judgeship Which He Now Occupies.

Several Candidates in Third District for Nomination, Which Probably Will Be Made by Executive Committee—Charters.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Raleigh, N. C., July 8.—With Hon. Francis D. Winston, of Windsor, in possession of the commission from Governor Craig as judge in the Third judicial district, succeeding the late Judge R. B. Peebles, it looks like there will be a sharp contest in the district for the election at the hands of the people of the State in the November election, Judge Winston's commission being necessarily only until the general election, or to January, when the judge elected in November will be commissioned along with other State officers.

Judge Winston was not a candidate for the appointment as judge and there were four prominent lawyers in the districts whose friends were vigorously urging them for the appointment. The procedure now will be that the district will nominate and the people of the whole State will vote for the judge and a number of active candidates against Judge Winston are known to be in the field.

The questio nis raised as to the procedure in making the party nomination, and State Chairman Thomas D. Warren has expressed the opinion that it will be up to the Democratic executive committee of the judicial district to name the party candidates, this being equivalent to election. The only other course would be to have the district executive committee call a special party primary for the nomination. A number of the aspirants are known to be willing for either course to be taken by the party management and are preparing to contest the nomination with Judge Winston. Those who were urged for appointment by Governor Craig and will probably seek the party nomination in opposition to Judge Winston are A .C. Zollicoffer and T. M. Pittman, of Henderson; B. B. Winbourn, Murfreesboro, and J. H. Kerr, of Warrenton.

New Corporations.

Charters to new corporations and amendments to charters were granted today as follows:

The Reynolds Farm Co., of Reynolds, Forsyth county, capital $125,000 capital authorized and $1,000 subscribed by A. C. Wharton, George W. Orr and Clement Manly.

The New Bern Re-Drying Co., capital $25,000 authorized and $1,100 subscribed by W. L. Lewis, T. A. Uzzell and A. T. Dill for warehouse and general leaf tobacco business.

The Lauerhass Development Co., of Grace, Buncombe county, capital $25,000 authorized and $2,500 subscribed by George Lauerhass, S. F. Chapman and others for real estate development.

The Shaffner-Landquist Drug Co., of Winston-Salem, changes its name to the Hopkins-Lindquist Co., V. O. Hopkins being president.

HUGHES SENDS TELEGRAM TO CALIFORNIA PROGRESSIVES

Tells Them It is Essential That There be a Reunited Party.

Bridgehampton, N. Y., July 8.—Chas. E. Hughes sent the following telegram to Governor Johnson at the State of California conference of the Progressives held in San Francisco:

"I understand that the Progressive conference in California is to be held today. The national aims to which we are devoted are so vitally important that I earnestly hope there may be more strong and effective operation which will insure their achievement. I desire a re-united party as the essential agency of national progress, a party drawing to itself the liberal sentiment of a quickened nation.

"I warmly appreciate the many assurances of support that are constantly coming to me from Progressives, and the willingness that has been so frankly shown to forget former differences in order that by common purposes, I repeat to your conference what I said in my telegram to the Progressive committee at Chicago. We are not divided in our ideals. Let us work together to attain them."

CHILD DIES OF SHOCK.

Three Seriously Hurtand Another Burned When Hospital Catches Fire.

Louisville, Ky., July 8.—Arnold Barton, five, died of shock; three panic stricken patients and one nurse who jumped from third-story windows were seriously injured, and another nurse was burned as she ran through a blazing hallway to the rescue of one of her charges when fire tonight swept the second and third floors of the Deaconess Hospital here. Thirty patients in the building were rescued.

ALLIES CONTINUE TO DRIVE ONWARD

(Continued From Page One).

ple are taken as the gauge, the country is satisfied with the progress made.

ENORMOUS NUMBERS OF THE BRITISH AND FRENCH KILLED

Barlin, July 8.—The German official statement today regarding operations on the Western front said:

"On both sides of the Somme our heroism and tenacity prepared for the enemy a day full of delusions. Numerous and continuously repeated attacks were repulsed with sanguinary losses. The enormous number of fallen Englishmen before the Ovillers-Contalmaison-Bazentine LeGrand section, and of fallen Frenchmen before Biaches, Soyecourt front give an indication of the masses of enemy forces employed for the attacks and of the devastating effect of our artillery, machine gun and infantry fire.

"On the right bank of the Meuse the enemy continues to sacrifice his men in strong fruitless assaults against our positions on Froide Terre Hill. He has not been able to win a foot of ground. Several hundred prisoners fell into our hands.

"Weak advances against the Damloup hill battery were easily repulsed. Artillery and patrol activity on the remainder of teh front was very lively in places. An attack made by about one company of French in the Bois Le-Pretre failed."

Nashville, Tenn., July 8 — Latest figures from the Tennessee mobilization camp here show that 96 officers and 2,224 men have signed the new Federal oath. There are now 150 men in camp who have not been mustered in.

RETIREMENT DUE TO THE SUPERIOR RUSSIAN FORCE

Austrian Headquarters, (via Berlin to London), July 8.—The restirement of the northern and southern wings of the Austro-German army south of the Pripet marshes was due to the superiority of the ussian forces, attended by the throwing in of French forces and the massing of attack upon attack regardless of losses.

Fairmont, W. Va., July 8. — Mrs. E. C. Dawley, of the Edgewood Country Club, Charleston, won the state golf championship here today in the first annual tournament of the West Virginia women's golf association. She defeated Miss Sue Watson, of Fairmont, one up.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE, the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender, daily, weekly or monthly. For this service call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

FOR SALE — FORD ROADSTER IN good condition. Price for quick sale, $250.00. Apply to Dr. J. C. Wessell jy9-1t*

LOST — PACKAGE CONTAINING shirt, gold cuff button and fraternity pin on beach car Friday. Liberal reward. 'Phone 7531. jy9-1t*

$10.00 PER MONTH, IF RENTED AT once, 6-room cottages in Polvogt ave., Grace between 8th and 9th Apply to owner. C. W. Polvogt. jy9-su,m,w-3t

$16.66 PER MONTH WILL RENT ONE of the 6-room brick apartment houses on Eighth street near Grace, if taken at once. Apply to owner. C. W. Polvogt. jy9-su,m,w-3t

FINE ROCKY POINT FARM FOR sale. I expect to sell "Pigford" in the next ten days. The finest farm in the famous Rocky Point section. Just a mile from the depot, 200 acres, 175 cleared, 25 splendid pine thicket, enough timber to pay for it; fine crops without fertilizer; come and see growing crops. Will sell for less than half the cost of clearing. Formerly owned by the late Dr. E. Porter. Come to see, wire, or write, W. A. Brown, Agent, Rocky Point, N. C. jy9-1t*

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURNISHed rooms for light housekeeping, with all conveniences, or will rent as furnished bed rooms. Apply to 314 North Seventh st. jy9-1t*

WINOCA TERRACE IS HEALTHFUL, beautiful, and rapidly increasing in value. The lots are large and the price and terms easy. Why don't you let us help you own a home? J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance Agents jy9-1t

WANTED — THREE CONNECTING rooms for light housekeeping, with private family. Must be reasonable. Address N. M., care Star. jy9-1t*

WANTED — STUDENTS TO LEARN telegraphy. Fall term opens September first; an old established and reliable school under expert management. Charlotte Telegraphy School, Charlotte, N. C. jy9-su4t*

2,700 ACRES FOR SALE — LOTS OF buildings. Real low price and easy terms. Others smaller. Tell me your wants. R. E. Prince, Raleigh, N. C. jy9-2t*

SPECIAL WIRE-WRAPPED HOSE, 10 cents foot. Cape Fear Hdw. Co. jy9-3t*

THE AMOUNT OF MONEY DISTRIButed through our weekly pay roll is quite an item. Give us your patronage and increase your proportion of the distribution. 'Phone No. 29. Wilmington Steam Laundry. jy9-1t*

7-ROOM HOUSE IN CAROLINA PLACE, with all conveniences, can be bought on good terms. See James & James, Inc., Southern Building. jy9-1t

WANTED — 10,000 PAIRS OF SHOES to repair at a cut price. Half soles sewed or tacked, 50 cents. Best rubber heels, 35 cents. Best material used. Lanier Harness Company, 216 Market Street. 'Phone 444. jy9-1t*

NEAR 7TH AND GRACE IS A NICE building lot that will be sacrificed next week. See James & James, Inc., Southern Building. jy9-1t

$300.00 CASH, BALANCE LIKE RENT, buys new five-room cottage at Carolina Court. See James & James, Inc., Southern Building. jy9-1t

IF YOU ARE SICK, CONSULT A PHYsician. If your linen needs attention, consult us. We are Doctors of the Wash Tub 'Phone No. 29. Wilmington Steam Laundry. jy9-1t*

WANTED — YOUNG MAN OF NEAT appearance to sell on trains. Ten dollars cash security required. Apply in person today. The Union News Co. jy9-1t*

$500.00 DOWN AND THE BALANCE IN easy monthly payments, gives you a cottage in Carolina Court, just being completed. See James & James, Inc., Southern Bldg. jy9-1t

WANTED — SALESMAN FOR EASTern North Carolina to sell established high grade brooms; good commission, references required; name towns desired. Box 246, Newberry, S. C. jy9-1t*

WANTED — BY MIDDLE AGED MARried man, position as auto mechanist and driver. Have had eight years' experience, and am sober, energetic and capable of handling position. Come from family of high standing. State salary. P. O. Box 674. jy9-1t

FOR RENT — THREE OR FOUR rooms, suitable for light house-keeping, to refined couple without children. Wouldn't mind small baby. Price reasonable. 'Phone 1109-W. jy9-1t*

WANTED — POSITION AS ACCOUNTant or book-keeper, by an accountant with several years experience, in addition to University training. Now connected with Wilmington's largest corporation. Good references. "Accountant," care Star. jy9-1t*

CAN ACCOMMODATE TWO GENTLEmen or couple, with nice, cool room and good table board, at 114 Grace st. jy9-1t*

WANTED — MONDAY MORNING, SECond hand plain wagon harness (or gears) for three heavy horses. Must be strong enough for logging use. 'Phone 984. Mr Goodman. jy9-1t*

THE COMFORTABLE CAROLINA Apartment House is a delightful place to live. Best location in the city, and a thoroughly modern building. Artesian water and good service. Apartments from $15.00 per month upward. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance Agents. jy9-1t

PHENOLAX WAFERS—HAVE COME back to normal—10 cents per dozen, 80 cents per hundred. Phone James M. Hall, Druggist. jy9-1t*

PAPER HANGING ARTISTICALLY done, and house-painting of quality. That's our reputation. We carry a nice line of wall decorations. C. H. Crockett, 223 Market. 'Phone 771. jy9-1t*

FOR SALE — ABOUT 100 HEAD FINest hogs in New Hanover county. If interested, call 1119-J. A. L. Mincy. jy9-1t*

THE SMITHSONIAN TRUSS IS SCIENtifically constructed. Holds ruptures that other trusses have failed to hold. The best guarantee ever given goes with it. Green's Drug Store, Agents. jy9-1t

FOR RENT — TWO NICELY FURNISHed bedrooms, southern exposure. Bath, telephone and other conveniences. Address "Rooms," care Star, or 'Phone 446. jy9-1t

TO GET THE MOST OUT OF PICTures you take, load your camera with Ansco Film and let us do your developing and printing. Camera Department, Green's Drug Store. jy9-1t

LADY FAIRFAX CANDIES ARE THE purest and cost delicious confections. Chocolates and Bon Bons and Assorted Chocolates. All one price; 50c the pound. Green's Drug Store, agents. jy9-1t

PALM BEACH SUITS CLEANED AND pressed like new, 35c.; suits pressed, 25c.; Panama hats cleaned, 50c. Work can't be beat. Try us. American Practical Hatter. 128 Market street. 'Phone 393-J. jy9-1t*

FOR RENT — FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, suitable for light housekeeping, with all modern conveniences. 'Phone 1461-J, 316 N. 4th st. jy9-1t*

PIANO TUNING — PLAYER PIANOS my specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed or no charge. M. S. Winner, 206 S. Front st., Wilmington, N. C. jy9-1t*

WANTED — FIRST CLASS CIRCULAR sawyer, twin engine, steam feed. None but a live one need apply. Babcock Lumber Co., Garland, N. C. jy9-4t*

FOR SALE—SURRY. RUBBER TIRED; practically new. Cheap for quick cash sale, or on terms. Address P. O. Box 546, or 'phone No. 822. jy9-1t*

LAWN MOWERS REPAIRED AND sharpened; trunks repaired; keys of all kinds fitted. Work guaranteed. A. D. Cashwell, 2nd and Market sts. 'Phone 711. jy9-1t*

FOR RENT — VERY DESIRABLE apartment, seven rooms, Fifth, between Dock and Orange. One of the best neighborhoods in the city. References exchanged. See us for particulars. D. R. Foster & Co., Phone 1220. jy 8-7t

ON ACCOUNT OF THE REMOVAL OF the Wilmington Furniture Co., I will have for rent from October the first, the stores 126-128 Princess street, and 19-21 North Second street, the Garrell Building, by F. A. Lord, agent. jy 8-tf

FOR RENT—UNTIL SEPTEMBER 30th furnished house, six rooms, electric lights and gas. Owner away for remainder of the summer. Prefer have house occupied. Terms reasonable. Address "H." care Star. jy 8-1t*

MACHINERY FOR SALE AT ATTRACtive prices: One 60 horse power boiler, return tubular; one 35 H. P. engine, center crank; one Lane saw mill, 32 feet carriage; one Perkins shingle machine; one three saw equalizer; two sets dust conveyor chains; also belts, pulleys and shafting; 4 good mules, road wagon and log carts. Anderson Shingle Co., Tabor, N. C. jy7-3t

REOPENED WEDNESDAY, JUNE 28— Chestnut Street Market Co. Full line of high grade Western and native meats. Fresh vegetables every morning. Country eggs and young chickens. Cut prices on all goods. 'Phone No. 194. G. E. Tilley, Mgr.; 809 Chestnut street. je27-tu,f,su-tf

CANTALOUPES, SELECTED, FANCY, very sweet, luscious and juicy; large crates. Send orders for self or friends. Wrapped, $1.25; unwrapped, $1.00; check with order. Reference, National Bank, Covington & Covington, Laurinburg, N. C. jy6-tf

WANTED AT ONCE — TO BUY OR rent seven miles second hand twenty-five pound rails, one seventeen ton second hand locomotive, two second hand park machines, one double drum tree rig skidder, ten log cars. All standard guage; must be in good condition. Write or wire, Box 1123, Wilmington, N. C. jy6-tf

RING 1738-W IF YOUR OLD MACHINE needs repairing. I can save you worry and money. I also have some extra good bargains in second hand sewing machines. All work guaranteed. J. M. Batson, agent, Singer Sewing Machine Co. jy 4-tu thu-su-tf

WANTED — TO BUY SOME CHEAP second hand bicycles. Queen City Cycle Co., 209 Market street. 'Phone 862. ap30-tf

DID YOU READ "THREE WEEKS," by Eleanor Glyn? You should read her latest one: "The Career of Katherine Bush," now running in the Cosmopolitan Magazine. 'Phone your orders to 745. Gordon Bros. my24-tf

DON'T WAIT. HAVE YOUR ROOF repaired and painted now. Prices right. 'Phone 431. Guaranteed work. Have a lot of good paint on hand. W. B. Klander; No. 8 South Second St. je28-tf

FOR SALE — 1,000 TONS 71-2 PER cent prime cotton seed meal, at a very low price. Wire me, collect, if you are interested; I can sell you. V. B. Sharpe, Maxton, N. C. mh9-tf

NOTICE — TO THE TRAVELING PUBlic, that we have the most complete line of leather suit cases and hand bags; also trunks, in the city, at Uncle Charles' Pawn Shop, No. 6 South Front st.; 'Phone 642. my10-tf

OLD NEWSPAPERS, SUITABLE FOR wrapping or placing under carpets, tied up in neat bundles and for sale at this office, 10 cents per hundred. mh 23-tf

QUALITY PRINTING; FACSIMILE EMbossing and engraving; multigraphing, typewriting; Notaries Public. Harriss Typewriting & Adv. Co. fe 17-tf

FOR SALE — CHEVROLET AUTOMObile; five-passenger touring car, in perfect condition; only used six weeks. Apply Einstein Bros., Front and Grace. je27-tf

WANTED — A FIRST CLASS SALESman traveling the Carolinas, to take a high grade 5c. Havana cigar as a side line, on commission. Thomas Warters, Rome, Ga. je27-15t

FOR SALE—SIX-ROOM COTTAGE AT Winter Park; water, sewerage and lights; located on highest spot in Park; just a hundred yards from station, between shell road and car line. Lot 99x240 feet. Has large barn, servants' quarters, and fruit trees. Address "Cottage," care Star. mh 23-tf

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN TYPEWRITers. Factory rebuilt and second hand. Supplies for all machines. Mail orders given prompt attention. Write for prices on anything you need in the typewriter line. Satisfaction guaranteed. B. W. Thacker, 814 Murchison Bank Building. je18-tf

LIMES AND LEMONS—JUST RECEIVed a nice stock, also fine North Carolina hams. Bear Produce & Mdse. Co., Phone 323. Wilmington, N. C. jy4-tf

WANTED — TIRED, HOT, SWEATY feet, to be treated with E. Z Feet. Highly antiseptic and results guaranteed. At all drug stores, 15 cents. je25-tf

FOR SALE—FOUR ROOM COTTAGE, new, Barnett avenue, Carolina Place. Walls papered; house wired. Price $850.00; terms, $150.00 cash, balance, $12.00 per month. Geo. B. Applewhite, 210 Princess street. jy9-1t

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY RESIdence and business property; also on good farms in the immediate vicinity. P. O. Box 1065, city. jy9-1t*

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD FURNIture very cheap. 211 North Sixth street. jy9-2t*

WANTED—GOOD SECOND HAND rubber tire buggy. Box No. 1, Willard, N. C. jy9-4t*

WANTED—SAXON ROADSTER CAR at a bargain. Address, G. C. Harrelson, Tabor, N. C., Box 26 jy9-1t

FOR RENT—FROM OCTOBER 1ST, 1916, 7 room apartment (upper) No. 223 South Fifth avenue; seven room apartment, (upper), No. 420 South Fifth avenue; 6 room apartment, (lower), No. 418 South Fifth avenue. All new, up-to-date and in first class condition. W. G. Whitehead, Phone 408-J or 229-J. jy9-1t

FOR SALE—MODERN FIVE ROOM cottage, Carolina avenue, Carolina Court, price $1,750.00; terms, $250.00 down; remainder, $20.00 per month. Geo. B. Applewhite, 210 Princess St. jy9-1t

WANTED—SALESMAL TRAVELING; salary and expenses or commission; must be active, ambitious, willing to learn; splendid opportunity; former experience not essential. Landmark Cigar Co., Denver, Pa. jy9-1t*

FOR SALE—JUNIPER SURF BOAT, 28 feet by 7 feet, 4 H. P. engine, fully equipped. Good condition. Price, $75.00. B. H. Bridgers, Garrell Bldg., or cottage 503, Beach. jy9-1t*

WANTED—COMPUTING SCALE, MEAT scale, iron safe, cash register, show case and other store fixtures. Must be cheap for cash. Address "Grocer," care Star. jy9-1t*

MANGANESE FOR SALE—AN INTERest in fine manganese property on ground floor basis. Apply to Oscar R. Riedisill, Oceanic Hotel, Wrightsville Beach. jy9-1t*

WANTED—MILLWRIGHT, ONE FAmiliar with wood working machinery and knows something about motors and electrical wiring. Apply in writing to Mengel Box Company, Winston-Salem, N. C. jy9-1t*

FOR SALE—BUNGALOW, JUST COMpleted, 5 rooms, all modern conveniences; built in book cases, china closet, etc., No. 2006 Pender avenue, Carolina Place. Let us show you this place; our price is reasonable, terms will be made to suit purchaser. Geo. B. Applewhite, 210 Princess street. jy9-1t

WANTED—TO HEAR FROM OWNER of farm or unimproved land for sale. O. K. Hawley, Baldwin, Wisconsin. jy 2-su-5t*

UNCLE SAM WANTS MEN, WOMEN, 18 or over as Government clerks. $75.00 per month. Write immediately for positions now obtainable. Franklin Institute, Dept. 296-P, Rochester, N. Y. je 18-su-4t*

LOW PRICES ON FRESH NATIVE meats; loin steak, round and porterhouse, 20 cents pound; good roast, 15 cents; chuck steak, 15 cents; rib stew, 12 cents; western pork chops, 22 1-2 cents. Sliced Bacon, 30 cents pound. Phone 495. R. L. Burton, Sixth and Nixon streets. je28-w,su,-tf

FOR SALE — ONE MILK COW WITH young calf; gives three to four gallons milk per day. For particulars, address R. J. Batson, R. F. D. Burgaw, N. C. jy7-6t*

WANT TO BUY AT ONCE A NUMBER of foxes; young or old; for cash. Address Mecklenburg Hunt Club, Chase City, Va. jy7-4t*

WANTED—YOUNG MAN IN OFFICE, with some experience in book-keeping. Address "T" care Star. jy 8-2t

DELIGHTFULLY COOL, LARGE BEDroom in private residence for rent; southwest exposure; within block of boarding houses and cafe. Address Attractive" care Star, or phone 1126-W. jy 8-tf

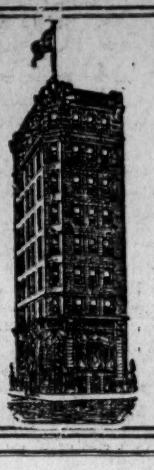
WATERMELONS; WATERMELONS; Watermelons! Just received carload. Send us your orders. Bear Produce & Mdse Co., Phone 323. Wilmington, N. C. jy 8-2t

FOR RENT—HOUSE, 318 NORTH Fourth street; upper floor, 7 rooms, all conveniences. Price $15.00 per month. Phone 1216-J. Apply 320 North Fourth. jy 8-2t

SWEET CREAM AND MILK FOR SALE —Pine Grove Dairy Farm. Adolph G. Ahrens, proprietor. 'Phone 936. my28-tf

WOOD MANTELS AT FACTORY prices. Cement garden vases, very cheap. J. F. McVey, 324 S. Front st. jy9-1t*

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN DESIRES position as stenographer. Address, "C. L. Z." care Star jy 8-2t*



4%

Interest Paid On Savings Deposits.....

American Bank & Trust Co.

Wilmington, N. C.

STATEMENT CONDITION —THE— MURCHISON NATIONAL BANK OF WILMINGTON, N. C., AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS JUNE 30th, 1916.

Resources:		Liabilities:	
Loans and Discounts	$4,782,623.56	Capital Stock	$1,000,000.00
U. S. Bonds (at par)	602,500.00	Surplus and Net Profits	694,045.44
Bank Building	480,000.00	Circulation	550,000.00
Bonds and other Securities	284,150.00	Special Deposit Bonds	15,000.00
Liquidation Account Southern National Bank	38,193.16	Rediscounts	140,000.00
Cash and Due by Banks	1,456,338.05	Bills Payable	100,000.00
		Deposits	5,138,756.33
	$7,637,804.77		$7,637,804.77

DEPOSITS

JUNE 30, 1914 .... $4,513,508.06 JUNE 30, 1915 .... $4,917,131.73

JUNE 30, 1916 .... $5,138,759.33

H. C. McQUEEN, President J. V. GRAINGER, Vice-President. J. W. YATES, Vice-President. C. S. GRAINGER, Cashier. M. F. ALLEN, Assistant Cashier. W. S. JOHNSON, Assistant Cashier. J. V. GRAINGER, Jr., Assistant Cashier.

METALS

All Metals Are Scarce, and Market Advancing.

However, we bought a good supply some time ago, and can serve our customers promptly.

Iron, Steel, Brass, Copper, Babbit, Aluminum and Zinc

Call, Phone, Wire or Write Today

Wilmington Iron Works "The Iron Men"

"Custom" Window Screen Frames

This frame is made heavy and substantial, from selected white pine or basswood. Size of sticks, ⅞x1¼ inches. The side pieces are grooved in the outer edges. Slide-sticks for fastening to the window casings are furnished; also raised mouldings for covering the edge of the wire cloth; and all necessary nails, corner irons and lifts.

The construction is very simple and the frame is easily put together, and when made up looks like a regular custom or made to order screen. Directions with each one.

	Wide	High
No. 3642 Basswood	Size 36	x42 in.
No. 3648 Basswood	Size 36	x48 in.
No. 4242 Basswood	Size 42	x42 in.
No. 4848 Basswood	Size 48	x48 in.

(Packed two dozen in a crate.)

N. Jacobi Hardware Company

10 and 12 South Front Street

Have You Read "THE GOLDEN HOPE"?

—by— GRACE SARTWELL MASON

A Stirring Romance, with the Irresistible Charm of the West Woven Into Every Line.

PRICE: $1.35 NET.

C. W. YATES COMPANY

117 MARKET ST.

COTTON

CONSIGN COOPER COTTON

W. B. COOPER & CO.

Wilmington, N. C.

SPRING CHICKENS; SPRING CHICKENS—Nice large spring chickens, 3 for $1.00. Extra choice country butter, 30c pound; sweetest cantaloupes in city; large red peaches, 30c four-quart basket; all kind of fresh meats. Call us up. All orders delivered promptly. Phone 72. Batson's Meat Market. 115 Market St. jy 8-1t